

Nottingham Trent University

Consolidated and University

Financial Statements

as at

31 July 2021

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Operating and Financial Review

STRATEGY: UNIVERSITY, REIMAGINED

The University's Strategy builds on its recent success and is bold and distinctive. It seeks to reimagine NTU under six key Strategic Themes, five of which have been carried forward from the previous strategy. The Themes have the following ambitions for where we will be by 2025:

Creating Opportunity

Through pursuing personalisation of student experience above and beyond expectations, every student has the potential to develop the knowledge, skills and resilience they seek to create meaning and purpose in their lives. Our global community of lifelong learners has access to flexible courses of equal quality to our celebrated campus provision. Our delivery of social mobility through parity of outcomes has bestowed international recognition.

Valuing Ideas

We have defined, resourced, and promoted a compelling portfolio of world-class research and innovation. We have created new ways for collaborators to share in the spirit of creativity and curiosity that characterises our research, scholarship, and practice.

Enriching Society

We are a widely acknowledged force for good in economic, social and cultural development. We collaborate with those who like us want to address the key challenges of our times and our places.

Embracing Sustainability

We have curated an intergenerational conversation with our students, colleagues, and stakeholders and are recognised as the most environmentally responsible University in the UK.

Connecting Globally

We have gained renown for our truly global perspective. We are not restricted by borders or boundaries. We work together to deepen and share our insights and understanding of our world for the benefit of the planet and all its inhabitants.

Empowering People

Distinctive and disruptive, we have empowered people to do the right thing. We have been bold in exploring unfamiliar paths and pursuing novel solutions.

University, reimagined was developed through an extensive series of conversations and consultation with colleagues and has been reviewed in the context of the pandemic by the University Executive Team. The rapid move to remote teaching, learning, assessment and working has accelerated aspects of the Strategy, including the University's use of digital technology and the building of digital skills. We have placed considerable emphasis on ensuring staff are well supported through a period of rapid change.

Delivering *University, reimagined* will involve work from across the University. Each department of the University has developed a set of ambitious 'commitments' that it is making to the achievement of the Strategy for 2025 and has developed associated action plans.

Given the disruption caused by Covid-19 the focus of the initial departmental action plans for 2020/21 have been on the related areas of:

- Delivering more flexible and blended teaching, learning, assessment and wider student support and experience [Creating Opportunity Strategic Theme]; and
- Supporting our colleagues, including those working remotely now and into the future [Empowering People Strategic Theme].

In 2019 NTU embarked on a plan to bring Higher Education to school leavers in the Mansfield and Ashfield area, and invested in a partnership with West Nottinghamshire College to deliver higher education from the College's main campus in Mansfield. Not only will we be offering education that will support and shape a prosperous future for the local economy, this development will also enable us to play a role in creating initiatives that will transform the towns over the next ten years.

CORPORATE AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Nottingham Trent University is a leader in corporate responsibility (CR), global citizenship and sustainable business practices. Commitment to our students, customers, staff, partners, communities and the environment is an integral part of the way we work. Operating with integrity and transparency, our aim is to embed CR throughout the organisation, integrating it with corporate strategy, decision making and risk assessment.

Every year, hundreds of our students volunteer to work in schools, colleges and community organisations, primarily in deprived areas where progression rates into university are lower than average. The students help to raise pupil aspiration and attainment and support local community groups, whilst developing their own skills and enhancing their experience at university.

Commitment to environmental sustainability is a key part of our strategy. NTU holds the externally-accredited Eco Campus Platinum and ISO 14001 status for its environmental performance and practices. We continue to maintain a leading position in the People & Planet Green League, in which we are ranked as a "First Class" University.

NTU helps to stimulate economic growth and development in the region through a number of initiatives including The Dryden Enterprise Centre, through participation in a wide range of public events and provision of business services.

PRINCIPAL CORPORATE RISKS

Principal corporate risks are included as a standing agenda item each week at the meetings of the University Executive Team (UET) and are formally reviewed quarterly. This is part of an institution-wide Risk Management framework which has been developed and refined over a number of years. The Audit and Risk Management Committee has responsibility for ensuring that risk management systems are embedded and effective.

REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

Legal status

Nottingham Trent University is a Higher Education Corporation (HEC) established under the provisions of the Education Reform Act 1988. The powers of the University are specified in section 124 of that Act and further articulated in the Further and Higher Education Act 1992.

Charitable status

As a HEC, the University has exempt charitable status (which derives from the Charities Act 1993 and its successor legislation). It is subject to regulation by the Office for Students (OfS) as the Principal Regulator of those Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in England (17/18 and 19/20 paragraph 12d).

The members of the Board of Governors are also the Trustees of the University for the purposes of charity law.

Scope of the financial statements

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) for the Further and Higher Education Sector 2019 and FRS102, and in accordance with the accounts direction set out by OfS in its role as Principal Regulator for exempt-charity Higher Education Institutions in England.

The Financial Statements comprise the consolidated results of the University and its wholly owned subsidiary companies as follows:

- Nottingham Consultants Limited undertakes those activities which, for legal or commercial reasons, are more appropriately channelled through a limited company;
- Nottingham Conference Centre Limited provides conference and catering facilities for external clients;
- Nottingham Law School Legal Advice Centre Limited provides legal advice and information services to the local community and individuals in need, whilst providing practical experience to law students;
- Nova Centric Limited provides further and higher education courses in music, multi-media and communication;
- Confetti Constellations Limited provides education facilities and services for music, multi-media and communications courses, including the design, consultancy, supply and installation services for the provision of music, moving image, IT equipment and furniture;
- NTU Temporary Staff Limited provides temporary staff to the University;
- MTIF (BEZ) Limited provides goods, services and equipment to and for the University's medical technologies innovation facility; and
- Notts TV Limited provides a local broadcast service to the Nottingham area.

All subsidiaries covenant the whole of any distributable taxable profits to the University, except for Nova Centric Limited which is a charitable company.

The University sold its investment in BioCity Group Limited on 29th March 2021. The consolidated results include the University's share of the net assets of BioCity Group Limited until this date.

FINANCIAL REPORT

Financial sustainability was already a key foundation for the Strategy but has become a more significant focus in the light of the Covid-19.

A number of scenarios were modelled for 2020/21 and resilience testing performed. Some 85% of total income relates to student fees and therefore modelling focussed primarily on student enrolments. Following the start of the autumn term it became clear the more cautious models on student enrolments, on which expenditure budgets were based, would not materialise. The University exceeded targets for home student enrolments and grew materially on 2019/20, and, whilst international enrolments were below normal levels, they were considerably above forecast models. Operating costs were lower throughout the year with little on-campus activity, and exceptional Covid-19 costs were within planned costs.

Consequently, the University has delivered a strong financial performance in the year, producing an operating cash inflow of £89 million. The surplus for the year of £29 million includes accounting adjustments for pensions of £28 million which are based on an actuarial valuation at year end.

In addition to the strong financial controls put in place in response to Covid-19, capital programmes were also delayed, resulting in an increase in cash in the year.

The high level of cash generation enables significant investment in the delivery of our Strategic Plan and in facilities and equipment to support teaching and research.

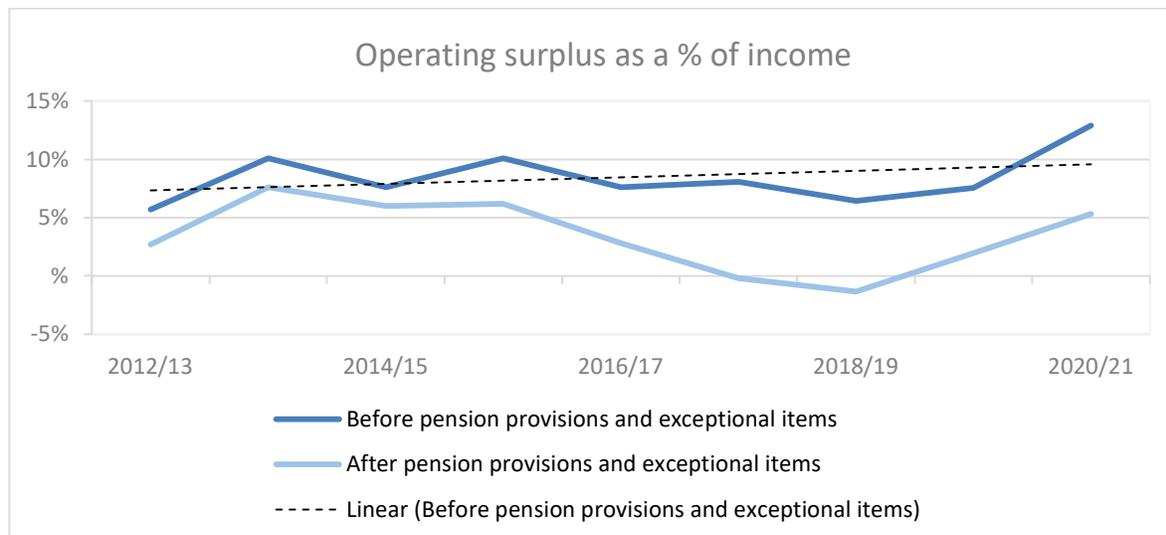
Income and Expenditure Account

The table below is a summary of the Income and Expenditure Account:

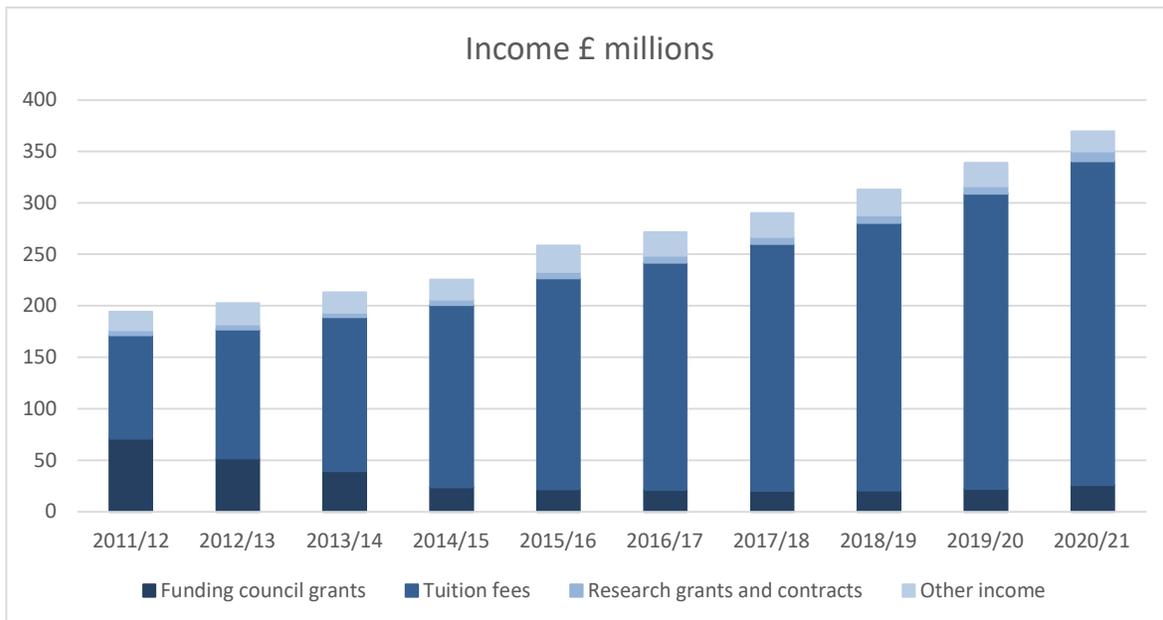
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>
Income	369.5	339.1	313.0	290.3	271.8
Expenditure	(321.8)	(313.5)	(292.9)	(266.8)	(250.5)
Surplus before pension adjustments and other gains/losses	47.7	25.6	20.1	23.5	21.3
FRS102 pension operating and finance costs	(28.0)	(19.0)	(24.3)	(17.1)	(13.6)
Exceptional items		-	-	(6.9)	-
Operating surplus/(deficit)	19.7	6.7	(4.2)	(0.6)	7.7
Other gains/losses	9.3	(0.4)	(0.2)	0.7	(0.4)
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	29.0	6.3	(4.4)	0.2	7.3

The surplus of £29 million represents 7.9% of income. Before pension provisions and other gains and losses the surplus is £47.7 million, 12.9% of income. Pension cost accounting adjustments relate primarily to the LGPS scheme. Actual contributions paid to the scheme, including deficit contributions, are £11.8 million. The accounting adjustments are in addition to contributions and are driven by factors such as the current year and prior year discount rate and pension increase assumptions, as well as return on net assets.

The trend in operating surplus is shown in the chart.

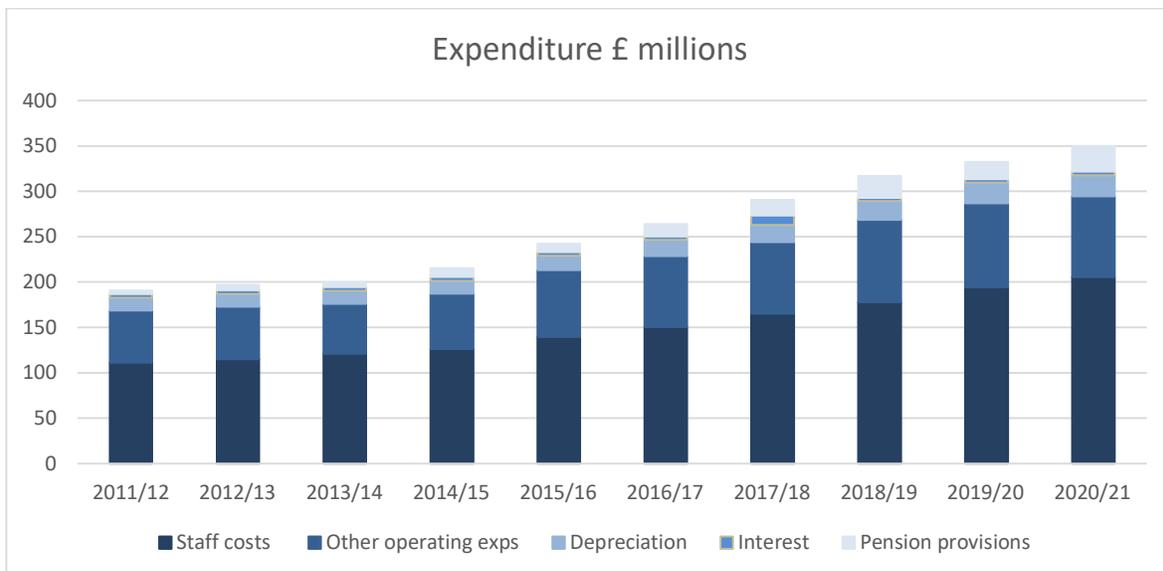


Income has grown by 9% year on year and by 36% over the last four years. Income from tuition fees represents 85% of total income. Since 2009/10 funding council grant income has decreased by almost £53 million and now accounts for 7% of total income.



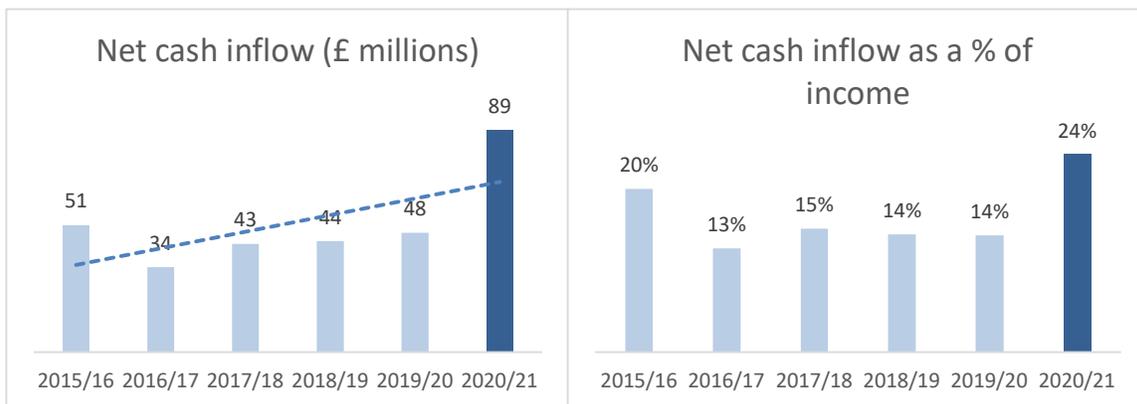
Expenditure in 2020/21 has increased by 5%. This increase in expenditure is due to growth in student numbers, higher pension contributions, as well as planned investment to support the implementation of the Strategic Plan.

Staff costs excluding pension operating cost adjustments represent 56% of total income (57% 2019/20).



Cash Flow

The University sets a minimum 10% Net Cash Inflow from Operations target as the key financial performance indicator. This target has been established to ensure investment capacity is created and to provide a sustainable financial model. In 2020/21 a net cash inflow from operations of £89 million and 24% of income was achieved, exceeding the long-term financial plan target and historic performance levels. The current financial year is forecast to deliver more typical results.



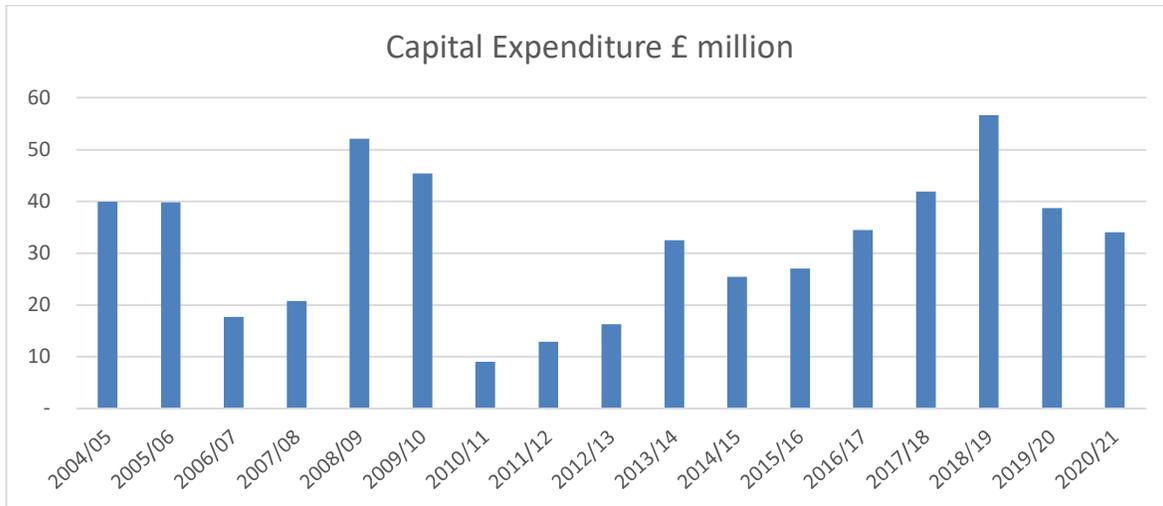
The treasury management policy prioritises security over returns and is formally reviewed annually by the Board of Governors. The University maintains a firm policy with regard to debtors. In respect of creditors, the University ensures prompt payment of suppliers and, subject to any other agreed contractual conditions, will normally make payment within 30 days following the date of invoice.

Balance Sheet

Net Assets excluding Pension Provisions have increased by £56 million due to strong financial performance and cash generation.

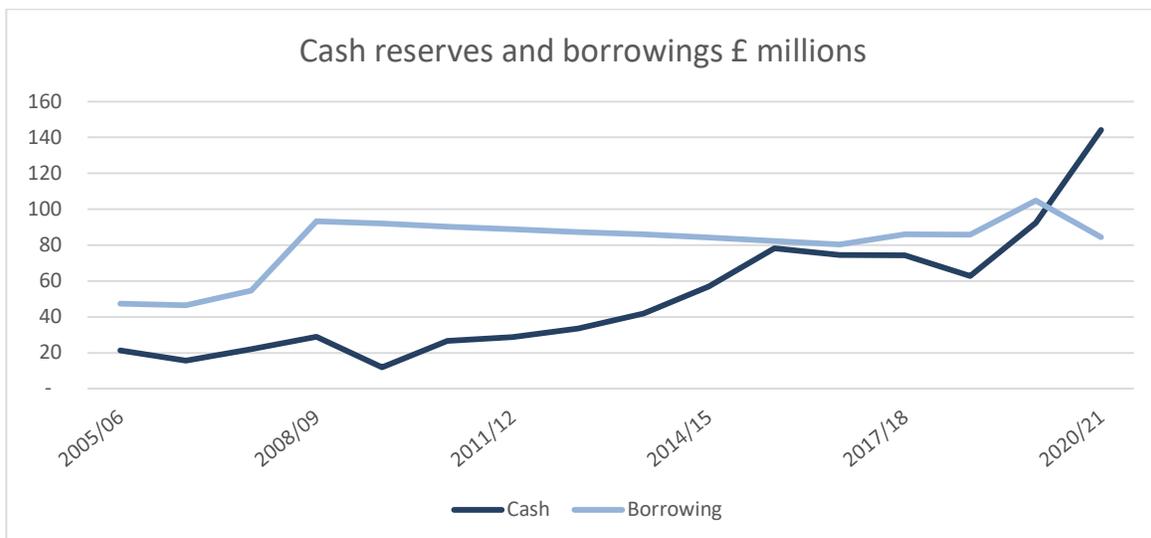
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>
Non-current Assets	465.9	457.9	443.3	405.4	380.9
Current Assets (non-cash)	20.0	22.8	23.7	21.8	17.5
Cash and short-term deposits	144.2	92.4	62.9	74.4	74.5
Current Liabilities	(57.4)	(66.6)	(50.7)	(43.5)	(38.6)
Net Current Assets	106.8	48.6	35.9	52.7	53.4
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	572.7	506.6	479.2	458.1	434.3
Loans	(84.3)	(84.5)	(85.4)	(85.8)	(77.9)
Deferred capital grants	(69.6)	(62.5)	(58.8)	(56.5)	(55.1)
Provisions (exc Pensions)	(4.0)	(1.0)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(2.8)
Net Assets excluding Pension Provision	414.8	358.5	334.1	314.9	298.5
Pension Provisions	(402.8)	(370.9)	(240.3)	(187.6)	(206.4)
Net (Liabilities)/Assets	12.0	(12.3)	93.8	127.3	92.1

The University has an ongoing estates investment and regeneration programme to support the delivery of teaching, research and student facilities. A further £34.4 million has been invested in 2020/21, and financial plans include continued investment.

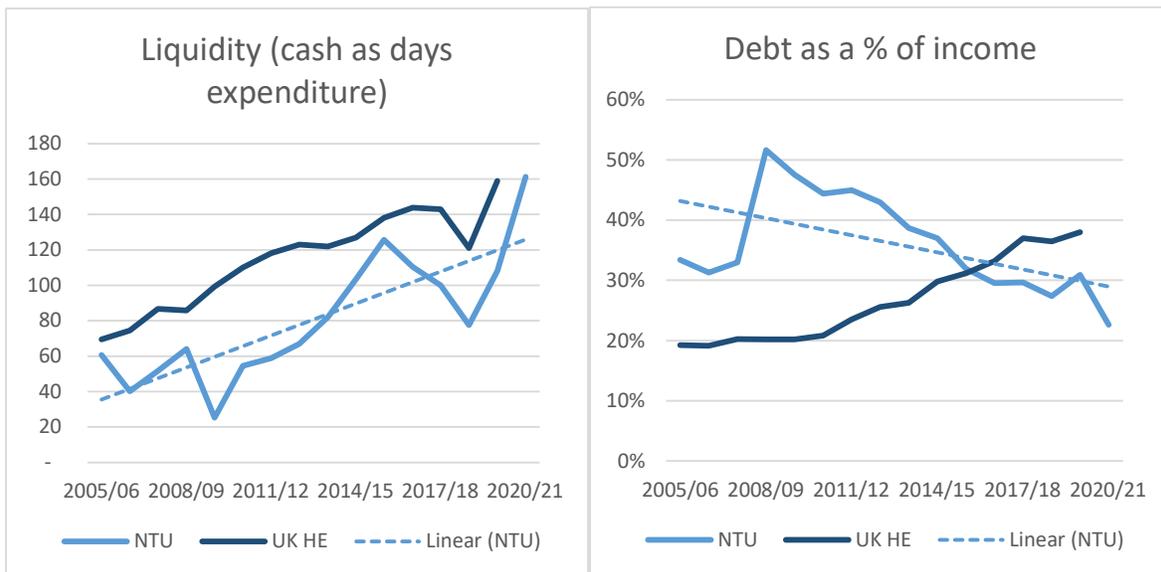


The initial phases of the regeneration programme were supported through borrowing in addition to disposal proceeds, working capital and cash reserves. Subsequent capital expenditure has been funded through cash generated.

Cash reserves increased by £51.8m during 2020/21, due to a strong financial performance and sale of investments.



At 31 July 2021 cash reserves represent 161 days liquidity. Borrowing is £84 million, 23% of income. The current liquidity position is in line with sector average and borrowing levels remain positive compared to sector.



For accounting purposes, in accordance with accounting standard FRS 102, the actuary to the Nottinghamshire LGPS, the Nottinghamshire County Council Pension Fund (NCCPF), is required to calculate the present value of future pension obligations and compare this to the value of the assets owned by the pension scheme.

All organisations with defined benefit pension schemes have to use the same methodology, ensuring financial statements are produced on a consistent basis and pension liability calculations for accounting purposes are comparable.

The present value of future obligations is calculated by the scheme actuaries using a discount rate linked to the investment performance of the Merrill Lynch AA-rated corporate bond yield. Low returns for a number of years for this asset class have resulted in low discount rates and therefore a higher present value of future obligations, leading to large pension deficit liabilities appearing on the Balance Sheets of organisations with defined benefit pension schemes.

The majority of the Pension Provision (96%) relates to the Nottinghamshire County Council Pension Fund (NCCPF). At the triennial valuation date of 31 March 2019 the actuaries reported, for the NTU part of the fund, a funding level of 92.2% (88.5% in 2016), and a decrease in the funding deficit from £25.7m to £23.9m.

The accounting standard that dictates a methodology for inclusion of pension liabilities on balance sheets is more prudent and continues to show a material deficit. This has increased in 2020/21 due to actuarial assumptions, primarily a lower discount rate and the impact of triennial valuation which results in an adjustment for differences between actuarial assumptions and actual experience over the period between valuations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Structure and operation

The University's Board of Governors comprises lay/independent, co-opted and staff members appointed in accordance with the Instrument and Articles of Government of the University. All of the lay/independent members are non-executive. The roles of Chair and Deputy Chair of the Board are separated from the role of the University's Chief Executive, the Vice-Chancellor.

Matters specifically reserved to the Board of Governors for decision are set out in the Articles of Government of the University and the Office for Students terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions.

The Board of Governors meets at least four times a year and has established several Committees, including a Membership and Nominations Committee, a Remuneration Committee, an Employment Policy Committee, an Audit and Risk Management Committee, a Strategy, Policy, Finance and Resources Committee, and an Academic Assurance and Regulation Committee. All of these Committees are formally constituted with terms of reference and comprise members of the Board of Governors and (where appropriate) co-opted non-Governor members with relevant skills and expertise. Minutes of the meetings of the Committees, along with reports from the Committees on specific issues, are submitted to the Board of Governors.

The Board of Governors has adopted the Governance Code of Practice published by the Committee of University Chairs (CUC), which was updated in September 2020. The Board of Governors seeks to organise and conduct its affairs in accordance with the principles of good practice articulated in that Code, and believes that, in all material respects, its conduct does accord with those principles. The Board of Governors and the University's Executive Team has also had due regard to the general and supplementary guidance on public benefit published by the Charity Commission in exercising their powers and duties.

The Board of Governors has adopted the CUC Higher Education Remuneration Code and an annual report on remuneration is prepared for review by the Board.

Primary responsibilities of the Board of Governors

In accordance with its various legislative and regulatory obligations, the Board of Governors of the University is responsible for:

- Approving the mission and strategic vision of the institution, its long-term academic and business plans and key performance indicators, and ensuring that these meet the interests of stakeholders;
- Delegating authority to the Vice-Chancellor (as chief executive and head of the institution) for the academic, corporate, financial, estate and personnel management of the institution;
- Ensuring the establishment and monitoring of systems of control and accountability, including financial and operational controls and risk assessment;
- Ensuring that processes are in place to monitor and evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the institution against its plans and approved key performance indicators;
- Establishing processes to monitor and evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the governing body itself;
- Appointing the Vice-Chancellor, as chief executive, and putting in place suitable arrangements for monitoring his/her performance;
- Appointing a Clerk to the governing body and ensuring that, if the person appointed has managerial responsibilities in the institution, there is an appropriate separation in the lines of accountability;

- Acting as the employing authority for all staff in the institution and ensuring the establishment of an appropriate human resources strategy;
- Ensuring that appropriate provisions are in place for the general welfare and discipline of students;
- Safeguarding the institution's assets, property and estate, and its reputation and values; and
- Approving the annual budget and financial statements, and publishing audited financial statements for each financial year.

In respect of its obligations for financial management issues, the Board of Governors is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the University and the group and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Education Reform Act, the Statement of Recommended Practice Accounting for Further and Higher Education and relevant accounting standards.

In addition, Office for Students terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions and in accordance with other relevant regulatory obligations, the Board of Governors is required to ensure (through its designated office holder) that financial statements are prepared for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the University and the group and of the surplus or deficit and cash flows for that year.

In causing the financial statements to be prepared, the Board of Governors has ensured that:

- suitable accounting policies are selected and applied consistently;
- judgements and estimates are made that are reasonable and prudent;
- applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the University and the group will continue in operation.

The Board of Governors has taken reasonable steps to:

- ensure that funds from OfS and other funding bodies are used only for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Office for Students Terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions or other relevant regulatory agreements between the University and the respective funding bodies;
- ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
- safeguard the assets of the University and the group and prevent and detect fraud; and
- secure the economical, efficient, and effective management of the University and the group's resources and expenditure.

Delivery of public benefit

Through a diverse range of innovative, enterprising and pioneering activity across NTU, the University is positively enhancing the experience of both our students and colleagues, and further impacting on our position within the local community, nationally and globally.

The University's ambition is for all NTU students to excel in developing the knowledge, skills, and resilience to play the positive role in society they envisage for themselves. By integrating the development of intellectual capability, vocational skills, work experience and personal insight into the design of all NTU courses we will enable all students to personalise their learning, combining theoretical rigour, practical relevance, and personal development.

At NTU, we employ around 4,000 people in the local community. However, the activities that we lead through enterprise support programmes have generated over 6,000 additional jobs amongst local businesses, especially within small and medium enterprises (SMEs). We have also part-funded over 500 placements within SMEs.

NTU plays a leading role in the social, cultural, economic and environmental development of the City, East Midlands and UK. By developing strategic relationships with civic and commercial partners we are able to engage with a wide range of organisations in order to enhance their prospects and those of our students:

- The Dryden Enterprise Centre is NTU's new space for entrepreneurs, founders, SMEs and start-ups to start, grow and scale
- Our campus is home to the Institute of Director's (IoD) regional office
- The Legal Advice Centre, part of Nottingham Law School, offers a specialist Business and Enterprise service to provide free legal advice and support to local businesses
- We help local businesses and authorities understand how to improve their impact on local growth and measure progress
- Over 900 small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs) have engaged in our support programmes, with £6.5m of public funds for SMEs also accessed through NTU
- We have worked with over 700 businesses and entrepreneurs to develop and launch new products and services
- We have supported our students and graduates to create over 500 new businesses since 2001, with over 85% of them surviving for more than three years
- Student and graduate-led businesses, supported by our business incubator - The Hive - currently employ over 800 people in the local community.

Our Universities for Nottingham initiative, a collaboration with the University of Nottingham, details our Civic Engagement Plan for the next five years. It is deliberately focused on a number of measures, which will be delivered by the universities and the other signatories to help drive economic revival and protect jobs. For example, over the next three years, both universities will continue to work in collaboration with the D2N2 Local Enterprise Partnership, both Councils and other partners to deliver SME and enterprise programmes, which will now be aligned to local COVID-19 recovery plans to support more than 2,000 businesses and create over 1,000 new jobs.

NTU is committed to supporting the economic development of the region and works closely with Local Enterprise Partnership, D2N2, on projects such as The Big House programme, which aims to support businesses within the creative and digital sector – seen as a key source of economic growth for both the region and the country. The University's series of Elevator workshops provided small to medium sized businesses in Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire with tailored sessions focused on disciplines such as marketing and writing business proposals to help them expand.

Promoting internationalisation and attracting talented students from around the world is a key part of NTU's global ambitions. As an international University, we nurture global citizenship, engage with the international research community, and attract talented students and staff from around the world, providing a vibrant multinational learning community. NTU offers international students a rich, varied learning experience and in turn encourages our home students to learn from them and enjoy the cultural experience they can bring.

As well as an economic impact, NTU also plays an active role in the cultural life of the city, with strategic partnerships with a range of local organisations such as the Creative Quarter Company, Nottingham Playhouse, and the New Art Exchange.

Statement of Internal Control

This statement relates to the University's arrangements for the prevention and detection of corruption, fraud, bribery and other irregularities for the financial year to 31 July 2021 and the period up to the date of approval of these audited financial statements.

The Board of Governors is responsible for ensuring that a sound system of internal control is maintained. It has reviewed the effectiveness of these arrangements.

The principal results of risk identification, risk evaluation and the management review of the effectiveness of the arrangements are reported to, and reviewed by, the Board.

During the year the Audit and Risk Management Committee received regular reports on internal control and risk. Risk is identified and managed at both strategic and operational level. It is an ongoing process linked to the University's objectives.

University Executive Team risk theme leads are responsible for ensuring that controls are in place and high level risks are managed appropriately within the ten strategic risk themes.

These are reviewed and reported on a quarterly basis to the University Executive Team and biannually to the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The Executive Deans and Heads of Professional Services are accountable for the management of operational risks, which are reviewed by local management teams on a quarterly basis. The University Executive Team is provided with an oversight of operational risks through biannual professional service and school reviews.

High scoring operational risks are escalated and reported to the Audit and Risk Management Committee via risk theme reports. The Chief Operating Officer and Registrar is accountable for the risk management function, supported by the Head of Risk Management and Business Continuity. Local risk leads support the identification and reporting of operational risks.

The approach to internal control is risk-based. It includes an evaluation of the likelihood and impact of risks becoming a reality.

Review procedures cover business, operational, compliance and financial risk.

Risk assessment and internal control are embedded in ongoing operations.

The University's external and internal auditors operate in accordance with the requirements of the Audit Code of Practice (as part of the Office for Students terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions). As such they report regularly to the University's Audit and Risk Management Committee on the improvement of the internal control environment and the University's performance in the delivery of value for money.

It is the Board's opinion that during the financial year and after the year end but before the signing of these financial statements, no significant internal control weaknesses or failures have arisen that should be disclosed.

Membership of the Board of Governors

Members of the Board of Governors are also the Trustees of the University for the purposes of charity law.

The members of the Board (the Trustees) who served at any time during the financial year to July 2021 and until the date the financial statements were formally approved were:

Independent and External Co-opted Governors

Mr N Goulden, Chair
Baroness D Warwick, Deputy Chair
Mr M Dayal (appointed 1 January 2021)
Mr N Ebbs
Mr I Ellis
Dr A Emuwa (appointed 1 January 2021)
Mrs S Fish
Ms L Holder
Mr G Love
Mr J Maier (retired 30 September 2021)
Miss J Nelson
Sir D Nicholson (retired 16 September 2021)
Mrs S Walker-Smith
Ms C Wayman
Mr D Williams
Dr D Wilson (appointed 1 September 2021)
Mr O Woodley

Academic Board member

Ms A Brown

Student nominee

Mr C Naughton (appointed 1 August 2020)

Professional Services staff member

Mrs S V Mürcott (appointed 1 July 2021)
Ms C Brown (retired 16 February 2021)

Vice-Chancellor

Professor E W Peck

Chief Operating Officer and Registrar

Mr S Denton

Baroness D Warwick
Acting Chair of Board of Governors

Professor E W Peck
Vice-Chancellor

23 November 2021

Independent auditor's report to the Board of Governors of Nottingham Trent University

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the University's affairs as at 31 July 2021 and of the Group's and the University's income and expenditure, gains and losses, changes in reserves and of the Group's and the University's cash flows for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

We have audited the financial statements of Nottingham Trent University ("the University") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31 July 2021 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure, the Consolidated and University Statement of Changes in Reserves, the Consolidated and University Balance sheets, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group and University in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the board members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group and University's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the board members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The governors are responsible for the other information. Other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information including the Key Highlights, the Operating and Financial Review and the Corporate Governance Statement and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters required by the Office for Students (“OfS”) and Research England

In our opinion, in all material respects:

- Funds from whatever source administered by the University for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with relevant legislation.
- Funds provided by the OfS, UK Research and Innovation (including Research England), the Education and Skills Funding Agency and the Department for Education have been applied in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions
- The requirements of the OfS’s Accounts Direction (OfS 2019.41) have been met.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the OfS requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- The University’s grant and fee income, as disclosed in the note to the accounts, has been materially misstated.
- The University’s expenditure on access and participation activities for the financial year has been materially misstated.

Responsibilities of the governors

As explained more fully in the Board of Governors responsibilities statement set out on page XX, the governors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the governors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the governors are responsible for assessing the Group and the University’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the governors either intends to liquidate the Group or the University or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor’s report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Based on our understanding of the Group and the sector in which it operates, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations are related to their registration with the Office for Students (“OfS”) and their ongoing conditions of registration, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the Group Financial Statements or their continued operation. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as compliance with the OfS Accounts Direction and tax legislation. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the Board and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence if any.

We evaluated management’s incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries to manipulate financial results and management bias in accounting estimates.

The audit procedures to address the risks identified included:

- Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal audit reports and reviewing correspondence with HMRC and relevant regulators to identify any actual or potential frauds or any potential weaknesses in internal control which could result in fraud susceptibility.
- Discussions with management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud, including direct representation from the Accountable Officer
- Reviewing items included in the fraud register as well as the results of internal audit's investigation into these matters
- Challenging assumptions made by management in their significant accounting estimates in particular in relation to assumptions applied in calculating pension liabilities, fixed asset depreciation and the assumptions used in the valuation of investment property
- In addressing the risk of fraud, including the management override of controls and improper income recognition, we tested the appropriateness of certain manual journals, reviewed the application of judgements associated with accounting estimates for the indication of potential bias and tested the application of cut-off and revenue recognition
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular journals to cash and revenue codes, material journals, duplicate entries and journals containing specific text.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

In addition, we also report to you whether income from funding bodies, grants and income for specific purposes and from other restricted funds administered by the University have been properly applied only for the purposes for which they were received and whether income has been applied in accordance with the Statutes and, where appropriate, with the Terms and Conditions of Funding with the OfS and Research England.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the University governors, as a body, in accordance with Section 75 of the Higher Education Research Act 2017. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the University's governors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the University and the governors as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Kyla Bellingall (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor
Birmingham
Date: 30 November 2021

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 July 2021

1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, modified to include certain fixed assets at fair value, and in accordance with Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 and Financial Reporting Standards (FRS 102). The University is a public benefit entity and therefore has applied the relevant public benefit requirement of FRS102. Additionally, the financial statements conform to the guidance published by the Office for Students. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of the University and all its subsidiaries for the financial year to 31 July 2021 and include the results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal. Intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

The consolidated financial statements do not include those of Nottingham Trent University Union of Students as it is a separate unincorporated body in which the University does not exert control or dominant influence over their commercial and financial policy decisions.

Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under this method an equity investment is initially recognised at transaction price and is subsequently adjusted to reflect the investor's share of the profit or loss, other comprehensive income and equity of the joint venture. Associated companies are accounted for using the fair value model method. Where it is impractical to measure fair value reliably without undue cost and effort then the cost model is applied.

3. Recognition of income

Tuition fee income is stated gross of any expenditure which is not a discount and recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure over the period in which students are studying, including all fees payable by students or their sponsors. Where the amount of tuition fee is reduced by a discount for prompt payment, income is shown net of discount. Bursaries are accounted for gross as expenditure and not deducted from income.

Income from the sale of goods or services is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure when the goods or services are supplied to the external customer or the terms of the contract has been satisfied.

Investment income including dividends, other than that associated with endowments, is recognised on a receivable basis.

Funds the University receives and disburses as a paying agent on behalf of a funding body are excluded from the income and expenditure of the University where the University is exposed to minimal risk and has no economic benefit related to the transaction. Where the University has applied this policy to certain funds received during the year they are disclosed in note 35.

Grant Funding

Government revenue grants including recurrent funding council block grant and research grants are recognised in income over the periods the University recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Capital (non-recurrent) government grants, received in respect of the purchase or construction of fixed assets, are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset to which the grant relates.

Where part of a government grant is deferred it is recognised as deferred income within creditors and allocated between creditors due within one year and due after more than one year as appropriate.

Grants, including research grants, from non-government sources (non-exchange transactions) are recognised when the University is entitled to the income and performance conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors and released to income as the conditions are met.

Donations and endowments

Non-exchange transactions without performance related conditions are donations or endowments as appropriate.

Donations and endowments with donor imposed restrictions are recognised in income when the University is entitled to the funds. Income is retained within the restricted reserve until such time that it is utilised in line with such restrictions at which point the income is released to general (unrestricted) reserves through a reserve transfer.

Donations with no restrictions are recognised in income when the University is entitled to funds.

Investment income and appreciation of endowments is recorded in income in the year in which it arises and as either restricted or unrestricted income according to the terms of the restriction applied to the individual endowment fund.

There are two main types of donations and endowments identified in reserves:

1. Restricted donations – the donor has specified that the donation must be used for a particular objective.
2. Restricted expendable endowments - the donor has specified a particular objective other than the purchase or construction of tangible fixed assets, and the University has the right to use the capital.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)
for the year ended 31 July 2021

4. Accounting for retirement benefits

The University participates, principally, in two pension schemes, the Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) for academic staff and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-academic staff. The schemes are defined benefit schemes, independently administered and contracted out of the State Second Pension (S2P).

Because of the mutual nature of the TPS, the scheme cannot allocate assets to individual contributing institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. As such, the University is exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme and, therefore, as required by FRS 102(28), accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

For the LGPS defined benefit scheme the amounts charged to comprehensive income and expenditure are the costs arising from employee services rendered during the period and the cost of plan introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs. The net interest cost of the net defined benefit liability is charged to comprehensive income and expenditure and included within interest and other finance costs. Remeasurement comprising of actuarial gains and losses and return on scheme assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with assets of the scheme held separately from those of the Group, in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date.

The institution participates in Universities Superannuation Scheme. The scheme is a hybrid pension scheme, providing defined benefits (for all members), as well as defined contribution benefits. The assets of the scheme are held in a separate trustee-administered fund. Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the assets are not attributed to individual institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. The institution is therefore exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. As required by Section 28 of FRS 102 "Employee benefits", the institution therefore accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme. Since the institution has entered into an agreement (the Recovery Plan) that determines how each employer within the scheme will fund the overall deficit, the institution recognises a liability for the contributions payable that arise from the agreement (to the extent that they relate to the deficit) and therefore an expense is recognised.

Further details of the above pension schemes are given in note 33.

5. Short term employment benefits

Short term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the University. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the University expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

6. Finance Leases

Leases in which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Leased assets acquired by way of a finance lease and the corresponding lease liabilities are initially recognised at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

7. Operating leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any lease premiums or incentives are spread over the minimum lease term.

8. Foreign currency

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement.

9. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are amortised over 10 years representing the remaining estimated economic life of the assets.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

for the year ended 31 July 2021

10. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land and assets-under-construction, at rates calculated to write-off the cost or valuation of each asset less any residual value, on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Freehold buildings	10 to 50 years
Plant & equipment	3 to 20 years
Fixtures & fittings	10 years
Vehicles	4 years

Equipment purchased for specific research grants is depreciated over the shorter of its estimated useful life or the remaining life of the research grant, with the related grant income being credited over the same period. Tangible fixed asset additions are capitalised where the cost of such assets exceeds £25,000. Items costing less than this amount are expensed in the year of purchase.

Land and buildings

Land and building assets in existence as at 31 July 2014 were revalued to fair value on transition to FRS 102 as at 1 August 2014. Subsequent additions to Land and building after this date but before 31 July 2015 have also been subject to revaluation. The fair value of land and buildings was determined from either market-based evidence or depreciated replacement cost by appraisal by independent qualified valuers in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors Valuation – Professional Standards January 2014, in particular, UK Valuation Standards 1, 2 and 4.

Fair value is defined as the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, a liability settled or an equity instrument granted could be exchanged, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Depreciation and impairment losses, if applicable, are subsequently charged on the revalued amounts.

Assets under construction

Assets under construction are accounted for at cost, based on the value of architects' certificates and other direct costs, incurred up to 31 July. The assets are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

11. Investments

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in publicly traded ordinary shares are measured at fair value.

Current asset investments, which may include listed investments, are held at fair value with movements recognised in Surplus/Deficit before tax.

12. Stock

Stock is held at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and is measured using an average cost formula.

13. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and deposits repayable on demand. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty.

Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments and defined as short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk in change of value.

14. Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised in the financial statements when:

- (a) the University has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event;
- (b) it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- (c) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects risks specific to the liability.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the Institution a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Institution. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are disclosed in the notes.

15. Reserves

Reserves are classified as restricted or unrestricted. Restricted endowment reserves include balances which, through endowment to the University, are held as a restricted expendable fund.

Other restricted reserves include balances where the donor has designated a specific purpose and therefore the University is restricted in the use of these funds.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)
for the year ended 31 July 2021

16. Taxation

The University and its subsidiary, Nova Centric Limited are considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore meet the definition of a charitable organisation for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the University is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Nottingham Consultants Limited, Confetti Constellations Limited, Nottingham Conference Centre Limited, NTU Temporary Staff Limited, MTIF BEZ Limited and Notts TV Limited are not subject to these exemptions and are liable for corporation tax on profits or gains arising. However, under a Gift Aid arrangement with the University the subsidiary companies transfer all their taxable profits, where allowable under regulation, to the University to minimise the payment of corporation tax.

The University is partially exempt in respect of Value Added Tax, so that it can only recover a minor element of VAT charged on its inputs. Irrecoverable VAT on inputs is included in the costs of such inputs and added to the cost of tangible fixed assets as appropriate, where the inputs themselves are tangible fixed assets by nature.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are more likely than not to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

17. Accounting judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, management has made the following judgements:

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost / (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 33 of the financial statements, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 July 2021. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

Considering whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible and intangible assets, including goodwill. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions and the remaining life of the asset.

Investment properties are professionally valued periodically, using yield methodology. There is an inevitable degree of judgement involved in that the property is unique and the value can only ultimately be tested in the market itself. Key inputs in the valuation were annual rent per square metre and capitalisation rate.

Judgement is applied in determining the value and timing of certain income items to be recognised in the financial statements. This includes determining when performance conditions have been met in respect of commercial research income, and determining the revenues associated with partially delivered courses and training where the activities have not been fully completed at the reporting date.

When calculating bad debt provisions, estimates are made taking into account historical experience, current trends and other relevant factors.

18 Going concern

In preparing the financial statements, the Governors have considered going concern. Financial sustainability was already a key foundation for the Strategy but has become a more significant focus in the light of the Covid-19. The University has already taken a series of actions to ensure financial sustainability.

The budget for 2021/22 was tested for resilience against key risks relating to income and pay costs. Some 85% of total income relates to student fees and therefore income modelling focussed primarily on student enrolments. A worst case scenario combining further shortfalls in income and additional costs was also modelled.

This scenario modelling includes detailed cashflows to July 2023. In all scenarios modelled the University remains able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due and covenant compliance is maintained for at least 12 months. Following the start of the autumn term, the University has met its targets for home undergraduate student enrolments and international enrolments.

Given the unprecedented nature of the COVID-19 events, it is difficult to predict future performance and cash flows with certainty. The actual scenarios which materialise in the period ahead will undoubtedly be different to the scenarios modelled. In the event that the actual position is worse than that modelled in the forecasts, the University retains a £60m credit facility which is not forecast to be required but provides additional access to liquidity if necessary.

Taking into account the above, the cash reserves and the undrawn credit facility, the Board believe that whilst uncertainty exists, this does not pose a material uncertainty that would cast doubt on the University's ability to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future, which is a period of at least 12 months from the signing of the accounts and audit report. The Board therefore considers it appropriate for the accounts to be prepared on a going concern basis.

Consolidated and University Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure

Year Ended 31 July 2021

	Note	Year ended 31 July 2021		Year ended 31 July 2020	
		Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
Income					
Tuition fees and education contracts	1	314,738	310,229	286,901	282,441
Funding body grants	2	25,851	25,851	22,155	22,155
Research grants and contracts	3	9,581	9,567	6,995	6,977
Other income	4	18,351	13,584	21,976	15,190
Investment income	5	508	1,198	795	1,491
Donations and endowments	6	498	555	309	319
Total income		369,527	360,984	339,131	328,573
Expenditure					
Staff costs	7	228,443	217,372	208,207	197,565
Other operating expenses	8	88,723	97,753	92,634	99,984
Interest and other finance costs	9	9,006	9,006	8,938	8,938
Intangible amortisation	11	554	-	380	-
Depreciation	12	23,096	21,668	22,320	20,755
Total expenditure		349,822	345,799	332,479	327,242
Surplus before other gains losses and share of operating surplus of associates		19,705	15,185	6,652	1,331
Gain/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets		234	234	54	14
Gain on sale of investments		8,193	9,614	-	-
Gain on investments		118	158	41	47
Share of operating deficit in associates	13,14	(318)	-	(302)	-
Surplus before tax		27,932	25,191	6,445	1,392
Taxation	10	1,098	-	(147)	-
Surplus for the year		29,030	25,191	6,298	1,392
Other comprehensive income					
Actuarial (loss)/gain in respect of pension schemes	21	(4,723)	(4,723)	(112,421)	(112,421)
Total comprehensive income for the year		24,307	20,468	(106,123)	(111,029)
Represented by:					
Endowment comprehensive income for the year	23	(121)	(121)	(258)	(258)
Restricted comprehensive income for the year	24	140	140	88	88
Unrestricted comprehensive income for the year		24,288	20,449	(105,953)	(110,859)
Attributable to the University		24,307	20,468	(106,123)	(111,029)
Result for the year attributable to the University		29,030	25,191	6,298	1,392

All items of income and expenditure relate to continuing activities.

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements.

Consolidated and University Statement of Changes in Reserves

Year ended 31 July 2021

Consolidated	Income and expenditure account			Total £'000
	Endowment £'000	Restricted £'000	Unrestricted £'000	
Balance at 1 August 2019	5,218	60	88,519	93,797
Surplus/(deficit) from the income & expenditure statement	(258)	88	6,468	6,298
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(112,421)	(112,421)
Release of restricted capital funds spent in year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(258)	88	(105,953)	(106,123)
Balance at 1 August 2020	4,960	148	(17,434)	(12,326)
Surplus/(deficit) from the income & expenditure statement	(121)	140	29,011	29,030
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(4,723)	(4,723)
Release of restricted capital funds spent in year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(121)	140	24,288	24,307
Balance at 31 July 2021	4,839	288	6,854	11,981

University	Income and expenditure account			Total £'000
	Endowment £'000	Restricted £'000	Unrestricted £'000	
Balance at 1 August 2019	5,218	60	87,805	93,083
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement	(258)	88	1,562	1,392
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(112,421)	(112,421)
Release of restricted funds spent in year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(258)	88	(110,859)	(111,029)
Balance at 1 August 2020	4,960	148	(23,054)	(17,946)
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement	(121)	140	25,172	25,191
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(4,723)	(4,723)
Release of restricted capital funds spent in year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(121)	140	20,449	20,468
Balance at 31 July 2021	4,839	288	(2,605)	2,522

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements.

Consolidated and University Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 July 2021

	Note	As at 31 July 2021		As at 31 July 2020	
		Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
Non-current assets					
Intangible assets	11	2,243	-	2,797	-
Fixed assets	12	462,257	431,377	452,017	422,132
Investments	13	1,022	1,022	864	864
Investment in subsidiaries	13	-	4,948	-	4,948
Investments in associates	13,14	365	241	2,245	441
		465,887	437,588	457,923	428,385
Current assets					
Stock	15	415	283	581	267
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	16	16,389	15,241	18,939	31,779
Debtors: amounts falling due after one year	17	3,174	26,238	3,174	14,039
Investments	18	20,000	20,000	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	25	124,200	117,957	92,434	88,140
		164,178	179,719	115,128	134,225
Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(57,388)	(54,089)	(66,495)	(62,687)
Net current assets		106,790	125,630	48,633	71,538
Total assets less current liabilities		572,677	563,218	506,556	499,923
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	(153,896)	(153,896)	(147,009)	(147,009)
Provisions					
Pension provisions	21	(402,784)	(402,784)	(370,860)	(370,860)
Other provisions	21	(4,016)	(4,016)	-	-
Provision for deferred tax	22	-	-	(1,013)	-
Total net assets /(liabilities)		11,981	2,522	(12,326)	(17,946)
Restricted Reserves					
Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve	23	4,839	4,839	4,960	4,960
Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve	24	288	288	148	148
Unrestricted Reserves					
Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted		6,854	(2,605)	(17,434)	(23,054)
Total Reserves		11,981	2,522	(12,326)	(17,946)

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 19 to 47 were approved by the Board of Governors on 23rd November 2021 and signed on its behalf on that date by:

Baroness D Warwick
Acting Chair of Board of Governors

Professor E W Peck
Vice Chancellor

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 July 2021

		Year ended 31 July 2021	Year ended 31 July 2020
	Notes	Consolidated £'000	Consolidated £'000
Cash flow from operating activities			
Surplus /(deficit) for the year		29,030	6,298
Adjustment for non-cash items			
Depreciation	12	23,096	22,320
Amortisation of intangibles	11	554	380
Gain on investments	13/14	(118)	(41)
(Increase)/decrease in stock	15	166	(92)
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	16	2,805	1,385
Decrease /(increase) in creditors	19	10,065	(2,831)
Increase in pension provision	21	27,201	18,165
Increase in other provisions	21	4,016	-
Change in deferred tax asset/provision	22	(1,097)	147
Share of operating deficit in associate	13	318	302
Adjustment for investing or financing activities			
Investment income	5	(508)	(795)
Interest payable	9	3,929	4,000
Endowment income	6	(75)	(92)
(Profit)/loss on the sale of fixed assets		(234)	54
(Profit)/loss on the sale of investments		(8,193)	-
Capital grant income	30	(1,784)	(1,545)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		89,171	47,655
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		1,321	(54)
Capital grants receipts	30	9,412	5,685
Disposal of non-current asset investments		9,585	-
Investment income	5	508	795
Payments made to acquire fixed assets	12	(34,044)	(38,709)
Payments made to acquire intangible fixed assets	11	-	(972)
Payments made to acquire subsidiary undertakings		-	(10)
Cash acquired with subsidiary undertaking		-	71
New deposits	18	(20,000)	-
Withdrawal of deposits	18	-	10,000
		(33,218)	(23,194)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid	9	(3,869)	(4,180)
Endowment cash received	23	75	92
New loan	19	-	20,000
Repayments of amounts borrowed		(20,393)	(858)
Repayment of finance leases		-	(13)
		(24,187)	15,041
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents in the year		31,766	39,502
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	25	92,434	52,932
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	25	124,200	92,434

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2021

	Note	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
		Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
1 Tuition fees and education contracts					
Further education		4,454	131	4,525	312
Undergraduate tuition - Home/EU		248,578	248,581	221,734	221,734
Undergraduate tuition - Overseas		24,879	24,879	24,144	24,144
Postgraduate tuition - Home/EU		19,378	19,378	16,952	16,952
Postgraduate tuition - Overseas		17,060	17,060	18,836	18,836
Other fees and support grants		389	200	710	463
		314,738	310,229	286,901	282,441
2 Funding body grants					
Recurrent grant					
Office for Students		11,996	11,996	11,441	11,441
Research England		5,780	5,780	5,028	5,028
Education and Skills Funding Agency		2,265	2,265	2,088	2,088
Office for Students capital grant		1,432	1,432	1,424	1,424
UKRI capital grant		22	22	14	14
Specific grants					
UKRI		2,015	2,015	1,928	1,928
Office for Students		1,863	1,863	9	9
National College for Teaching and Leadership		148	148	116	116
Other bodies capital grant		330	330	107	107
		25,851	25,851	22,155	22,155
3 Research grants and contracts					
Research councils and charities		4,800	4,800	2,170	2,170
Government (UK and overseas)		3,349	3,335	3,119	3,101
Industry and commerce		1,432	1,432	1,706	1,706
		9,581	9,567	6,995	6,977
4 Other income					
Residences, catering and conferences		4,953	4,893	7,728	6,140
Other revenue grants		4,958	4,559	4,468	4,030
Other income generating activities		8,440	4,132	9,780	5,020
		18,351	13,584	21,976	15,190
Other revenue grants includes £2,171,000 (2020: £2,131,000) in relation to Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (University only 2021: £1,451,000, 2020:£1,365,000).					
5 Investment income					
Investment income on expendable endowments	23	17	17	39	39
Other investment income		87	87	312	312
Other interest receivable		404	1,094	444	1,140
		508	1,198	795	1,491
6 Donations and endowments					
New endowments	23	75	75	92	92
Donations with restrictions	24	275	275	131	131
Unrestricted donations		148	205	86	96
		498	555	309	319
Note The source of grant and fee income, included in notes 1 to 4 is as follows:					
Grant income from the OfS		15,291	15,291	12,874	12,874
Grant income from other bodies		23,667	23,254	13,749	13,311
Fee income for taught awards (exclusive of VAT)		311,732	311,736	280,010	279,870
Fee income for research awards (exclusive of VAT)		2,980	2,980	8,791	1,796
Fee income from non-qualifying courses (exclusive of VAT)		5,474	961	5,095	7,752
Total grant and fee income		359,144	354,222	320,519	315,603

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2021

	Note	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
		Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
7 Staff costs					
<i>Employee costs:</i>					
Wages and salaries		160,179	149,982	154,534	144,558
Social security costs		16,051	15,431	15,034	14,521
Other pension costs		29,287	29,033	24,598	24,445
Pension operating costs	21	22,926	22,926	14,041	14,041
Total		228,443	217,372	208,207	197,565

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
<i>Emoluments of the Vice-Chancellor:</i>		
Salary	273	273
Payment in lieu of pension contributions	44	44
Bonus	†	-
	317	337
Pension contributions including contributions to USS	5	5
	322	342

† Bonus is the bonus paid in year. The bonus paid in the year ended 31 July 2020 was earned and accrued in the previous financial year. No bonus was paid in the year ended 31 July 2021.

<i>Remuneration of other higher paid staff, excluding employer's pension contributions:</i>	No.	No.
£100,000 to £104,999	4	7
£105,000 to £109,999	2	3
£110,000 to £114,999	3	3
£115,000 to £119,999	3	5
£120,000 to £124,999	1	-
£125,000 to £129,999	1	1
£130,000 to £134,999	3	-
£135,000 to £139,999	2	1
£140,000 to £144,999	3	2
£145,000 to £149,999	1	4
£150,000 to £154,999	1	1
£155,000 to £159,999	2	-
£165,000 to £169,999	-	-
£170,000 to £174,999	-	-
£175,000 to £179,999	1	1
£180,000 to £185,999	-	-
£185,000 to £189,999	1	-
£190,000 to £194,999	-	-
£200,000 to £204,999	-	1

No remuneration was paid to the Chair of the Board of Governors nor to other non-executive members of the Board and its subsidiary undertakings.

<i>Average weekly staff numbers (including senior post-holders) employed during the period:</i>	2021 Fte	2020 Fte
Academic departments	1,704	1,669
Academic support services	667	647
Other support services	135	131
Administration and central services	1,011	923
Estates	404	420
Other	57	59
	3,978	3,849

<i>Compensation for loss of office - all staff</i>	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Compensation paid/payable recorded within staff costs	478	866

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Number of people to whom this was payable	37	44

Compensation was paid in cash from general University funds.

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2021

7 Staff costs (continued)

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those members of the University Executive Team, having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the University. Staff costs include compensation (salaries and benefits, including any employer's pension contributions) paid to key management personnel as follows:

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Key management personnel compensation	1,842	2,009

Trustees

No trustee has received any remuneration/waived payments from the group during the year (2020: None).

The total expenses paid to or on behalf of the 21 trustees was £330 (2020: £2,637 to 21 trustees). This represents travel and subsistence expenses incurred personally by the trustees in attending Board of Governors and Committee meetings and Charity events in their official capacity.

Head of provider pay

The Vice-Chancellor does not receive any taxable benefits. He receives a non taxable benefit in the form of an annual health care assessment with a value of £1,334 (2020: £585).

The Vice-Chancellor's remuneration is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee, one of the sub-committees of the Board of Governors. The Remuneration Committee was established by the Board of Governors on 1 May 2018, taking over relevant duties from the former Remuneration and Employment Policy Committee.

The Vice-Chancellor is not a member of the Remuneration Committee. The Vice-Chancellor will normally attend the Committee's meetings but will withdraw from any discussions with regard to his own salary or other potential benefits. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by a senior independent member of the Board of Governors, and includes both a staff and student voice within its membership. In addition to five independent members of the Board of Governors, the Academic Board member on the Board of Governors (staff voice) and a recent NTU student (student voice) appointed by the Chair of the Board with the advice of the NTSU are both full members. The Remuneration Committee can draw on the expertise of an independent adviser.

When considering reward proposals for the Vice-Chancellor the Remuneration Committee considered the following indicators:

- performance in support of the University's strategic objectives and KPIs in the areas of teaching, research, management and administration, leadership of staff, partnerships and external relations internationally, nationally and locally and major initiatives and projects;
- the size and complexity of the University;
- the breadth, degree of complexity and level of challenge of the Vice-Chancellor's role;
- the nature of the HE markets and general issues of pay restraint, recruitment and retention challenges within the HE sector;
- the need to remain market competitive and reward exceptional, evidenced performance as well as retain and motivate for the future success of the University; and
- Benchmarking data in respect of comparator institutions, geographical location and specialism.

The data that supported these indicators were drawn from the following areas:

- University and Colleges Employer Associations Senior Staff Remuneration Survey;
- Committee of University Chairs' Vice-Chancellor Salary Survey;
- In addition nationally determined job evaluation schemes, nationally negotiated pay awards and nationally recognised higher education pension schemes were all considered by the Committee.

The head of the provider's basic salary is 8.1 (2020: 8.1) times the median pay of staff, where the median pay is calculated on a full-time equivalent basis for the salaries paid by the provider to its staff. The head of the provider's total remuneration is 9.4 (2020: 9.5) times the median total remuneration of staff, where the median total remuneration is calculated on a full-time equivalent basis for the total remuneration by the provider of its staff. The provisions of paragraph 12d of OfS accounts direction 19/20 have been adopted.

Further details on the pay, expenses and payments in lieu of pension contributions for the Vice-Chancellor are available on the NTU website at <https://www.ntu.ac.uk/about-us/governance/vice-chancellor/vice-chancellors-salary>

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2021

	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
	Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
8 Analysis of other operating expenses by activity				
Academic departments	19,640	27,352	22,544	28,133
Academic services	18,292	17,751	15,928	15,863
Administration and central services	28,697	32,936	28,130	32,583
Premises	10,030	8,865	12,475	12,047
Residences, catering and conferences	6,569	6,542	9,287	8,439
Research grants and contracts	4,567	4,307	3,075	2,919
Other expenses	928	-	1,195	-
	88,723	97,753	92,634	99,984
<i>Other operating expenses include:</i>				
External auditors remuneration in respect of audit services	83	59	74	48
External auditors remuneration in respect of non-audit services	18	2	-	-
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	693	207	1,158	171
- other	469	469	476	476
9 Interest and other finance costs				
		Note		
Bank interest on loans	3,929	3,929	4,000	4,000
Net charge on pension scheme	5,077	5,077	4,938	4,938
	9,006	9,006	8,938	8,938
10 Taxation				
Recognised in the statement of comprehensive income				
Current tax				
Current tax expense	-	-	-	-
Adjustment in respect of previous years	-	-	-	-
Current tax expense	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax				
Origination and reversal of timing differences	1,033	-	(147)	-
Reduction in tax rate	-	-	-	-
Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses	65	-	-	-
Deferred tax (charge)/ credit	1,098	-	(147)	-
Total tax (charge)/ credit	1,098	-	(147)	-
The tax charge is represented in the consolidated balance sheet through the net financial impact of the creation of corporation tax payable (Note 19) and a deferred tax asset (Note 16) and the increase in the provision for deferred tax (Note 22).				
11 Intangible assets				
Brand				
Opening Balance	2,797	-	2,333	-
Additions	-	-	972	-
Amortisation charge for the year	(554)	-	(508)	-
At 31 July 2021	2,243	-	2,797	-
The amortisation period is 10 years.				
Negative goodwill				
Opening Balance	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	(128)	-
Amortisation	-	-	128	-
At 31 July 2021	-	-	-	-
The negative goodwill relates to the acquisition of Notts TV Limited on 20 May 2020.				

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2021

12 Fixed Assets

	Investment Land & Buildings £'000	Freehold Land and Buildings £'000	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Furniture and equipment £'000	Assets under course of construction £'000	Total fixed assets £'000
Consolidated						
Cost or valuation						
At 1 August 2020	5,830	376,670	76,594	78,854	35,254	573,202
Additions	-	9,480	3,684	13,958	7,302	34,424
Transfers	-	23,504	1,756	2,353	(27,613)	-
Disposals	-	(1,820)	(9,883)	(14,245)	-	(25,948)
At 31 July 2021	5,830	407,834	72,151	80,920	14,943	581,678
Consisting of valuation as at:						
1 August 2014	-	273,909	-	-	-	273,909
31 July 2020	5,830	-	-	-	-	5,830
Cost	-	133,925	72,151	80,920	14,943	301,939
	5,830	407,834	72,151	80,920	14,943	581,678
Depreciation						
At 1 August 2020	-	37,014	39,928	44,243	-	121,185
Charge for the year	-	7,914	4,674	10,508	-	23,096
Disposals	-	(732)	(9,883)	(14,245)	-	(24,860)
At 31 July 2021	-	44,196	34,719	40,506	-	119,421
Net book value						
At 31 July 2021	5,830	363,638	37,432	40,414	14,943	462,257
At 31 July 2020	5,830	339,656	36,666	34,611	35,254	452,017
University						
Cost or valuation						
At 1 August 2020	5,830	352,183	74,319	71,395	29,833	533,560
Additions	-	7,701	3,393	13,605	7,302	32,001
Transfers	-	18,126	1,756	2,310	(22,192)	-
Disposals	-	(1,820)	(9,786)	(14,127)	-	(25,733)
At 31 July 2021	5,830	376,190	69,682	73,183	14,943	539,828
Consisting of valuation as at:						
1 August 2014	-	273,909	-	-	-	273,909
31 July 2020	5,830	-	-	-	-	5,830
Cost	-	102,281	69,682	73,183	14,943	260,089
	5,830	376,190	69,682	73,183	14,943	539,828
Depreciation						
At 1 August 2020	-	33,961	37,339	40,128	-	111,428
Charge for the year	-	7,001	4,710	9,957	-	21,668
Disposals	-	(732)	(9,786)	(14,127)	-	(24,645)
At 31 July 2021	-	40,230	32,263	35,958	-	108,451
Net book value						
At 31 July 2021	5,830	335,960	37,419	37,225	14,943	431,377
At 31 July 2020	5,830	318,222	36,980	31,267	29,833	422,132

A full valuation as at 1 August 2014 of the University's land and buildings (including those of its subsidiaries, where applicable) was carried out by an independent and professionally qualified Valuer. In addition, building assets transferred at cost from Assets under the course of construction during the period 1st August 2014 to 31st July 2015 were also subject to full valuation.

The investment land and buildings were revalued as at 31 July 2020 following a professional revaluation. At 31 July 2021, investment land and buildings included £490,000 (2020 - £490,000) in respect of freehold land which is not depreciated.

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

12. Fixed Assets (continued)

At 31 July 2021, freehold land and buildings included £43,243,180 (2020 - £39,241,180) in respect of freehold land which is not depreciated. There are no amounts held under finance lease.

On 2 August 1999 the University signed a deed preserving the 'further education asset base' inherited following its merger with Brackenhurst College on 1 April 1999. In the event of a total failure to preserve the asset base, the Education and Skills Funding Agency shall have the right to call for the repayment of the 'further education asset base', being the greater of the value of indexed-based 'chattels' less 'liabilities' or the total cost of replacing the land asset with accommodation and facilities of comparable quality, size and location.

In 1999/2000 the University entered into a lease with a developer for the provision of a hotel/gym complex on its Goldsmith Square car park. The lease is for 50 years with breaks at 15 and 25 years. At the conclusion of the lease, the whole of the property will revert to the University.

During 2007/08 the University entered into an amended lease agreement with UPP Group Limited and UPP Nottingham Limited for the majority of its student residences. The University received consideration totalling £11,032,000 in 2007/08 in respect of this transaction, including a 20% shareholding in UPP Nottingham Limited and an entitlement to loan notes to be issued by UPP Nottingham Limited. In 2009/10 the University received consideration totalling £652,000 in respect of an additional entitlement to loan notes. The leases are for 40 years maturing in 2048 and at the conclusion of the leases the properties will revert to the University.

In 2009/10 the University entered into a lease agreement with UPP (Clifton) Limited for the provision of a new student residence on the Clifton campus. The University received a gross consideration totalling £7,333,000, which net of costs totalled £6,880,000. The transaction included a 20% shareholding in UPP (Clifton) Limited and an entitlement to loan notes to be issued by UPP (Clifton) Limited. The lease is co-terminus with the existing UPP agreements and at the conclusion of the lease the properties will revert to the University.

In 2011/12 the University entered into a new lease agreement with UPP (Byron) Limited for the provision of a new student residence and new Students Union building on the City campus. The University received a premium of £1,833,000 in respect of the agreement. The transaction includes a 20% shareholding in UPP (Byron) Limited and an entitlement to loan notes to be issued by UPP (Byron) Limited. On completion of the building in 2013/14 the University received a further lease premium of £11,813,000 as a fixed asset rather than cash.

13 Non-current Investments

	Subsidiary companies	Investment in joint ventures and associates	Other Investments	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Consolidated				
At 1 August 2020	-	2,245	864	3,109
Additions	-	100	-	100
Fair value adjustments	-	(318)	158	(160)
Disposals	-	(1,622)	-	(1,622)
Impairments	-	(40)	-	(40)
At 31 July 2021	-	365	1,022	1,387
University				
At 1 August 2020	4,948	441	864	6,253
Additions	-	-	-	-
Fair value adjustments	-	-	158	158
Disposals	-	(200)	-	(200)
Impairments	-	-	-	-
At 31 July 2021	4,948	241	1,022	6,211

Other Investments

The Group holds 32,258 ordinary shares in Experian Plc (2020: 32,258) which were valued at £31.7 per share (2020: £26.8) as per the closing Sell position on the London Stock Exchange as at 31 July 2021.

	Shareholding %	Cost £	Value £
Intelligent OMICS Limited	50	550	-
SiActive Limited	27	25	-

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

13 Non-current Investments (continued)

Other Investments (cont'd)

The Group also holds shares in a number of companies which have been set up through The HIVE Initiative. Details of these investments have not been disclosed due to their insignificant nature.

Subsidiary Companies

The University owns 100% of the issued share capital of the following companies which are registered in England and Wales and operating in the UK.

Company Name	No. of Ord Shares	Cost of Investment £'000	Value of Investment £'000
Nottingham Law School Limited	1,667,000	1,667	-
Nottingham Consultants Limited	555,000	555	-
Nottingham Trent Residences 1 plc	5,000,004	2,500	-
Nottingham Trent International College Limited	1	-	-
Nottingham Conference Centre Limited	1	-	-
Confetti Constellations Limited	100	3,976	3,976
Notts TV Limited *	700	160	-

In addition, the University is the sole subscriber to the following companies limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales and operating in the UK

Company Name

Nottingham Law School Legal Advice Centre Limited *

Nova Centric Limited

NTU Temporary Staff Limited *

MTIF (BEZ) Limited *

* exempt from audit under the requirements of s479A of the Companies Act 2006

The registered office for all subsidiaries is 50 Shakespeare Street, Nottingham, NG1 4FQ.

14 Investment in joint ventures and associates

Company Name	Shareholding percentage	Consolidated	University	Consolidated	University
		2021 Value of Investment £'000	2021 Value of Investment £'000	2020 Value of Investment £'000	2020 Value of Investment £'000
Associate	%	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
UPP Clifton Limited	20	78	78	78	78
UPP Byron Limited	20	113	113	113	113
NET	n/a	50	50	50	50
Loreus Limited	10	-	-	-	-
Halo X-Ray Technologies Limited	37	24	-	64	-
ESITU Limited	49	100	-	-	-
Joint venture					
BioCity Group Ltd (sold in year ended 31 July 2021)	50	-	-	1,940	200
		365	241	2,245	441

The Group's holdings in UPP Clifton Limited and UPP Byron Limited were a result of property lease financing arrangement considerations (see Note 12).

The University sold its interest in Biocity Group Limited on 29 March 2021 for £9.6m. The Group's participating interest in BioCity Group Limited related to the net assets in the joint venture arrangement entered into by the University to form BioCity Nottingham Limited with the University of Nottingham and the East Midlands Development Agency (EMDA). Following the abolition of EMDA in March 2012 the University had continued the joint venture arrangement with the University of Nottingham.

BioCity Group Limited owned 75% of BioCity Scotland Limited formed with a minority interest partner. BioCity Scotland Limited was gifted land, plant, equipment and stock by Merck to the value of £11.3m in 2012. BioCity Group Limited was treated as a joint venture as the University was party to a contractual agreement with a party outside the group to undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control. The last year end of the joint venture before 31 July 2021 is 31 December 2020.

Associated companies are accounted for using the cost method. The value of investment in Loreus Limited is £10 (Ten pounds).

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2021

	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
	Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
15 Stock and stores in hand				
Finished goods	312	232	316	215
Goods for resale	103	51	265	52
	<u>415</u>	<u>283</u>	<u>581</u>	<u>267</u>

16 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

Trade Debtors	7,214	5,470	8,864	7,412
Amounts due by group undertaking companies	-	1,495	-	15,526
Deferred tax asset	109	-	25	-
Accrued Income	6,430	6,189	6,962	6,645
Prepayments	2,431	2,087	2,252	2,046
Other debtors	205	-	836	150
	<u>16,389</u>	<u>15,241</u>	<u>18,939</u>	<u>31,779</u>

17 Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Loan notes	3,174	3,174	3,174	3,174
Amounts due by group undertaking companies	-	23,064	-	10,865
	<u>3,174</u>	<u>26,238</u>	<u>3,174</u>	<u>14,039</u>

The loan notes were received as part of the consideration for the lease agreements for UPP Clifton Limited and UPP Byron Limited. They are operative over the life of the concession.

18 Current Investments

Short term deposits	20,000	20,000	-	-
	<u>20,000</u>	<u>20,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Deposits are held with banks and building societies operating in the London market and licensed by the Financial Services Authority with more than three months but less than twelve months maturity at the balance sheet date. The interest rates for these deposits are fixed for the duration of the deposit at time of placement.

At 31 July 2021 the weighted average interest rate of these fixed rate deposits was 0.05% per annum and the remaining weighted average period for which the interest rate is fixed on these deposits was 92 days.

19 Creditors : amounts falling due within one year

	Note	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
		Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
Unsecured loans		-	-	20,000	20,000
Salix Finance Loan	20	223	223	391	391
Amounts due to group undertaking companies		-	388	-	-
Trade creditors		5,320	3,676	5,114	3,877
Social security and other taxation payable		9,234	8,903	5,750	5,509
Corporation tax payable		-	-	-	-
Other creditors		1,477	1,270	706	657
General accruals		22,150	20,954	18,923	17,126
Deferred income		18,984	18,675	15,611	15,127
		<u>57,388</u>	<u>54,089</u>	<u>66,495</u>	<u>62,687</u>

Deferred income

The following items of income which have been deferred until specific performance related conditions have been met.

Tuition fee income		9,384	9,298	7,224	7,201
Government non-recurrent grant income	30	1,999	1,999	1,621	1,621
Research grant income		4,071	4,071	3,837	3,837
Other grant income		1,467	1,455	526	523
Other income		2,063	1,852	2,403	1,945
		<u>18,984</u>	<u>18,675</u>	<u>15,611</u>	<u>15,127</u>

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

	Note	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
		Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
20 Creditors : amounts falling due after more than one year					
Other creditors		24	24	129	129
Government non-recurrent grant deferred income	30	69,593	69,593	62,377	62,377
		<u>69,617</u>	<u>69,617</u>	<u>62,506</u>	<u>62,506</u>
Salix Finance Loans		279	279	503	503
Bank loans		40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Other loans		44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000
Total bank and other loans		<u>84,279</u>	<u>84,279</u>	<u>84,503</u>	<u>84,503</u>
		<u>153,896</u>	<u>153,896</u>	<u>147,009</u>	<u>147,009</u>

Salix have been working with Universities since 2006, currently offering finance on behalf of the Department of Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) and previously through the joint-funded Revolving Green Fund Scheme 1 and 4 and with the Office for Students (OfS).

Analysis of bank and other loans

Due within one year	<u>223</u>	<u>223</u>	<u>20,391</u>	<u>20,391</u>
Due between one and two years	199	199	223	223
Due between two and five years	80	80	280	280
Due in five years or more	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000
Due after more than one year	<u>84,279</u>	<u>84,279</u>	<u>84,503</u>	<u>84,503</u>
Total debt	<u>84,502</u>	<u>84,502</u>	<u>104,894</u>	<u>104,894</u>

Analysis of debt by repayable date:

Loan repayable by 2021	-	-	20,125	20,125
Loan repayable by 2023	219	219	328	328
Loan repayable by 2025	283	283	441	441
Loan repayable by 2038	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Loan repayable by 2043	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000
	<u>84,502</u>	<u>84,502</u>	<u>104,894</u>	<u>104,894</u>

Lender	Original loan	Rate of Interest
	£'000	
Salix Finance Limited	2,036	0.00%
Royal Bank of Scotland	40,000	5.53%
3.01% loan notes	44,000	3.01%
Total	<u>86,036</u>	

The £40m and the £44m are repayable in a single amount at the end of the loan period. The Salix loans are repayable in instalments over the loan period. All loans are unsecured.

The 3.01% loan notes were issued on 4 June 2018 to The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company. The loan notes are due for repayment on 4 June 2043.

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

21 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Consolidated & University

	USS pension fund deficit obligation	Enhanced pensions on termination	DB pension obligations (Note 33)	Total Pension Provisions	Other provisions
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 August 2020	3,106	13,526	354,228	370,860	-
Utilised in year	-	(802)	-	(802)	-
Additions in year - Income	-	-	-	-	4,016
Additions in year - Operating cost	18	-	22,908	22,926	-
Additions in year - Interest	23	176	4,878	5,077	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss	-	(210)	4,933	4,723	-
At 31 July 2021	3,147	12,690	386,947	402,784	4,016

USS pension fund

The obligation to fund the past deficit on the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) arises from the contractual obligation with the pension scheme for total payments relating to benefits arising from past performance. Management have assessed future employees within the USS scheme and salary payment over the period of the contracted obligation in assessing the value of this provision.

Following the completion of the 2018 actuarial valuation, a new deficit recovery plan has been agreed of which more detail is given in note 33. This new plan requires deficit payments of 2% of salaries from 1 October 2019 to 30 September 2021 and then payments of 6% of salaries from 1 October 2021 to 31 March 2028.

Enhanced pensions on termination

The enhanced pensions on termination scheme is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme.

This relates to unfunded pension payments to which the university is committed.

The assumptions for calculating the provision for enhanced pensions on termination under FRS 102, are as follows:

Discount Rate	1.6%
Inflation Rate	<u>2.6%</u>

Other provision

The other provision relates to potential repayment of income.

22 Provision for deferred tax

Consolidated only

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Accelerated capital allowances	-	1,052
Short term timing differences	-	(8)
Tax losses carried forward and other deductions	-	(31)
	<u>-</u>	<u>1,013</u>

Movement in provision

At 1 August 2020	(1,013)
Deferred tax charged in the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure	1,013
At 31 July 2021	<u>-</u>

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

23 Endowment Reserves

	Consolidated and University		
	Restricted Expendable £'000	2021 Total £'000	2020 Total £'000
Balances at 1 August			
Capital	4,960	4,960	5,218
Accumulated income	-	-	-
	4,960	4,960	5,218
New endowments	75	75	92
Investment income	17	17	39
Expenditure	(213)	(213)	(389)
Total endowment comprehensive income for the year	(121)	(121)	(258)
At 31 July	4,839	4,839	4,960
Represented by:			
Capital	4,839	4,839	4,960
Accumulated income	-	-	-
	4,839	4,839	4,960
<i>Analysis by type of purpose:</i>			
Research support	4,839	4,839	4,960
	4,839	4,839	4,960
<i>Analysis by asset</i>			
Current and non-current asset investments	-	-	-
Cash & cash equivalents	-	4,839	4,960
	-	4,839	4,960

Restricted expendable endowments represents £4.84m relating to connected institutions under paragraph 28 Schedule 2 of the Charities Act 2011, for funds received from the Van Geest Foundation Cancer Research Fund, a charitable trust established to administer funds donated by John and Lucille van Geest Foundation. The objects of the fund are to advance education at the University into all aspects of cancer biology and contribute towards and meet the costs of cancer research undertaken at the University and the publication of useful results of such research.

24 Restricted Reserves

Reserves with restrictions are as follows:

	Consolidated and University		
	Donations £'000	2021 Total £'000	2020 Total £'000
Balances at 1 August	148	148	60
New grants	-	-	-
New donations	275	275	131
Capital grants utilised	-	-	-
Expenditure	(135)	(135)	(43)
Total restricted comprehensive income for the year	140	140	88
At 31 July	288	288	148
<i>Analysis of other restricted funds /donations by type of purpose:</i>			
Lectureships	-	-	-
Scholarships and bursaries	-	26	26
Research support	-	-	-
Prize funds	-	7	7
General	-	255	115
	-	288	148

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2021

25 Cash and cash equivalents

Consolidated	At 1st August 2020 £'000	Cash Flows £'000	At 31st July 2021 £'000
Cash and cash equivalents	92,434	31,766	124,200
	<u>92,434</u>	<u>31,766</u>	<u>124,200</u>

26 Reconciliation of net debt

		£'000
Net debt 1 August 2020		12,460
Movement in cash and cash equivalents		(31,766)
Repayment of unsecured loans and finance leases		(20,392)
Net debt 31 July 2021		<u>52,158</u>
Change in net debt		<u>(39,698)</u>
Analysis of net debt:		
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Cash and cash equivalents	(124,200)	(92,434)
Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year		
Unsecured loans	223	20,391
Obligations under finance leases	-	-
	<u>223</u>	<u>20,391</u>
Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year		
Unsecured loans	<u>84,279</u>	<u>84,503</u>
	<u>84,279</u>	<u>84,503</u>
Net debt	<u>(39,698)</u>	<u>12,460</u>

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

27 Capital and other commitments

Provision has not been made for the following capital commitments at 31 July 2021:

	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
	Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
Commitments contracted for	11,452	11,368	11,030	9,431
	11,452	11,368	11,030	9,431

28 Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities at the year end.

29 Operating lease obligations

Total rentals payable under operating leases:

	Plant and Machinery	Land and buildings	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Payable during the year	469	694	1,163	1,634
Future minimum lease payments due:				
Not later than 1 year	404	656	1,060	1,035
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	110	2,440	2,550	2,814
Later than 5 years	-	7,184	7,184	7,761
Total lease payments due	514	10,280	10,794	11,610

30 Government non-recurrent grant deferred income

	Consolidated and University		2021	2020
	Funding Councils £'000	Other Grants £'000	Total £'000	Total £'000
Balances at 1 August - Buildings only	54,656	9,308	63,964	59,824
New grants	3,100	6,312	9,412	5,685
Release to income statement	(1,454)	(330)	(1,784)	(1,545)
At 31 July - Buildings only	56,302	15,290	71,592	63,964
<i>Analysed by:</i>				
Creditors : amounts falling due within one year			1,999	1,587
Creditors : amounts falling due after more than one year			69,593	62,377
			71,592	63,964

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

31 Subsidiary undertakings

The subsidiary companies (all of which are registered in England & Wales), wholly-owned or effectively controlled by the University, are as follows:

Company	Principal Activity	Status
Nottingham Law School Limited	Dormant	100% owned
Nottingham Consultants Limited	Provision of courses, consultancy services and commercial research and the commercial letting of accommodation	100% owned
Nottingham Trent Residences 1 plc	Dormant	100% owned
Nottingham International College Limited	Dormant	100% owned
Nottingham Conference Centre Limited	Provision of conference and catering facilities	100% owned
Confetti Constellations Limited	Provision of education facilities and services for music, multi-media and communications courses, including the design, consultancy, supply and installation services for the provision of music, moving image, IT equipment and furniture	100% owned
Nottingham Law School Legal Advice Centre Limited	Provision of legal advice and information services to the local community and individuals in need, whilst providing practical experience to law students undertaking their professional law training under the supervision and guidance of qualified solicitors	Limited by Guarantee
Nova Centric Limited	Provision of further and higher education courses in music, multi-media and communication courses	Limited by Guarantee
NTU Temporary Staff Limited	Provision of temporary staff	Limited by Guarantee
MTIF (BEZ) Limited	Provision of goods, services and equipment to and for the University's medical technologies innovation facility.	Limited by Guarantee
Notts TV Limited	Provision of a local broadcast service to the Nottingham area	100% owned
Nottingham Business School Limited	Dormant	100% owned
Nottingham Language Centre Limited	Dormant	100% owned
Confetti Media Limited	Dormant	100% owned

32 Connected charitable Institutions

A number of charitable institutions are administered by or on behalf of the University and have been established for its general or special purposes. As a result, under paragraph 28 of Schedule 3 to the Charities Act 2011, these connected institutions are exempt from registration with the Charity Commission.

The movements in the year on the total funds of all connected institutions were as follows:

	Opening balance £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Closing Balance £'000
within Consolidated Financial Statements				
Van Geest Cancer Research Fund	4,960	92	(213)	4,839
Nottingham Trent University Trust Fund	180	1	-	181

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2021

33 Pension Schemes

The University participates, principally, in two pension schemes, the Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). It also participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS), although there is only a small number of participants and a low level of contributions.

Total Pension Cost for the year:

		Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
TPS:	Contributions Paid		15,575		14,398
USS:	Contributions Paid	1,572		1,515	
	Pension operating costs	18		(1,715)	
			1,590		(200)
LGPS	Contributions Paid	10,126		8,587	
	Pension operating costs - administration charge	178		114	
	Pension operating costs	22,730		15,642	
			33,034		24,343
	Enhanced pension contributions		203		263
	Past Service liability contributions		1,557		1,548
	Pension Cost for year - University		51,959		40,352
	Other pension contributions		253		154
	Pension Cost for year - Consolidated		52,212		40,506

Other pension contributions relate to payments made by Confetti Constellations Limited and Nova Centric Limited to several pensions funds, including employees' personal pensions. No further disclosure is made on the grounds of materiality.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer defined benefit scheme. Contributions on a pay as you go basis are credited to the Exchequer under arrangements governed by the Superannuation Act 1972.

Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the scheme cannot allocate assets to individual contributing institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. As such, the University is exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme and, therefore, as required by FRS 102(28), accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

The pension cost is normally assessed every four years in accordance with the advice of the Government Actuary. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS is as at 31 March 2016 and contains assumptions and other relevant data that have the most significant effect on the determination of the contribution levels as follows:

TPS Fund position at last valuation

Valuation Method	Prospective benefits
Market value of assets at date of last valuation	£ 196,100 m
Proportion of members' accrued benefits covered by the actuarial value of assets	90%
Salary scale increases per annum	4.00%

Following the publication of the latest interim actuarial valuation in April 2019 the employer contribution was set at 23.68% with effect from September 2019.

Universities' Superannuation Scheme

The latest available complete actuarial valuation of the Retirement Income Builder section of the Scheme is at 31 March 2018 ("the valuation date"), which was carried out using the projected unit method. A valuation as at 31 March 2020 is underway but not yet complete.

Since the institution cannot identify its share of Retirement Income Builder (defined benefit) assets and liabilities, the following disclosures reflect those relevant for those assets and liabilities as a whole.

The 2018 valuation was the fifth valuation for USS under the scheme-specific funding regime introduced by the Pensions Act 2004, which requires schemes to adopt a statutory funding objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. At the valuation date, the value of the assets of the scheme was £63.7 billion and the value of the scheme's technical provisions was £67.3 billion indicating a shortfall of £3.6 billion and a funding ratio of 95%.

The key financial assumptions used in the 2018 valuation are described below. More detail is set out in the Statement of Funding Principles.

Pension increases (CPI)	Term dependent rates in line with the difference between the Fixed Interest and Index Linked yield curves, less 1.3% p.a.
Discount rate (forward rates)	Years 1-10: CPI + 0.14% reducing linearly to CPI - 0.73% Years 11-20: CPI + 2.52% reducing linearly to CPI + 1.55% by year 21 Years 21 +: CPI + 1.55%

The main demographic assumption used relates to the mortality assumptions. These assumptions are based on analysis of the scheme's experience carried out as part of the 2018 actuarial valuation. The mortality assumptions used in these figures are as follows:

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2020

33 Pension Schemes (cont'd)

Universities' Superannuation Scheme (cont'd)

Mortality base table	Pre-retirement: 71% of AMCO0 (duration 0) for males and 112% of AFC00 (duration 0) for females Post retirement: 97.6% of SAPS S1NMA "light" for males and 102.7% of RFV00 for females
Future improvements to mortality	CMI_2017 with a smoothing parameter of 8.5 and a long term improvement rate of 1.8% pa for males and 1.6% pa for females

The current life expectancies on retirement at age 65 are:

	2018 valuation	2017 valuation
Males currently aged 65 (years)	24.4	24.4
Females currently aged 65 (years)	25.9	25.9
Males currently aged 45 (years)	26.3	26.3
Females currently aged 45 (years)	27.7	27.7

A new deficit recovery plan was put in place as part of the 2018 valuation, which requires payment of 2% of salaries over the period 1 October 2019 to 30 September 2021 at which point the rate will increase to 6%, until 31 March 2028. The 2020 deficit recovery liability reflects this plan. The liability figures have been produced using the following assumptions:

	2021	2020
Discount rate	0.87%	0.73%
Pensionable salary growth	3.50%	3.50%

In the year ended 31 July 2020, the liability was based on the previous deficit recovery plan, which required payment of 5% of salaries over the period 1 April 2020 to 30 June 2034.

Since the year end a further full valuation as at 31 March 2020 has been signed and filed with The Pensions Regulator with an effective date of 1 October 2021. This new plan requires deficit payments of 2% of salaries to 30 September 2021 and 6.3% of salaries from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2038. See note 37 for further information.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a defined benefit statutory scheme administered in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 and currently provides benefit on career average revalued earnings.

The administering authority for the fund is Nottinghamshire County Council. The Pension Fund Committee oversees the management of the Fund whilst day to day administration is undertaken by a team within the administering authority. Where appropriate some functions are delegated to the Fund's professional advisers.

As administering authority to the Fund, Nottingham County Council, after consultation with the Fund Actuary and other relevant parties, is responsible for the preparation and maintenance of the Funding Strategy Statement and the Statement of Investing Principles. These should be amended when appropriate based on the Fund's performance and funding.

The Fund is valued every three years by a professionally qualified independent actuary, as required by regulations, using the projected unit method. Contributions are set as a result of the actuarial valuation. The last valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2019 and set contributions for the period April 2020 to March 2023. During this accounting period the University's minimum employer contributions were 15.3% , whilst a separate lump sum payment of £4.78m is payable over the three year valuation period to fund past service liabilities. The fund position as at 31 March 2019 is detailed below:

Value of Assets	£5,433m
Funding level for accrued benefit	93%
Investment return per annum to meet future service liabilities:	
- equities	6.7%
- gilts	1.7%
- property	6.1%
- cash	0.8%
- inflation linked fund	5.6%
Long term pay scale increases per annum	3.6%
Consumer price inflation	2.6%
Pension increase per annum	2.6%

There are no minimum funding requirements in the LGPS but contributions are generally set to target a funding level of 100% using the actuarial valuation assumptions.

To assess the value of the University's liabilities at 31 July 2021, the Actuary rolled forward the value of the University's liabilities calculated for the funding valuation as at 31 March 2019, using the financial assumptions that comply with FRS102.

To calculate the asset share the actuary has rolled forward the assets allocated to the University at 31 March 2019 allowing for investment returns, contributions paid into, and estimated benefits paid from, the Fund by and in respect of the University and its employees.

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2021

33 Pension Schemes (cont'd)

Local Government Pension Scheme (cont'd)

The full actuarial valuation involved projecting future cashflows to be paid from the Fund and placing value on them. These cashflows include pensions currently being paid to members of the Fund as well as pensions (and lump sums) that may be payable in future to members of the Fund and their dependents. These pensions are linked to inflation and will normally be payable on retirement of the life of the member or a dependent following a member's death.

It is not possible to accurately assess the estimated liabilities as at 31 July 2021 without completing a full valuation. However, the Actuary and the University are satisfied that the approach of rolling forward previous valuation data to 31 July 2021 should not introduce any material distortions to the results provided that the actual experience of the University and the Fund has been broadly in line with underlying assumptions, and that the structure of the liabilities is substantially the same as at the latest formal valuation.

In addition, the actuary adopted a set of demographic assumptions consistent with those used for the most recent Fund valuation (31 March 2019). The post retirement mortality tables adopted are S3PA tables with a multiplier of 110% for males and 105% for females. These base tables are then projected using the CMI 2018 Model, allowing for a long-term rate of improvement of 0.5% pa.

The material assumptions used by the Actuary as at 31 July 2021 were:

	2021	2020
	% p.a	% p.a
<i>Financial assumptions (referenced to market conditions at 31 July 2021)</i>		
Discount Rate	1.60%	1.40%
Pension increases	2.80%	2.20%
Salary increases	3.80%	3.20%

The discount rate is the annualised Merrill Lynch AA-rated corporate bond yield curve.

The Consumer Prices Index assumption, on which future pension increases are expected to be based, will be 2.8% p.a.

Salaries are assumed to increase at 1.0% p.a above CPI . This is consistent with the approach at the previous year end.

		2021	2020
<i>Mortality assumptions (life expectation from age 65)</i>	Retiring today		
	Males	21.6	21.8
	Females	24.3	24.4
Retiring in 20 years	Males	22.9	23.2
	Females	25.7	25.9

Fund members' behaviour

- Members will exchange half their commutable pension for cash at retirement;
- Members will retire at one retirement age for all tranches of benefit; and
- 10% of active members will take up option under the new LGPS to pay 50% of contributions for 50% of benefits.

The University's share of net assets of the Fund is approximately 5% and the estimated asset allocation as at 31 July 2021 attributable to the University is as follows:

	31 July 2021		31 July 2020	
	£'000	%	£'000	%
Equities	231,155	65%	181,031	60%
Gilts	11,649	3%	11,761	4%
Other bonds	22,479	6%	25,944	9%
Property	36,491	10%	39,863	13%
Cash	14,542	4%	11,902	4%
Inflation-linked pool funds	17,054	5%	11,403	4%
Infrastructure	19,297	5%	17,755	6%
Unit trust	3,403	1%	3,246	1%
	<u>356,070</u>		<u>302,905</u>	

The University's financial position in the LGPS Scheme as at 31 July 2021 is:

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Fair value of Fund assets	356,070	302,905
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(739,606)	(653,604)
Surplus / (Deficit)	(383,536)	(350,699)
Present value of unfunded obligation	(3,411)	(3,529)
Net defined benefit asset / (liability)	<u>(386,947)</u>	<u>(354,228)</u>

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2021

33 Pension Schemes (cont'd)

Local Government Pension Scheme (cont'd)

Reconciliation of opening & closing balances of the present value of defined benefit and unfunded obligations

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Opening defined benefit and unfunded obligation	657,133	519,748
Current service cost	34,537	25,953
Interest cost	9,172	10,876
Past service costs, including curtailment	-	78
Contributions	4,497	4,348
Benefits paid net of transfers in	(8,600)	(8,148)
Change in financial and demographic assumptions and experience loss/(gain)	46,278	104,278
Closing defined benefit and unfunded obligation	743,017	657,133

Reconciliation of opening & closing balances of the fair value of Fund assets

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Opening fair value of Fund Assets	302,905	296,542
Interest on assets	4,294	6,296
Return on assets less interest	41,345	(8,672)
Administration expenses	(178)	(114)
Other actuarial gains/(losses)	-	2,264
Contributions by University including unfunded	11,807	10,389
Contributions by Scheme participants	4,497	4,348
Benefits paid net of transfers in	(8,600)	(8,148)
Closing fair value of Fund Assets	356,070	302,905

Actuarial gain/(loss) in other comprehensive income

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Return on Fund assets in excess of interest	41,345	(8,672)
Other actuarial losses on assets	-	2,264
Change in financial assumptions	(65,597)	(76,466)
Change in demographic assumptions	8,202	13,010
Experience gain/(loss) on defined benefit obligation	11,117	(40,822)
Actuarial gain/(loss) of the net assets/defined liability	(4,933)	(110,686)

Sensitivity analysis

	£'000	£'000	£'000
Adjustment to discount rate	+0.1%	+0.0%	-0.1%
Present value of total obligation	725,033	743,017	761,465
Projected service cost	37,846	39,380	40,972
Adjustment to long term salary increase	+0.1%	+0.0%	-0.1%
Present value of total obligation	745,084	743,017	740,969
Projected service cost	39,401	39,380	39,359
Adjustment to pension increases and deferred revaluation	+0.1%	+0.0%	-0.1%
Present value of total obligation	759,162	743,017	727,271
Projected service cost	40,950	39,380	37,865
Adjustment to life expectancy assumptions	+ 1 Year	None	- 1 Year
Present value of total obligation	774,666	743,017	712,712
Projected service cost	41,058	39,380	37,764

Projected pension expense for the year to 31 July 2021

	2021
	£'000
Service Cost	39,380
Net interest on defined liability / (asset)	6,097
Administration expenses	182
Total loss / (profit)	45,659
Employer contributions	11,678

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

34 Related Party Transactions

The University controls 100% of the voting rights of all subsidiary undertakings. Therefore the University has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 (33.1A) and has not disclosed transactions or balances with entities that form part of the group and are included within these financial statements.

As at the year end, the University had an outstanding loan of £Nil (2020: £0.35m) from BioCity Nottingham Limited. The loan accrued interest at 1% above the Barclays Bank Plc base rate and all interest due was paid in the year to 31 July 2021. The investment in Biocity Group Limited was sold in the year ended 31 July 2021.

Due to the nature of the University's operations and the composition of the Board of Governors (being drawn from public and private sector organisations) it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the Board of Governors may have an interest. All transactions involving organisations in which a member of the Board of Governors may have an interest are conducted at arms' length and in accordance with the University's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

Mr C Naughton and Mr Geoff Love, in addition to being University Governors/Trustees, were also members of the Board of Trustees of the Nottingham Trent University Students Union. Transactions with a total value of £1.7m relating to block grant and other activities took place between the University and the Students Union.

Organisations and companies in which members of Council or senior management have an interest

	Income from related party £'000	Expenditure to related party £'000	Balance due from related party £'000	Balance due to related party £'000
Creative Quarter Nottingham Limited	-	146	-	-
Digital Catapult Services Limited	-	927	-	14
Shakespeare Martineau LLP	-	45	-	9

A member of the Board of Governors is a director of each of the above companies.

The Director of Finance is a director of U.M.Association Limited, a company which provides insurance brokerage services to the university.

35 Transactions whereby University acts only as paying agent on behalf of a funding body

Funding body grants are available solely for students; the University acts only as the paying agent. The grants and disbursements are therefore excluded from income and expenditure statement.

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Learner support funds		
Education and Skills Funding Agency grants	81	72
Interest earned	-	-
	<u>81</u>	<u>72</u>
Disbursement to students	(57)	(66)
Balance unspent as at 31 July	<u>24</u>	<u>6</u>
Department for Education bursaries		
Department for Education bursaries	2,581	2,156
Interest earned	-	-
	<u>2,581</u>	<u>2,156</u>
Disbursement to students	(2,505)	(2,070)
Balance unspent as at 31 July	<u>76</u>	<u>86</u>

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2021

36 Access and participation

	Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
	Consolidated £'000	University £'000	Consolidated £'000	University £'000
Access investment	2,096	2,038	1,066	1,015
Financial support	10,131	10,131	8,043	8,043
Support for disabled students	852	818	840	807
Research and evaluation	210	210	187	187
	13,289	13,197	10,136	10,052

Access and participation expenditure includes £2,468k (£1,676k) of staff costs. These costs are also included in the overall staff costs figures for financial statements note 7.

Investment in the Access and Participation for 2020/21 is 19% higher than the original plan. An additional £2.4m has been spent on financial support as a result of the University having more low-income/bursary eligible students and increased hardship payments as a result of the pandemic.

The delivery of outreach activities was restricted by the pandemic during 2020/21. However, access spend has increased from last year following the opening of the Mansfield HE Hub, one of the key strategic measures of the Access and Participation plan.

Success and Participation activities are no longer formally reported on but spend on these activities across the university amounted to £4.4m in 2020/21.

The university access and participation plan can be found at

https://apis.officeforstudents.org.uk/accessplansdownloads/1920/NottinghamTrentUniversity_APP_2019-2020_V1_10004797.pdf

37 Post balance sheet event

Since the year end the Universities Superannuation Scheme 2020 valuation has been signed and filed with The Pensions Regulator with an effective date of 1 October 2021. This new plan requires deficit payments of 2% of salaries to 30 September 2021 and 6.3% of salaries from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2038. The impact of this new valuation is to increase the USS provision at year end from £3.1m to £9.3m as at 31 July 2021. This adjustment has not been reflected in the financial statements as the new valuation occurred after the year end and as such is a non-adjusting post balance sheet event.

Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2021

38 US loans supplementary schedule - Sterling £
Basis of preparation

Nottingham Trent University has an obligation as part of its participation in the US Federal Loans program to include Supplemental Information which complies with Federal Register/Vol. 84, No. 184 / Monday, September 23, 2019 / Rules and Regulations. This data is prepared using UK GAAP and does not include any adjustments that would be required to comply with US GAAP.

Reference	Expendable Net Assets		Year Ended 31 July 2021		Year Ended 31 July 2020	
			£000	£000	£000	£000
Statement of Financial Position and Changes in Reserves	Statement of Financial Position - Net assets without donor restrictions	Net assets without donor restrictions		6,854		(17,434)
Statement of Financial Position and Changes in Reserves	Statement of Financial Position - Net assets with donor restrictions	Net assets with donor restrictions		5,127		5,108
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note disclosure	Secured and Unsecured related party receivable		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note disclosure	Unsecured related party receivable		-		-
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Property, Plant and equipment, net	Property, plant and equipment, net (includes Construction in progress)	462,257		452,017	
Notes 12 and 19	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Property, plant and equipment - pre-implementation	Property, plant and equipment - pre-implementation		391,071		415,255
Notes 12 and 19	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation with outstanding debt for original purchase	Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation with outstanding debt for original purchase		-		701
Notes 12 and 19	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation without outstanding debt for original purchase	Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation without outstanding debt for original purchase		63,884		16,762
Notes 12 and 19	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Construction in progress	Construction in progress		7,302		19,299
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use assets, net	Lease right-of-use asset, net		-		-
n/a	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation	Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation		-		-
n/a	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset post-implementation	Lease right-of-use asset post-implementation		-		-
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Goodwill	Intangible assets		2,243		2,797
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Other intangible assets	Intangible assets		-		-
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Post-employment and pension liabilities	Post-employment and pension liabilities		402,784		370,860
Notes 19 and 20	Statement of Financial Position - Note Payable and Line of Credit for long-term purposes (both current and long term) and Line of Credit for Construction in process	Long-term debt - for long term purposes	84,000		104,000	
Note 20	Statement of Financial Position - Note Payable and Line of Credit for long-term purposes (both current and long term) and Line of Credit for Construction in process	Long-term debt - for long term purposes pre-implementation		84,000		84,000
Notes 19 and 20	Statement of Financial Position - Note Payable and Line of Credit for long-term purposes (both current and long term) and Line of Credit for Construction in process	Long-term debt - for long term purposes post-implementation		-		701
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Note Payable and Line of Credit for long-term purposes (both current and long term) and Line of Credit for Construction in process	Line of Credit for Construction in process		-		19,299
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset liability	Lease right-of-use asset liability		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset liability pre-implementation	Pre-implementation right-of-use leases		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset liability post-implementation	Post-implementation right-of-use leases		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Annuities	Annuities with donor restrictions		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Term endowments	Term endowments with donor restrictions		-		-
Statement of Financial Position and Changes in Reserves	Statement of Financial Position - Life Income Funds	Life income funds with donor restrictions		5,127		5,108
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Perpetual Funds	Net assets with donor restrictions: restricted in perpetuity		-		-
Total Expenses and Losses						
Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	Statement of Activities - Total Operating Expenses (Total from Statement of Activities prior to adjustments)	Total expenses without donor restrictions - taken directly from Statement of Activities		349,822		332,479
Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	Statement of Activities - Non-Operating (Investment return appropriated for spending), Investments, net of annual spending gain (loss), Other components of net periodic pension costs, Pension-related changes other than net periodic pension, changes other than net periodic pension, Change in value of split-interest agreements and Other gains (loss) - (Total from Statement of Activities prior to adjustments)	Non-Operating and Net Investment (loss)		(3,778)		111,887
Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	Statement of Activities - (Investment return appropriated for spending) and Investments, net of annual spending, gain (loss)	Net investment losses		(8,819)		(836)
n/a	Statement of Activities - Pension related changes other than periodic pension	Pension-related changes other than net periodic costs		-		-
Modified Net Assets						
Statement of Financial Position and Changes in Reserves	Statement of Financial Position - Net assets without donor restrictions	Net assets without donor restrictions		6,854		(17,434)
Statement of Financial Position and Changes in Reserves	Statement of Financial Position - total Net assets with donor restrictions	Net assets with donor restrictions		5,127		5,108
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Goodwill	Intangible assets		2,243		2,797
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note disclosure	Secured and Unsecured related party receivable		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note disclosure	Unsecured related party receivable		-		-
Modified Assets						
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Total Assets	Total Assets		630,065		573,051
n/a	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation	Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset liability pre-implementation	Pre-implementation right-of-use leases		-		-
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Goodwill	Intangible assets		2,243		2,797
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note disclosure	Secured and Unsecured related party receivable		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note disclosure	Unsecured related party receivable		-		-
Net Income Ratio						
Statement of Changes in Reserves	Statement of Activities - Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions		24,288		(105,953)
Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	Statement of Activities - (Net assets released from restriction), Total Operating Revenue and Other Additions and Sale of Fixed Assets, gains (losses)	Total Revenue and Gains		369,253		338,390