Rethinking Belonging and the First Year Experience

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context

- how is research retention and part-time, mature undergraduates relevant to 'the first year experience'?
- undergraduates most vulnerable to withdrawal in first year
- significant differential in full/part-time withdrawal rates
- non-traditional students more likely to be returning to education after a break/have non-standard entry qualifications
- implications for transition and induction?
- key research theme a critical approach to discourse of 'belonging' in retention literature – rethinking belonging

why rethink belonging?

- the discourse of 'belonging' in retention literature is problematic in relation to part-time, mature undergraduates in English higher education (HE)
- a borderland analysis (Abes, 2009) interrogates 'belonging' in relation to part-time, mature undergraduates through ideas of power, identity and space/place
- how can an enriched understanding of 'belonging' the complexity of belonging in contested space be acknowledged in 'first year experience' induction and transition?

why is 'belonging' problematic?

- Tinto (1975) integration and congruency as conditions of student persistence;
- Thomas (2012) 'a sense of belonging is ... critical to both retention and success'
- uniform and universal discourse of belonging based on dominant idea of HE student as full-time, young, time-rich, residential
- who belongs and to what? what practices of belonging are recognised and validated in institutional discourses – (and in transition/induction)?

part-time, mature undergraduates

- highly diverse cohort: age, gender, ethnicity, educational background, qualification aim, employment status, parental and/or caring status...
- a 'highly instrumental approach to HE'
- part-time, mature students' 'difference' and 'absence' viewed as problematic
- what assumptions do transition/induction procedures make about engagement with HE/the institution/other students?

a borderland analysis



difference power

gender ethnicity CLASS

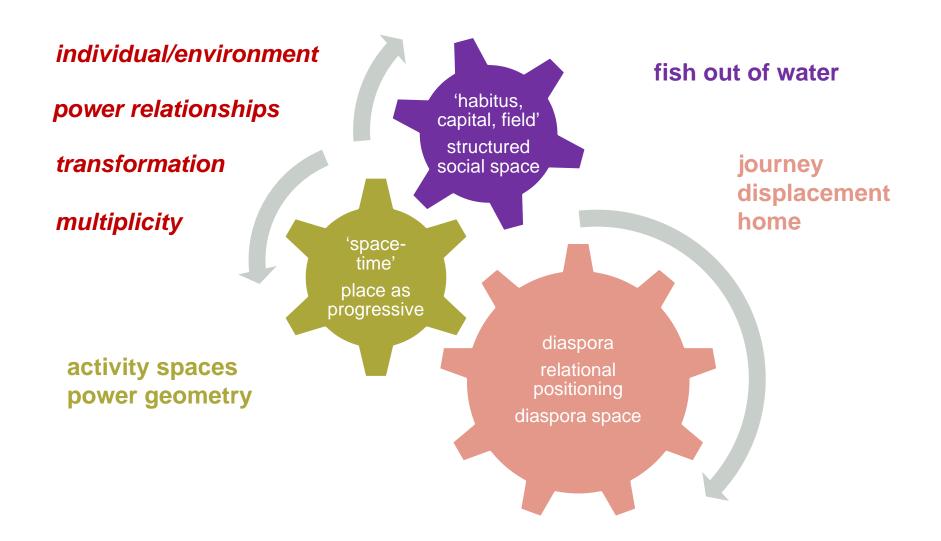
identity place territory

'home' SPACE

'to realise the complexity of student development it is important to use multiple theoretical perspectives in conjunction with one another, even when they contradict'

Abes, 2012:190

Bourdieu/Brah/Massey



rethinking belonging

This borderland analysis

- supports ideas of identity as multiple, fluid, complex
- considers spatial dimensions of identity and belonging
- understands HEIs as diverse, unfixed with potential for multiple versions of belonging, some more powerful than others
- shows belonging to be a continually renegotiated process
- argues diversity and complexity are counter-intuitive to universal statements of belonging
- what practices of belonging are outside the institutional gaze?
- to what extent are they recognised by induction/transition processes?

theory into practice?

- what is the geography of power within the institution who / what is seen as problematic?
- how are part-time, mature undergraduates positioned within the institution?
- what spaces/places do part-time, mature students occupy/create for learning, sociality, development?
- how is belonging experienced/imagined by parttime/mature/first-year students?
- what versions of belonging are promoted/defined through transition and induction processes?
- how might alternative versions of belonging be acknowledged?

thank you.

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