

Trent Institute for Learning & Teaching

Wednesday, 13 June

Jonathan Ball Jessie Johnson

Agenda

 An introduction to design 	15 minutes
2. Alternative Worlds	15 minutes
3. Framework for Innovation	20 minutes
4. Exploring your challenge	30 minutes
5. Identifying Stakeholders	30 minutes
Break	15 minutes
6. Your vision	20 minutes
7. Pitching and Critiquing	15 minutes
8. Open discussion	20 minutes
9. Wrap up	5 minutes

Design improves lives

Responding to national challenges



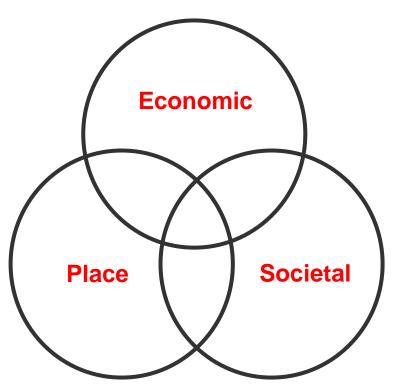
Housing numbers



Green belt versus brownfield



Infrastructure digital and physical





Economic growth

Planning as a balance of conservation and growth



Teaching and learning



Employment



Demographics

People living alone and later access to home ownership



Health and wellbeing

inactivity in society



Ageing population

Impact on the built environment



Inclusivity and community engagement







Case study: Whittington Hospital Pharmacy

The challenge

"We knew the experience of our pharmacy could be improved, and that it was vital to involve the hospital's patients in that process."

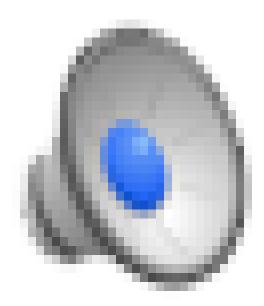
Chief Pharmacist, Dr. Helen Taylor

Patient experience: Entered the pharmacy often feeling unwell and anxious; feelings only exacerbated by long waiting times and lack of communication.

Clinician experience: Under pressure, out of sight, with limited patient interaction, creating low morale and lack of confidence in making an impact on patient's health.







Before...



After



2. Alternative Worlds



Activity

Design Method: Alternative Worlds



What?

Alternative worlds

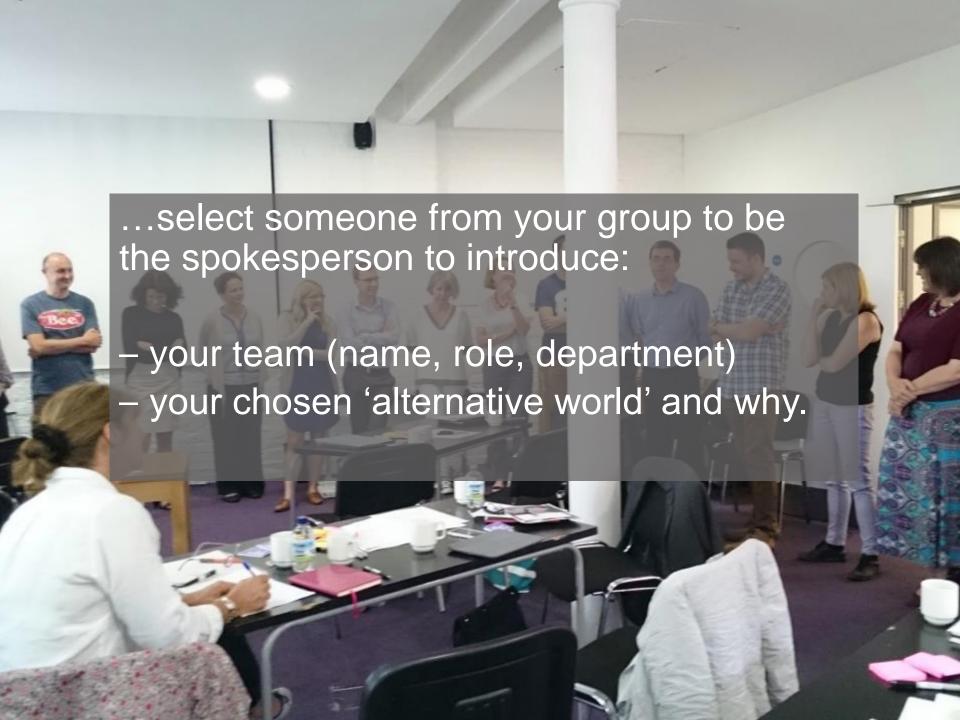
Why?

Challenges you to look at other successful organisations, groups and how they would approach a given issue.

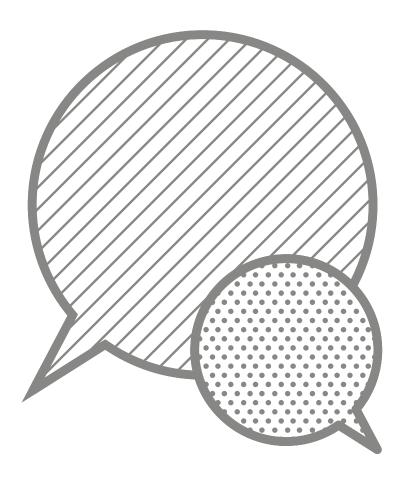
How?

As a team: Choose and discuss one service experience you love, something that is not in your domain. An 'Alternative World' that you think could inspire you.

Selection one person in your team as your spokesperson.



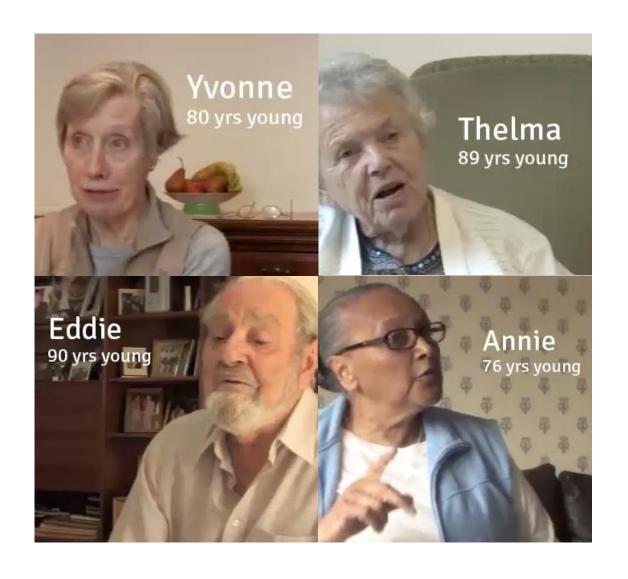
Feedback



3. Framework for Innovation



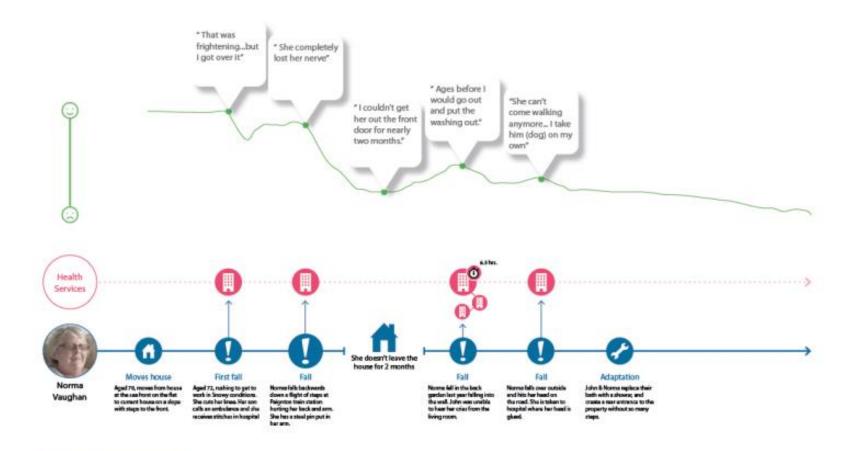
1. Being people centred





2. Communicating (visually)

User Journey



A bit about Norma

Age: 80 yrs young
Home: Lives in a small bungalow with

her husband John (82). Health: Arthritis & Emphysema

3. Collaborate & Co-create







4. Iterate, iterate, iterate...









4. Exploring the Challenge

Activity

Design methods: Whys & Hows?

Problem Statements



What?

A way of testing that a challenge is the right one to address

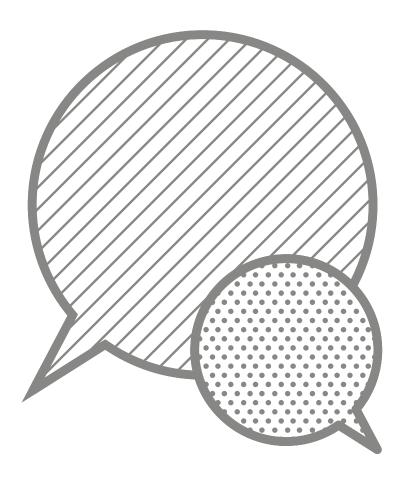
Why?

Often projects begin without first checking that the challenge is the right one to address or well described

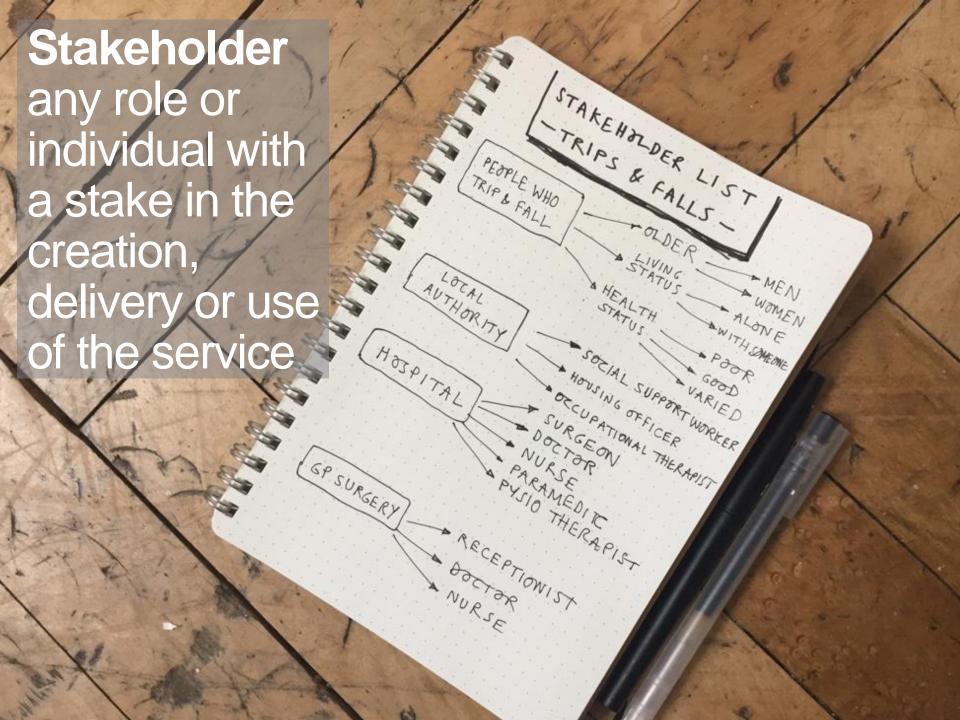
How?

- 1. Bearing the challenge statement in mind;
- 2. Ask "Why?"; write the response on a Post-it; repeat
- 3. Ask "How?"; write the response on a Post-it; repeat
- 4. Cluster the Post-its
- 5. Write three problem statements, with a small, medium, long term goal

Feedback



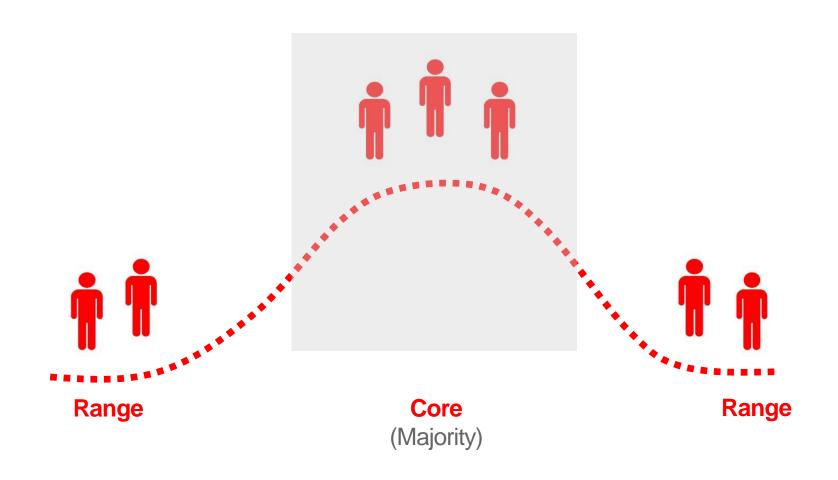
5. Identifying Stakeholders



People in the System

- Who pays for it?
- Who uses it that day?
- Who delivers it to the customer?
- Who explains it to the customer?
- Who commissioned it?
- Who designs it?
- Who distributes it?
- Who installs it?
- Who looks after it if it goes wrong?
- Who updates it?

Extreme users



Activity

Design Method: Stakeholder list



What?

A complete list of any role or individual with a stake in the creation, delivery or use of the service

Why?

Helps develop a common understanding within your team of the full breadth of stakeholders, to help identify the focus of user research

How?

- 1. Discuss who you think your stakeholders might be.
- Use one Post-It note for each stakeholder draw pictures, not words
- 3. Identify any extreme users

6. Your Vision

Activity

Design Method: Cover story mock-up



What?

A 'made-up' newspaper front page describing the successful implementation of an idea and the impact it had in the future

Why?

A great way to build excitement around your idea and explain the need or benefit by imaging the impact of its creation

How?

- 1. Create a Cover Story Mock-up for one of your ideas
- 2. Give your idea a catchy title
- 3. Give it a one sentence headline to grab everybody's attention
- Draw an image to describe your vision how success will be reported in five to ten years time
- 5. Describe the
 - challenge overcome
 - description of the solution
 - impact and a personal quote

Choose one person in your team to give a 1 minute pitch of your cover story

theguardian

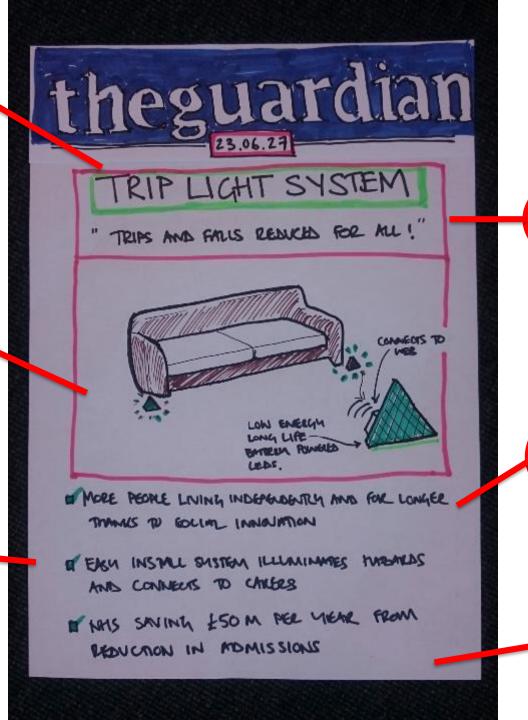
TRIP LIGHT SYSTEM "TRIPS AND FALLS REDUCED FOR ALL!" LONG ENGELYM LONG LIFE PATTERN ROMERED LEDS.

- MORE PEOPLE LIVING INDEPENDENTLY AND FOR LONGER THANKS TO EDICIAL INNOVATION
- AND CONNECTS TO CAREES
- WHIS SAVING £50 M PER YEAR FROM
 REDUCTION IN MOMISSIONS

'Catchy' Idea Name

Explanatory Image(s)

Overview of solution



Headline Grabber

Challenge tackled

Impact

7. Pitching and Critiquing

Activity

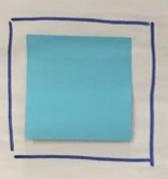
Design Method: Rose Thorn Bud



RUSE, THORN, BUD



= POSITIVE STRENGTH



= NEGATIVE

WEAKNESS/THREAT



= HAS POTENTIAL OPPORTUNITY

What?

A way of visually categorising feedback as positive, negative and has potential.

Why?

Accelerates the organising, sharing and interpretation of information.

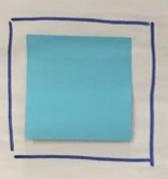
How?

- 1. Using the ROSE/THORN/BUD technique, capture relevant feedback on the appropriate coloured post-it
- 2. Remember one idea per post-it

RUSE, THORN, BUD



= POSITIVE STRENGTH



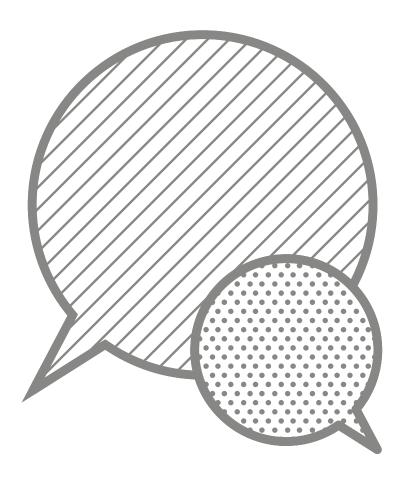
= NEGATIVE

WEAKNESS/THREAT



= HAS POTENTIAL OPPORTUNITY

Feedback



8. Open discussion / Q&A

How can design help NTU?

9. Wrap Up



Thank you!

Jessie.Johnson@designcouncil.org.uk