Nottingham Trent University

Consolidated and University

Financial Statements

as at

31 July 2022

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Operating and Financial Review

Financial statements as at 31 July 2022

STRATEGY: UNIVERSITY, REIMAGINED

The University's Strategy builds on its recent success and is bold and distinctive. It seeks to reimagine NTU under six key Strategic Themes, five of which have been carried forward from the previous strategy. The Themes have the following ambitions for where we will be by 2025:

Creating Opportunity

Through pursuing personalisation of student experience above and beyond expectations, every student has the potential to develop the knowledge, skills and resilience they seek to create meaning and purpose in their lives. Our global community of lifelong learners has access to flexible courses of equal quality to our celebrated campus provision. Our delivery of social mobility through parity of outcomes has bestowed international recognition.

Valuing Ideas

We have defined, resourced, and promoted a compelling portfolio of world-class research and innovation. We have created new ways for collaborators to share in the spirit of creativity and curiosity that characterises our research, scholarship, and practice.

Enriching Society

We are a widely acknowledged force for good in economic, social and cultural development. We collaborate with those who like us want to address the key challenges of our times and our places.

Embracing Sustainability

We have curated an intergenerational conversation with our students, colleagues, and stakeholders and are recognised as the most environmentally responsible University in the UK.

Connecting Globally

We have gained renown for our truly global perspective. We are not restricted by borders or boundaries. We work together to deepen and share our insights and understanding of our world for the benefit of the planet and all its inhabitants.

Empowering People

Distinctive and disruptive, we have empowered people to do the right thing. We have been bold in exploring unfamiliar paths and pursuing novel solutions.

Delivering *University, reimagined* involves working across the University. Each department of the University has developed a set of ambitious 'commitments' that it is making to the achievement of the Strategy for 2025 and has developed associated annual action plans.

NTU continues to innovate and expand its provision. In 2019 NTU embarked on a plan to bring Higher Education to school leavers in the Mansfield and Ashfield area, and invested in a partnership with West Nottinghamshire College to deliver higher education from the College's main campus in Mansfield. Mansfield will be the initial focus for NTU's new provision of Higher Technical Qualifications. Not only are we offering education that supports local skills needs and shapes a prosperous future for the local economy, it also enables us to play a role in creating initiatives that will transform the towns over the next ten years.

In addition to the Mansfield provision, NTU is expanding into London with Confetti and a new specialist centre for digital arts, production and performance offering a range of undergraduate- and postgraduate-level courses opening in 2023.

CORPORATE AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILTY

Nottingham Trent University is a leader in corporate responsibility (CR), global citizenship and sustainable business practices. Commitment to our students, customers, staff, partners, communities and the environment is an integral part of the way we work. Operating with integrity and transparency, our aim is to embed CR throughout the organisation, integrating it with corporate strategy, decision making and risk assessment.

Every year, hundreds of our students volunteer to work in schools, colleges and community organisations, primarily in deprived areas where progression rates into university are lower than average. The students help to raise pupil aspiration and attainment and support local community groups, whilst developing their own skills and enhancing their experience at university.

Commitment to environmental sustainability is a key part of our strategy. NTU holds the externally-accredited Eco Campus Platinum and ISO 14001 status for its environmental performance and practices. We continue to maintain a leading position in the People & Planet Green League, in which we are ranked as a "First Class" University.

NTU helps to stimulate economic growth and development in the region through a number of initiatives including The Dryden Enterprise Centre, through participation in a wide range of public events and provision of business services. NTU leads, with the Universities of Nottingham, the Universities for Nottingham initiative, a pioneering collaboration, bringing together the combined strength of Nottingham's two world-class universities for the benefit of the local area, its people and its communities. Working with local partners the aim is to improve levels of prosperity, opportunity, sustainability, health and wellbeing.

PRINCIPAL CORPORATE RISKS

Principal corporate risks are included as a standing agenda item each week at the meetings of the University Executive Team (UET) and are formally reviewed quarterly. This is part of an institution-wide Risk Management framework which has been developed and refined over a number of years. The Audit and Risk Management Committee has responsibility for ensuring that risk management systems are embedded and effective.

REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

Legal status

Nottingham Trent University is a Higher Education Corporation (HEC) established under the provisions of the Education Reform Act 1988. The powers of the University are specified in section 124 of that Act and further articulated in the Further and Higher Education Act 1992.

Charitable status

As a HEC, the University has exempt charitable status (which derives from the Charities Act 1993 and its successor legislation). It is subject to regulation by the Office for Students (OfS) as the Principal Regulator of those Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in England (17/18 and 19/20 paragraph 12d).

The members of the Board of Governors are also the Trustees of the University for the purposes of charity law.

Scope of the financial statements

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) for the Further and Higher Education Sector 2019 and FRS102, and in accordance with the accounts direction set out by OfS in its role as Principal Regulator for exempt-charity Higher Education Institutions in England.

The Financial Statements comprise the consolidated results of the University and its wholly owned subsidiary companies as follows:

- Nottingham Consultants Limited undertakes those activities which, for legal or commercial reasons, are more
 appropriately channelled through a limited company;
- Nottingham Conference Centre Limited provides conference and catering facilities for external clients;
- Nottingham Law School Legal Advice Centre Limited provides legal advice and information services to the local community and individuals in need, whilst providing practical experience to law students;
- Nova Centric Limited provides further and higher education courses in music, multi-media and communication;
- Confetti Constellations Limited provides education facilities and services for music, multi-media and communications courses, including the design, consultancy, supply and installation services for the provision of music, moving image, IT equipment and furniture;
- NTU Temporary Staff Limited provides temporary staff to the University;
- MTIF (BEZ) Limited provides goods, services and equipment to and for the University's medical technologies innovation facility; and
- Notts TV Limited provides a local broadcast service to the Nottingham area.

All subsidiaries covenant the whole of any distributable taxable profits to the University, except for Nova Centric Limited which is a charitable company.

The University sold its investment in BioCity Group Limited on 29th March 2021. The consolidated results include the University's share of the net assets of BioCity Group Limited until this date.

FINANCIAL REPORT

The University has delivered a strong financial performance in the year, producing an operating cash inflow of £78 million. The surplus for the year of £16 million includes accounting adjustments for pension staff costs of £40 million which are based on an actuarial valuation at year end.

The high level of cash generation enables significant investment in the delivery of our Strategic Plan and in facilities and equipment to support teaching and research.

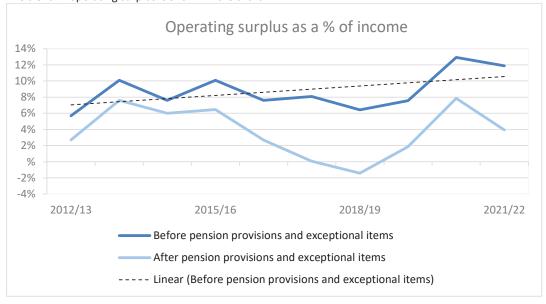
Income and Expenditure Account

The table below is a summary of the Income and Expenditure Account:

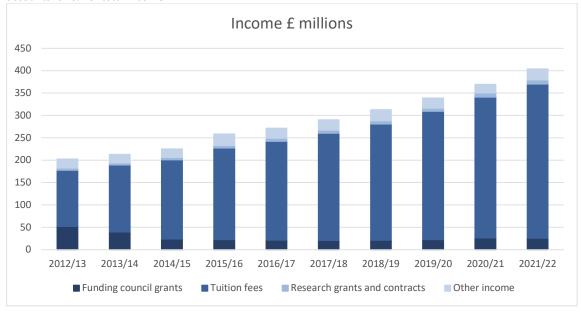
The table below is a summary of the income and Exper	iditare Accoun	116.			
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	2018
	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>
Income	404.1	369.5	339.1	313.0	290.3
Expenditure	(356.1)	(321.8)	(313.5)	(292.9)	(266.8)
Surplus before pension staff cost adjustments and	48.0	47.7	25.6	20.1	23.5
other gains/(losses)	(20.5)	(20.0)	(40.0)	(2.4.2)	(47.4)
FRS102 pension operating and finance costs	(39.5)	(28.0)	(19.0)	(24.3)	(17.1)
Exceptional items	_	_			(6.9)
Exceptional items			-	-	(0.5)
Operating surplus/(deficit)	8.5	19.7	6.6	(4.2)	(0.5)
Other gains/losses	7.4	9.3	(0.3)	(0.2)	0.7
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	15.9	29.0	6.3	(4.4)	0.2

The surplus of £15.9 million represents 3.9% of income. Before pension provisions and other gains and losses the surplus is £48 million, 11.9% of income. Pension staff cost accounting adjustments relate primarily to the LGPS scheme. Actual contributions paid to the scheme, including deficit contributions, are £12.7 million. The accounting adjustments are in addition to contributions and are driven by factors such as the current year and prior year discount rate and pension increase assumptions, as well as return on net assets.

The trend in operating surplus is shown in the chart.



Income has grown by 9.4% year on year and by 39% over the last five years. Income from tuition fees represents 85% of total income. Since 2009/10 funding council grant income has decreased by over £50 million and now accounts for 6% of total income.



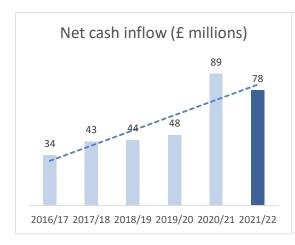
Expenditure in 2021/22 has increased by 13%. This increase in expenditure is due to expenditure levels returning to pre-covid levels as well as growth in student numbers, higher pension contributions, as well as planned investment to support the implementation of the Strategic Plan.

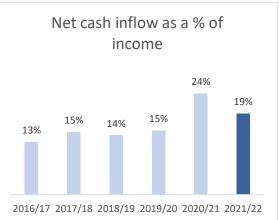
Staff costs excluding pension operating cost adjustments represent 55% of total income (56% 2020/21).



Cash Flow

The University sets a minimum 10% Net Cash Inflow from Operations target as the key financial performance indicator. This target has been established to ensure investment capacity is created and to provide a sustainable financial model. In 2021/22 a net cash inflow from operations of £78 million and 19% of income was achieved, exceeding the long-term financial plan target and historic performance levels. The current financial year is forecast to deliver more typical results.





The treasury management policy prioritises security over returns and is formally reviewed annually by the Board of Governors. The University maintains a firm policy with regard to debtors. In respect of creditors, the University ensures prompt payment of suppliers and, subject to any other agreed contractual conditions, will normally make payment within 30 days following the date of invoice.

Balance Sheet

Net Assets excluding Pension Provisions have increased by £55 million due to strong financial performance and cash generation.

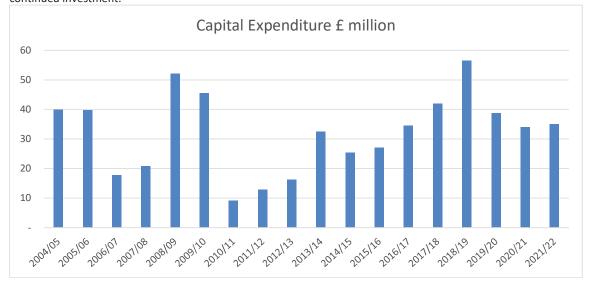
	<u>2022</u>	2021	2020	2019	2018
	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>
Non-current Assets	473.0	465.9	457.9	443.3	405.4
Non-current Assets	473.0	403.3	437.3	443.3	403.4
Current Assets (non-cash)	25.4	20.0	22.8	23.7	21.8
Cash and short-term deposits	192.3	144.2	92.4	62.9	74.4
Current Liabilities	(65.4)	(57.4)	(66.6)	(50.7)	(43.5)
•					
Net Current Assets	152.3	106.8	48.6	35.9	52.7
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	625.3	572.7	506.5	479.2	458.1

Operating and financial review (continued)

Financial statements as at 31 July 2022

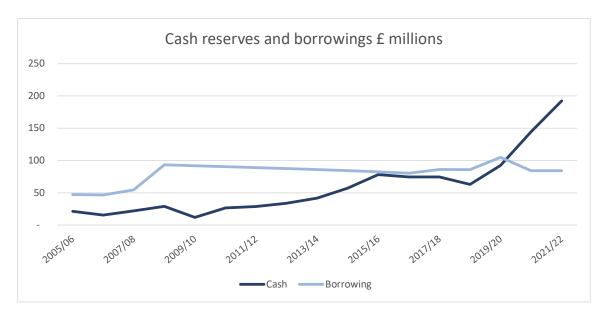
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	2018
	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>£m</u>
Loans	(84.1)	(84.3)	(84.5)	(85.4)	(85.8)
Deferred capital grants	(70.5)	(69.6)	(62.5)	(58.8)	(56.5)
Provisions (exc Pensions)	(1.3)	(4.0)	(1.0)	(0.9)	(0.9)
Net Assets excluding Pension Provision	469.4	414.8	358.5	334.1	314.9
Pension Provisions	(139.2)	(402.8)	(370.9)	(240.3)	(187.6)
Net Assets/(Liabilities)	330.2	12.0	(12.4)	93.8	127.3

The University has an ongoing estates investment and regeneration programme to support the delivery of teaching, research and student facilities. A further £35 million has been invested in 2021/22, and financial plans include continued investment.

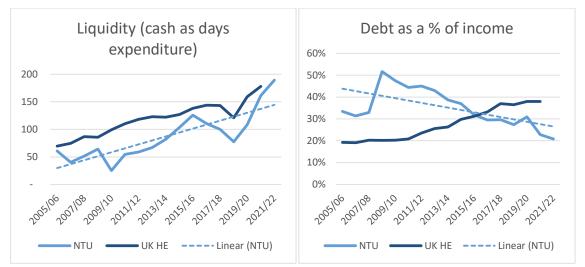


The initial phases of the regeneration programme were supported through borrowing in addition to disposal proceeds, working capital and cash reserves. Subsequent capital expenditure has been funded through cash generated.

Cash reserves increased by £48 million during 2021/22, due to a strong financial performance and sale of investments.



At 31 July 2022 cash reserves represent 189 days liquidity. Borrowing is £84 million, 21% of income. The current liquidity position is in line with sector average and borrowing levels remain positive compared to sector. After the year end, £40m of borrowing was repaid.



For accounting purposes, in accordance with accounting standard FRS 102, the actuary to the Nottinghamshire LGPS, the Nottinghamshire County Council Pension Fund (NCCPF), is required to calculate the present value of future pension obligations and compare this to the value of the assets owned by the pension scheme.

All organisations with defined benefit pension schemes have to use the same methodology, ensuring financial statements are produced on a consistent basis and pension liability calculations for accounting purposes are comparable.

Accounting standards require actuaries to calculate the present value of future obligations using a discount rate linked to the investment performance of the Merryll Lynch AA-rated corporate bond yield. Low returns for a number of years for this asset class have resulted in low discount rates and therefore a higher present value of future obligations, leading to large pension deficit liabilities appearing on the Balance Sheets of organisations with defined benefit pension schemes.

Operating and financial review (continued) Nottingham Trent University

Financial statements as at 31 July 2022

The majority of the Pension Provision (96%) relates to the Nottinghamshire County Council Pension Fund (NCCPF). At the triennial valuation date of 31 March 2019 the actuaries reported, for the NTU part of the fund, a funding level of 92.2% (88.5% in 2016), and a decrease in the funding deficit from £25.7m to £23.9m.

The accounting standard that dictates a methodology for inclusion of pension liabilities on balance sheets is more prudent and continues to show a material deficit. However, this has decreased significantly from £387m to £122m in 2021/22 due to actuarial assumptions, primarily a higher discount rate.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Structure and operation

The University's Board of Governors comprises lay/independent, co-opted and staff members appointed in accordance with the Instrument and Articles of Government of the University. All of the lay/independent members are non-executive. The roles of Chair and Deputy Chair of the Board are separated from the role of the University's Chief Executive, the Vice-Chancellor.

Matters specifically reserved to the Board of Governors for decision are set out in the Articles of Government of the University and the Office for Students terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions.

The Board of Governors meets at least four times a year and has established several Committees, including a Membership and Nominations Committee, a Remuneration Committee, an Employment Policy Committee, an Audit and Risk Management Committee, a Strategy, Policy, Finance and Resources Committee, an Academic Assurance and Regulation Committee, and an Investment Committee. All of these Committees are formally constituted with terms of reference and comprise members of the Board of Governors and (where appropriate) co-opted non-Governor members with relevant skills and expertise. Minutes of the meetings of the Committees, along with reports from the Committees on specific issues, are submitted to the Board of Governors.

The Board of Governors has adopted the Governance Code of Practice published by the Committee of University Chairs (CUC), which was updated in September 2020. The Board of Governors seeks to organise and conduct its affairs in accordance with the principles of good practice articulated in that Code, and believes that, in all material respects, its conduct does accord with those principles. The Board of Governors and the University's Executive Team have also had due regard to the general and supplementary guidance on public benefit published by the Charity Commission in exercising their powers and duties.

The Board of Governors has adopted the CUC Higher Education Remuneration Code and an annual report on remuneration is prepared for review by the Board.

Primary responsibilities of the Board of Governors

In accordance with its various legislative and regulatory obligations, the Board of Governors of the University is responsible for:

- approving the mission and strategic vision of the institution, its long-term academic and business plans and key performance indicators, and ensuring that these meet the interests of stakeholders;
- delegating authority to the Vice-Chancellor (as chief executive and head of the institution) for the academic, corporate, financial, estate and personnel management of the institution;
- ensuring the establishment and monitoring of systems of control and accountability, including financial and operational controls and risk assessment;

- ensuring that processes are in place to monitor and evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the institution against its plans and approved key performance indicators;
- establishing processes to monitor and evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the governing body itself;
- appointing the Vice-Chancellor, as chief executive, and putting in place suitable arrangements for monitoring his/her performance;
- appointing a Clerk to the governing body and ensuring that, if the person appointed has managerial responsibilities in the institution, there is an appropriate separation in the lines of accountability;
- acting as the employing authority for all staff in the institution and ensuring the establishment of an appropriate human resources strategy;
- ensuring that appropriate provisions are in place for the general welfare and discipline of students;
- safeguarding the institution's assets, property and estate, and its reputation and values; and
- approving the annual budget and financial statements, and publishing audited financial statements for each financial year.

In respect of its obligations for financial management issues, the Board of Governors is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the University and the group and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Education Reform Act, the Statement of Recommended Practice Accounting for Further and Higher Education and relevant accounting standards.

In addition, Office for Students terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions and in accordance with other relevant regulatory obligations, the Board of Governors is required to ensure (through its designated office holder) that financial statements are prepared for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the University and the group and of the surplus or deficit and cash flows for that year.

In causing the financial statements to be prepared, the Board of Governors has ensured that:

- suitable accounting policies are selected and applied consistently;
- judgements and estimates are made that are reasonable and prudent;
- applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the University and the group will continue in operation.

The Board of Governors has taken reasonable steps to:

- ensure that funds from OfS and other funding bodies are used only for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Office for Students Terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions or other relevant regulatory agreements between the University and the respective funding bodies;
- ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
- safeguard the assets of the University and the group and prevent and detect fraud; and
- secure the economical, efficient, and effective management of the University and the group's resources and expenditure.

Financial statements as at 31 July 2022

Delivery of public benefit

NTU plays a leading role in the social, cultural, economic and environmental development of Nottingham and Nottinghamshire, the East Midlands and UK. By developing strategic relationships with civic and commercial partners, we are able to engage with a wide range of organisations in order to enhance their prospects and those of our students.

- NLS Legal Limited, our teaching law firm, supports members of the local community with free and affordable legal advice. It has recovered £4.5 million in compensation and benefits for its clients in six years.
- The University has attracted £17m of funding to support over 1950 businesses across Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire.
- Our pioneering high-level skills programme is supporting over 3400 employees in local business gain new skills through industry-demanded short courses.
- We support over 700 local small and medium-sized enterprise (SMEs) a year to become more productive and to grow.
- Across the D2N2 region over 900 graduates have been employed in local businesses through part-funded placements.
- As one of the world's most sustainable universities, we are helping local business to reduce carbon emissions and to develop net zero practices.
- Our £23m dual-sited Medical Technologies Innovation Facility (MTIF) and the Smart Wireless Innovation Facility (SWIFt) are providing new facilities to support innovation.
- NTU Enterprise provides business support through mentoring, programmes, and funding to encourage students, graduates and the wider community to explore enterprising ideas, start-up and develop businesses. In the past two year, 180 new businesses have been started by graduates. Over 670 firms are still active which have originated through NTU Enterprise and these employ 1637 people, mainly in the local economy.
- The Dryden Enterprise Centre, opened in 2021 is now home to a flourishing NTU Enterprise supported business community, offering businesses space to work, train and thrive.

A key pillar of NTU's Strategy is our commitment to Mansfield and Ashfield. Working with local stakeholders, we cocreated and co-deliver the Mansfield and Ashfield Development Programme. The Programme consists of five key themes, these are:

- Higher Education, working in Partnership with Vision West Notts College delivering our HE provision on the College site to ensure clear, accessible pathways are in place for students to move from FE to HE, and then into the workplace.
- Economic Prosperity, supporting local businesses from start-up to scale-up to grow and to increase their competitiveness.
- Community Participation, for example, social prescribing.
- Culture Compact.
- Education and Skills, raising school attainment.

Universities for Nottingham is a Civic Agreement between ten anchor institutions across the city and county; these include the NHS, local authorities, NTU, and the University of Nottingham. The partners collaborate around a set of defined initiatives that benefit the people and place of Nottingham and Nottinghamshire. Some of the successes to date include:

- Securing funding and launching the Co(l)laboratory Doctoral Training Partnership for place-based doctoral style research and training.
- The development of the Universities' joint MedTech offer.
- The roll-out of the Green Rewards App to encourage positive actions that improve sustainability.
- Launching the UfN Expert Advisory Panel, linking academic knowledge with practitioner insight to help solve local challenges.

Operating and financial review (continued)

Financial statements as at 31 July 2022

Promoting internationalisation and attracting talented students from around the world is a key part of NTU's global ambitions. As an international University, we nurture global citizenship, engage with the international research community, and attract talented students and staff from around the world, providing a vibrant multinational learning community. NTU offers international students a rich, varied learning experience and in turn encourages our home students to learn from them and enjoy the cultural experience they can bring.

NTU makes significant investments in the cultural life of the city, with strategic partnerships with a range of local organisations such as the ChalleNGe, New Art Exchange, Nottingham Contemporary, Nottingham Playhouse, UNESCO City of Literature. NTU Culture produces the innovation and dynamic Curated and Creative programme. Our cultural venues, such as Bonington Gallery, University Hall, Metronome and Confetti X provide a platform for local and world leading artists. Notts TV Limited is owned by NTU and attracts an audience of 100, 000 per week. We harness the creativity of our students and colleagues to increase the reach, diversity and recognition of local arts and heritage.

Statement of Internal Control

This statement relates to the University's arrangements for the prevention and detection of corruption, fraud, bribery and other irregularities for the financial year to 31 July 2022 and the period up to the date of approval of these audited financial statements.

The Board of Governors is responsible for ensuring that a sound system of internal control is maintained. It has reviewed the effectiveness of these arrangements.

The principal results of risk identification, risk evaluation and the management review of the effectiveness of the arrangements are reported to, and reviewed by, the Board.

During the year the Audit and Risk Management Committee received regular reports on internal control and risk. Risk is identified and managed at both strategic and operational level. It is an ongoing process linked to the University's objectives.

University Executive Team risk theme leads are responsible for ensuring that controls are in place and high level risks are managed appropriately within the ten strategic risk themes. These are reviewed and reported on a quarterly basis to the University Executive Team and biannually to the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The Executive Deans and Heads of Professional Services are accountable for the management of operational risks, which are reviewed by local management teams on a quarterly basis. The University Executive Team is provided with an oversight of operational risks through biannual professional service and school reviews.

High scoring operational risks are escalated and reported to the Audit and Risk Management Committee via risk theme reports. The Chief Operating Officer and Registrar is accountable for the risk management function, supported by the Director of Business Development and Analytics and the Risk Manager. Local risk leads support the identification and reporting of operational risks.

The approach to internal control is risk-based. It includes an evaluation of the likelihood and impact of risks becoming a reality. Review procedures cover business, operational, compliance and financial risk. Risk assessment and internal control are embedded in ongoing operations.

The University's external and internal auditors operate in accordance with the requirements of the Audit Code of Practice (as part of the Office for Students terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions). As such they report regularly to the University's Audit and Risk Management Committee on the improvement of the internal control environment and the University's performance in the delivery of value for money.

It is the Board's opinion that during the financial year and after the year end but before the signing of these financial statements, no significant internal control weaknesses or failures have arisen that should be disclosed.

Membership of the Board of Governors

Members of the Board of Governors are also the Trustees of the University for the purposes of charity law.

The members of the Board (the Trustees) who served at any time during the financial year to July 2022 and until the date the financial statements were formally approved were:

Independent and External Co-opted Governors

Mr N Goulden, Chair

Baroness D Warwick, Deputy Chair

Mr M Daval

Mr N Ebbs

Mr I Ellis

Dr A Emuwa

Mrs S Fish (retired 23 November 2021)

Ms S Gregory (appointed 1 September 2022)

Ms L Holder

Mr G Love

Mr J Maier (retired 30 September 2021)

Miss J Nelson

Sir D Nicholson (retired 16 September 2021)

Mrs S Walker-Smith

Ms C Wayman

Mr D Williams

Dr D Wilson (appointed 1 September 2021)

Mr O Woodley

Academic Board member

Ms A Brown

Student nominee

Mr C Naughton (retired 30 June 2022) Mr B Wills (appointed 1 July 2022)

Professional Services staff member

Mrs S V Murcott

Vice-Chancellor

Professor E W Peck

Chief Operating Officer and Registrar

Mr S Denton

Mr N Goulden Professor E W Peck
Chair Vice-Chancellor

ancellor 22 November 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF NOTTINGHAM TRENT UNIVERSITY

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the University's affairs as at 31 July 2022 and of
 the Group's and the University's income and expenditure, gains and losses, changes in reserves and of the
 Group's and the University's cash flows for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

We have audited the financial statements of Nottingham Trent University ("the University") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31 July 2022 which comprise Consolidated and University Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure, the Consolidated and University Statement of Changes in Reserves, the Consolidated and University Statement of Financial Position, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group and the University in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the board members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group and the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the board members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The governors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the *annual report*, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters required by the Office for Students ("OfS") and UK Research and Innovation (including Research England)

In our opinion, in all material respects:

- Funds from whatever source administered by the University for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with relevant legislation.
- Funds provided by the OfS, UK Research and Innovation (including Research England), the Education and Skills Funding Agency and the Department for Education have been applied in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions
- The requirements of the OfS's Accounts Direction (OfS 2019.41) have been met.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the OfS requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- The University's grant and fee income, as disclosed in note 6 to the accounts, has been materially misstated.
- The University's expenditure on access and participation activities for the financial year, as has been disclosed
 in note 36 to the accounts, has been materially misstated.

Responsibilities of the Board of governors

As explained more fully in the Primary responsibilities of the Board of Governors statement, the governors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the governors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the governors are responsible for assessing the Group and the University's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the board members either intends to liquidate the Group or the University or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Based on our understanding of the Group and the sector in which it operates, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations are related to their registration with the Office for Students and their ongoing conditions of registration, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the Group Financial Statements or their continued operation. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as compliance with the Accounts Direction OfS 2019.41 and tax legislation. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the Board and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence if any.

We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries to manipulate financial results and management bias in accounting estimates.

The audit procedures to address the risks identified included:

- Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal audit reports and
 reviewing correspondence with HMRC and relevant regulators to identify any actual or potential frauds or
 any potential weaknesses in internal control which could results in fraud susceptibility;
- Discussions with management and Audit Committee, including consideration of known or suspected instances on non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud, including direct representation from the Accountable Officer;
- Reviewing items included in the fraud register as well as the results of internal audit's investigations into these matters;
- Challenging assumptions made by management in their significant accounting estimates in particular in relation to the assumptions applied in calculating pension liabilities, fixed asset depreciation and the assumptions used in the valuation of investment property;
- In addressing the risk of fraud, including the management override of controls and improper income
 recognition, we tested the appropriateness of certain journals, reviewed the application of judgements
 associated with accounting estimates for the indication of potential bias and tested the application of cutoff and revenue recognition; and
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular any journal entries posted from staff members with privilege access rights, journals posted by key management, journals posted and journals posted after the year end.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

In addition, we also report to you whether income from funding bodies, grants and income for specific purposes and from other restricted funds administered by the University have been properly applied only for the purposes for which they were received and whether income has been applied in accordance with the Statutes and, where appropriate, with the Terms and Conditions of Funding with the OfS and UK Research and Innovation (including Research England).

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the governors, as a body, in accordance with Section 75 of the Higher Education Research Act 2017. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the University's board those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the University and the Governors as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

Kyla Bellingall

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Kyla Bellingall (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor Birmingham, UK 25 November 2022

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Accounting Policies

for the year ended 31 July 2022

1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, modified to include certain fixed assets at fair value, and in accordance with Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 and Financial Reporting Standards (FRS 102). The University is a public benefit entity and therefore has applied the relevant public benefit requirement of FRS102. Additionally, the financial statements conform to the guidance published by the Office for Students. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of the University and all its subsidiaries for the financial year to 31 July 2022 and include the results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal. Intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

The consolidated financial statements do not include those of Nottingham Trent University Union of Students as it is a separate unincorporated body in which the University does not exert control or dominant influence over their commercial and financial policy decisions.

Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under this method an equity investment is initially recognised at transaction price and is subsequently adjusted to reflect the investor's share of the profit or loss, other comprehensive income and equity of the joint venture. Associated companies are accounted for using the fair value model method. Where it is impractical to measure fair value reliably without undue cost and effort then the cost model is applied.

3. Recognition of income

Tuition fee income is stated gross of any expenditure which is not a discount and recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure over the period in which students are studying, including all fees payable by students or their sponsors. Where the amount of tuition fee is reduced by a discount for prompt payment, income is shown net of discount. Bursaries are accounted for gross as expenditure and not deducted from income.

Income from the sale of goods or services is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure when the goods or services are supplied to the external customer or the terms of the contract has been satisfied.

Investment income including dividends, other than that associated with endowments, is recognised on a receivable basis.

Funds the University receives and disburses as a paying agent on behalf of a funding body are excluded from the income and expenditure of the University where the University is exposed to minimal risk and has no economic benefit related to the transaction. Where the University has applied this policy to certain funds received during the year they are disclosed in note 35.

Grant Funding

Government revenue grants including recurrent funding council block grant and research grants are recognised in income over the periods the University recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Capital (non-recurrent) government grants, received in respect of the purchase or construction of fixed assets, are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset to which the grant relates.

Where part of a government grant is deferred it is recognised as deferred income within creditors and allocated between creditors due within one year and due after more than one year as appropriate.

Grants, including research grants, from non-government sources (non-exchange transactions) are recognised when the University is entitled to the income and performance conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors and released to income as the conditions are met.

Donations and endowments

Non-exchange transactions without performance related conditions are donations or endowments as appropriate.

Donations and endowments with donor imposed restrictions are recognised in income when the University is entitled to the funds. Income is retained within the restricted reserve until such time that it is utilised in line with such restrictions at which point the income is released to general (unrestricted) reserves through a reserve transfer.

Donations with no restrictions are recognised in income when the University is entitled to funds.

Investment income and appreciation of endowments is recorded in income in the year in which it arises and as either restricted or unrestricted income according to the terms of the restriction applied to the individual endowment fund.

There are two main types of donations and endowments identified in reserves:

- 1. Restricted donations the donor has specified that the donation must be used for a particular objective.
- 2. Restricted expendable endowments the donor has specified a particular objective other than the purchase or construction of tangible fixed assets, and the University has the right to use the capital.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

for the year ended 31 July 2022

4. Accounting for retirement benefits

The University participates, principally, in two pension schemes, the Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) for academic staff and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-academic staff . The schemes are defined benefit schemes, independently administered and contracted out of the State Second Pension (S2P).

Because of the mutual nature of the TPS, the scheme cannot allocate assets to individual contributing institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. As such, the University is exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme and, therefore, as required by FRS 102(28), accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

For the LGPS defined benefit scheme the amounts charged to comprehensive income and expenditure are the costs arising from employee services rendered during the period and the cost of plan introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs. The net interest cost of the net defined benefit liability is charged to comprehensive income and expenditure and included within interest and other finance costs. Remeasurement comprising of actuarial gains and losses and return on scheme assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with assets of the scheme held separately from those of the Group, in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date.

The institution participates in Universities Superannuation Scheme. The scheme is a hybrid pension scheme, providing defined benefits (for all members), as well as defined contribution benefits. The assets of the scheme are held in a separate trustee-administered fund. Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the assets are not attributed to individual institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. The institution is therefore exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. As required by Section 28 of FRS 102 "Employee benefits", the institution therefore accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme. Since the institution has entered into an agreement (the Recovery Plan) that determines how each employer within the scheme will fund the overall deficit, the institution recognises a liability for the contributions payable that arise from the agreement (to the extent that they relate to the deficit) and therefore an expense is recognised.

Further details of the above pension schemes are given in note 33.

5. Short term employment benefits

Short term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the University. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the University expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement.

6. Finance Leases

Leases in which the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Leased assets acquired by way of a finance lease and the corresponding lease liabilities are initially recognised at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

7. Operating leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any lease premiums or incentives are spread over the minimum lease term.

8. Foreign currency

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement.

9. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are amortised over 10 years representing the remaining estimated economic life of the assets.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

for the year ended 31 July 2022

10. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land and assets-under-construction, at rates calculated to write-off the cost or valuation of each asset less any residual value, on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Freehold buildings 10 to 50 years
Plant & equipment 3 to 20 years
Fixtures & fittings 10 years
Vehicles 4 years

Equipment purchased for specific research grants is depreciated over the shorter of its estimated useful life or the remaining life of the research grant, with the related grant income being credited over the same period.

Tangible fixed asset additions are capitalised where the cost of such assets exceeds £25,000. Items costing less than this amount are expensed in the year of purchase.

Land and buildings

Land and building assets in existence as at 31 July 2014 were revalued to fair value on transition to FRS 102 as at 1 August 2014. Subsequent additions to Land and building after this date but before 31 July 2015 have also been subject to revaluation. The fair value of land and buildings was determined from either market-based evidence or depreciated replacement cost by appraisal by independent qualified valuers in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors Valuation – Professional Standards January 2014, in particular, UK Valuation Standards 1, 2 and 4.

Fair value is defined as the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, a liability settled or an equity instrument granted could be exchanged, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Depreciation and impairment losses, if applicable, are subsequently charged on the revalued amounts.

Assets under construction

Assets under construction are accounted for at cost, based on the value of architects' certificates and other direct costs, incurred up to 31 July. The assets are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

11. Investments

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in publicly traded ordinary shares are measured at fair value.

Current asset investments, which may include listed investments, are held at fair value with movements recognised in Surplus/Deficit before tax.

12. Stock

Stock is held at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and is measured using an average cost formula.

13. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and deposits repayable on demand. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty.

Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments and defined as short term (maturity being less than three months), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk in change of value.

14. Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised in the financial statements when:

- (a) the University has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event;
- (b) it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- (c) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects risks specific to the liability.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the Institution a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Institution. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are disclosed in the notes.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

for the year ended 31 July 2022

15. Reserves

Reserves are classified as restricted or unrestricted. Restricted endowment reserves include balances which, through endowment to the University, are held as a restricted expendable fund.

Other restricted reserves include balances where the donor has designated a specific purpose and therefore the University is restricted in the use of these funds.

16. Taxation

The University and it's subsidiary, Nova Centric Limited are considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore meet the definition of a charitable organisation for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the University is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Nottingham Consultants Limited, Confetti Constellations Limited, Nottingham Conference Centre Limited, NTU Temporary Staff Limited, MTIF BEZ Limited and Notts TV Limited are not subject to these exemptions and are liable for corporation tax on profits or gains arising. However, under a Gift Aid arrangement with the University the subsidiary companies transfer all their taxable profits, where allowable under regulation, to the University to minimise the payment of corporation tax.

The University is partially exempt in respect of Value Added Tax, so that it can only recover a minor element of VAT charged on its inputs. Irrecoverable VAT on inputs is included in the costs of such inputs and added to the cost of tangible fixed assets as appropriate, where the inputs themselves are tangible fixed assets by nature.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are more likely than not to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

17. Accounting judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, management has made the following judgements:

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost / (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 33 of the financial statements, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 July 2022. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

Considering whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible and intangible assets, including goodwill. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions and the remaining life of the asset.

Investment properties are professionally valued periodically, using yield methodology. There is an inevitable degree of judgement involved in that the property is unique and the value can only ultimately be tested in the market itself. Key inputs in the valuation were annual rent per square metre and capitalisation rate.

Judgement is applied in determining the value and timing of certain income items to be recognised in the financial statements. This includes determining when performance conditions have been met in respect of commercial research income, and determining the revenues associated with partially delivered courses and training where the activities have not been fully completed at the reporting date.

When calculating bad debt provisions, estimates are made taking into account historical experience, current trends and other relevant factors.

18 Going concern

In preparing the financial statements, the Governors have considered going concern. Financial sustainability is a key foundation for the Strategy, and the University has already taken a series of actions to ensure financial sustainability, including the preparation of a five year plan.

The budget for 2022/23 was tested for resilience against key risks relating to income and costs. Some 85% of total income relates to student fees and therefore modelling focussed primarily on student enrolments and inflationary cost pressures.

This scenario modelling includes detailed cashflows to July 2023. The latest forecast for 2022/23 suggests that budgeted EBITDA will be achieved.

Taking into account the above, the Board believe that whilst uncertainty exists, this does not pose a material uncertainty that would cast doubt on the University's ability to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future, which is a period of at least 12 months from the signing of the accounts and audit report. The Board therefore considers it appropriate for the accounts to be prepared on a going concern basis.

Consolidated and University Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Year Ended 31 July 2022

		Year ended 31	July 2022	Year ended 3	1 July 2021
		Consolidated	University	Consolidated	University
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income					
Tuition fees and education contracts	1	344,327	339,455	314,738	310,229
Funding body grants	2	25,427	25,427	25,851	25,851
Research grants and contracts	3	9,091	9,091	9,581	9,567
Other income	4	24,474	17,868	18,351	13,584
Investment income	5	554	1,332	508	1,198
Donations and endowments	6	264	327	498	555
Total income		404,137	393,500	369,527	360,984
Expenditure					
Staff costs	7	254,932	242,070	228,443	217,372
Other operating expenses	8	105,884	110,702	88,723	97,753
Interest and other finance costs	9	10,074	10,074	9,006	9,006
Intangible amortisation	11	554	-	554	-
Depreciation	12	24,168	22,642	23,096	21,668
Total expenditure		395,612	385,488	349,822	345,799
Surplus before other gains/(losses) and share of operating		0 535	8,012	10 705	15 105
surplus/(deficit) of associates		8,525	8,012	19,705	15,185
Gain/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets		7,454	7,454	234	234
Gain on sale of investments		-	-	8,193	9,614
(Loss)/gain on investments		(193)	(98)	118	158
Share of operating deficit in associates	13,14	-	-	(318)	-
Surplus before tax		15,786	15,368	27,932	25,191
Taxation	10	83	-	1,098	-
Surplus for the year		15,869	15,368	29,030	25,191
Other comprehensive income					
Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pension schemes	21	302,389	302,389	(4,723)	(4,723)
Total comprehensive income for the year		318,258	317,757	24,307	20,468
Represented by:	22	(4.65)	(4.65)	(4.24)	(404)
Endowment comprehensive income for the year	23	(165)	(165)	(121)	(121)
Restricted comprehensive (loss)/income for the year Unrestricted comprehensive income for the year	24	(129) 318,552	(129)	140	140 20,449
·		<u> </u>	318,051	24,288	
Attributable to the University		318,258	317,757	24,307	20,468
Result for the year attributable to the University		15,869	15,368	29,030	25,191

All items of income and expenditure relate to continuing activities.

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements.

Consolidated and University Statement of Changes in Reserves

Year ended 31 July 2022

Consolidated	Income ar	Total		
	Endowment	Restricted	Unrestricted	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 August 2020	4,960	148	(17,434)	(12,326)
Surplus/(deficit) from the income & expenditure statement	(121)	140	29,011	29,030
Other comprehensive income/(expense)	-	-	(4,723)	(4,723)
Release of restricted capital funds spent in year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(121)	140	24,288	24,307
Balance at 1 August 2021	4,839	288	6,854	11,981
Surplus /(deficit) from the income & expenditure statement	(165)	(129)	16,163	15,869
Other comprehensive income	-	-	302,389	302,389
Release of restricted capital funds spent in year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(165)	(129)	318,552	318,258
Balance at 31 July 2022	4,674	159	325,406	330,239
University	Income ar	Total		
	£'000	£'000	cloop	closs
Balance at 1 August 2020			£'000	£'000
•	4,960	148	£'000 (23,054)	£'000 (17,946)
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement	4,960 (121)			
		148	(23,054)	(17,946)
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement		148	(23,054) 25,172	(17,946) 25,191
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income		148	(23,054) 25,172	(17,946) 25,191
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income Release of restricted capital funds spent in year	(121)	148 140 - -	(23,054) 25,172 (4,723)	(17,946) 25,191 (4,723)
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income Release of restricted capital funds spent in year Total comprehensive income for the year Balance at 1 August 2021	(121) - - (121) 4,839	148 140 - - 140 288	(23,054) 25,172 (4,723) - 20,449 (2,605)	(17,946) 25,191 (4,723) - 20,468 2,522
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income Release of restricted capital funds spent in year Total comprehensive income for the year Balance at 1 August 2021 Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement	(121)	148 140 - - - 140	(23,054) 25,172 (4,723) - 20,449 (2,605) 15,662	(17,946) 25,191 (4,723) 20,468 2,522 15,368
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income Release of restricted capital funds spent in year Total comprehensive income for the year Balance at 1 August 2021 Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income	(121) - - (121) 4,839	148 140 - - 140 288	(23,054) 25,172 (4,723) - 20,449 (2,605)	(17,946) 25,191 (4,723) - 20,468 2,522
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income Release of restricted capital funds spent in year Total comprehensive income for the year Balance at 1 August 2021 Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement	(121) - - (121) 4,839	148 140 140 288 (129)	(23,054) 25,172 (4,723) - 20,449 (2,605) 15,662	(17,946) 25,191 (4,723) 20,468 2,522 15,368
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income Release of restricted capital funds spent in year Total comprehensive income for the year Balance at 1 August 2021 Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement Other comprehensive income Release of restricted capital funds spent in year	(121) - - (121) - - (165) - -	148 140 - - 140 288	(23,054) 25,172 (4,723) 20,449 (2,605) 15,662 302,389 -	25,191 (4,723) - 20,468 - 2,522 15,368 302,389

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements.

Consolidated and University Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 July 2022

None current assets Intample assets Interpretation and assembly assets Interpretation associates			As at 31 July 2022		As at 31 July 2021	
Non-current assets 11 1,689 - 2,243 - 5,243 - 2,243				=		•
Intangible assets		Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	•
12 470,124 438,465 462,257 431,377 Investments 13 924 924 1,022 1,022 Investment in subsidiaries 13 2 473,007 444,578 365 241 Investments in associates 13,14 270 241 365 241 Investments 15 497 311 415 283 Investments 16 21,699 20,224 16,389 15,241 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 16 21,699 20,224 16,389 15,241 Debtors: amounts falling due after one year 17 3,174 26,126 3,174 26,238 Investments 18 30,000 30,000 20,000 20,000 Cash and cash equivalents 16,2440 156,674 124,200 17,957 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (65,397) (62,553) (57,388) (54,089) Net current assets 152,313 170,782 106,790 125,630 Total assets less current liabilities 625,320 615,360 572,677 563,218 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (154,627) (154,627) (153,896) (153,896) Provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Cher provisions 22 (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Cher provisions 23 (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,674) (4,6	Non-current assets					
Nextments 13 924 924 1,022 1,022 1,022 1,022 1,022 1,022 1,022 1,022 1,023	Intangible assets	11	1,689	-	2,243	-
New transment in subsidiaries 13 2- 4,948 3-	Fixed assets	12	470,124	438,465	462,257	431,377
Next current assets 13,14 270 241 365 241	Investments	13	924	924	1,022	1,022
Current assets 473,007 444,578 465,887 437,588 Stock 15 497 311 415 283 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 16 21,699 20,224 16,389 15,241 Debtors: amounts falling due after one year 17 3,174 26,126 3,174 26,238 Investments 18 30,000 30,000 20,000 20,000 Cash and cash equivalents 25 162,340 156,674 124,200 117,957 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (65,397) (62,553) (57,388) (54,089) Net current assets 152,313 170,782 106,790 125,630 Total assets less current liabilities 625,320 615,360 572,677 563,218 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (154,627) (154,627) (153,896) (153,896) (153,896) Provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) (402,784) (402,784)	Investment in subsidiaries	13	-	4,948	-	4,948
Current assets Stock 15 497 311 415 283 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 16 21,699 20,224 16,389 15,241 Debtors: amounts falling due after one year 17 3,174 26,126 3,174 26,238 Investments 18 30,000 30,000 20,000 20,000 Cash and cash equivalents 25 162,340 156,674 124,200 117,957 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (65,397) (62,553) (57,388) (54,089) Net current assets 152,313 170,782 106,790 125,630 Total assets less current liabilities 625,320 615,360 572,677 563,218 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (154,627) (153,896) (153,896) Provisions Pension provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4	Investments in associates	13,14	270	241	365	241
Stock 15 497 311 415 283 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 16 21,699 20,224 16,389 15,241 Debtors: amounts falling due after one year 17 3,174 26,126 3,174 26,238 Investments 18 30,000 30,000 20,000 20,000 Cash and cash equivalents 25 162,340 156,674 124,200 117,957 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (65,397) (62,553) (57,388) (54,089) Net current assets 152,313 170,782 106,790 125,630 Total assets less current liabilities 625,320 615,360 572,677 563,218 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (154,627) (154,627) (153,896) (153,896) Pension provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets			473,007	444,578	465,887	437,588
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 16 21,699 20,224 16,389 15,241 26,126 3,174 26,238 17 3,174 26,126 3,174 26,238 18,281 18 30,000 30,000 20,00	Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due after one year	Stock	15	497	311	415	283
Debtors: amounts falling due after one year	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	16	21,699	20,224	16,389	15,241
18 30,000 30,000 20,00		17				
Cash and cash equivalents 25 162,340 156,674 124,200 117,957 Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (65,397) (62,553) (57,388) (54,089) Net current assets 152,313 170,782 106,790 125,630 Total assets less current liabilities 625,320 615,360 572,677 563,218 Provisions 20 (154,627) (154,627) (153,896) (153,896) Pension provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets 330,239 320,279 11,981 2,522 Restricted Reserves 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 28 28 Unrestricted Reserves 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Investments	18	30,000	-	20,000	20,000
Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 19 (65,397) (62,553) (57,388) (54,089) Net current assets 152,313 170,782 106,790 125,630 Total assets less current liabilities 625,320 615,360 572,677 563,218 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (154,627) (154,627) (153,896) (153,896) Provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets 330,239 320,279 11,981 2,522 Restricted Reserves 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Cash and cash equivalents	25	162,340	156,674	-	· ·
Net current assets 152,313 170,782 106,790 125,630 Total assets less current liabilities 625,320 615,360 572,677 563,218 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (154,627) (154,627) (153,896) (153,896) Provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets 330,239 320,279 11,981 2,522 Restricted Reserves 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves 25,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)			217,710	233,335	164,178	179,719
Provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Pension provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets 330,239 320,279 11,981 2,522 Restricted Reserves 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(65,397)	(62,553)	(57,388)	(54,089)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 20 (154,627) (154,627) (153,896) (153,896) Provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets 330,239 320,279 11,981 2,522 Restricted Reserves 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves 25,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Net current assets		152,313	170,782	106,790	125,630
Provisions Pension provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) (402,784) (4,016) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets Restricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve 23 4,674 (4,674) (4,839) (4,83	Total assets less current liabilities		625,320	615,360	572,677	563,218
Pension provisions 21 (139,108) (139,108) (402,784) (402,784) Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets Restricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves 100 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	(154,627)	(154,627)	(153,896)	(153,896)
Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets 330,239 320,279 11,981 2,522 Restricted Reserves 28 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves 100 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Provisions					
Other provisions 21 (1,346) (1,346) (4,016) (4,016) Total net assets 330,239 320,279 11,981 2,522 Restricted Reserves 28 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves 100 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Pension provisions	21	(139,108)	(139,108)	(402,784)	(402,784)
Restricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	·	21				
Restricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Total net assets		330,239	320,279	11,981	2,522
Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve 23 4,674 4,674 4,839 4,839 Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)					·	<u> </u>
Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve 24 159 159 288 288 Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Restricted Reserves					
Unrestricted Reserves Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	•		4,674	4,674	4,839	4,839
Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted 325,406 315,446 6,854 (2,605)	Income and expenditure reserve - restricted reserve	24	159	159	288	288
	Unrestricted Reserves					
Total Reserves 330,239 320,279 11,981 2,522	Income and expenditure reserve - unrestricted		325,406	315,446	6,854	(2,605)
	Total Reserves		330,239	320,279	11,981	2,522

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 19 to 47 were approved by the Board of Governors on 22 November 2022 and signed on its behalf on that date by:

N Goulden Chair of Board of Governors Professor E W Peck
Vice Chancellor

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 July 2022

Cash flow from operating activities	Notes	Year ended 31 July 2022 Consolidated £'000	Year ended 31 July 2021 Consolidated £'000
Surplus /(deficit) for the year Adjustment for non-cash items		15,869	29,030
Depreciation	12	24,168	23,096
Amortisation of intangibles	11	554	554
Loss/(gain) on investments	13/14	193	(118)
(Increase)/decrease in stock	15	(82)	166
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	16	(384)	2,805
(Decrease) /increase in creditors	19	8,061	10,065
Increase in pension provision	21	38,712	27,201
Increase in other provisions	21	(2,670)	4,016
Change in deferred tax asset/provision	22	(83)	(1,097)
Share of operating deficit in associate	13	-	318
Adjustment for investing or financing activities			
Investment income	5	(554)	(508)
Interest payable	9	3,754	3,929
Endowment income	6	(50)	(75)
(Profit)/loss on the sale of fixed assets		(7,354)	(234)
(Profit)/loss on the sale of investments		(100)	(8,193)
Capital grant income	30	(2,066)	(1,784)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		77,968	89,171
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		4,871	1,321
Capital grants receipts	30	3,252	9,412
Disposal of non-current asset investments	30	330	9,585
Investment income	5	554	508
Payments made to acquire fixed assets	12	(34,968)	(34,044)
New deposits	18	(10,000)	(20,000)
Withdrawal of deposits	18	-	-
·		(35,961)	(33,218)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid	9	(3,694)	(3,869)
Endowment cash received	23	50	75
Repayments of amounts borrowed		(223)	(20,393)
• •		(3,867)	(24,187)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents in the year		38,140	31,766
ma case in cash and cash equivalents in the year			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	25	124,200	92,434
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	25	162,340	124,200
		•	•

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 47 form an integral part of the financial statements.

for the year ended 31 July 2022

		Not-	Year Ended 3 Consolidated	University	Year Ended 3.	University
1	Tuition fees and education contracts	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
-	Further education Undergraduate tuition - Home/EU Undergraduate tuition - Overseas Postgraduate tuition - Home/EU Postgraduate tuition - Overseas		4,855 258,093 28,555 18,580 33,624	430 258,052 28,555 18,580 33,624	4,454 248,578 24,879 19,378 17,060	131 248,581 24,879 19,378 17,060
	Other fees and support grants		620	214	389	200
			344,327	339,455	314,738	310,229
2	Funding body grants					
	Recurrent grant Office for Students Research England Education and Skills Funding Agency Office for Students capital grant UKRI capital grant		12,212 6,086 2,219 1,521 38	12,212 6,086 2,219 1,521 38	11,996 5,780 2,265 1,432 22	11,996 5,780 2,265 1,432 22
	Specific grants UKRI Office for Students National College for Teaching and Leadership Dept of Health and Social Security Other bodies capital grant		2,398 308 96 9 540 25,427	2,398 308 96 9 540	2,015 1,863 148 - 330 25,851	2,015 1,863 148 - 330 25,851
3	Research grants and contracts					
	Research councils and charities Government (UK and overseas) Industry and commerce		3,896 3,466 1,729 9,091	3,896 3,466 1,729 9,091	4,800 3,349 1,432 9,581	4,800 3,335 1,432 9,567
4	Other income					
	Residences, catering and conferences Other revenue grants Other income generating activities		8,204 4,571 11,699 24,474	7,804 4,517 5,547 17,868	4,953 4,958 8,440 18,351	4,893 4,559 4,132 13,584
	Other revenue grants includes £58,000 (2021: £2,171,000) in relation to Coronav 2021:£1,451,000).	rus Job R	etention Schem	e (University o	only £27,000,	
5	Investment income					
	Investment income on expendable endowments Other investment income Other interest receivable	23	22 392 140 554	22 392 918 1,332	17 87 404 508	17 87 1,094 1,198
6	Donations and endowments					
J	New endowments Donations with restrictions Unrestricted donations	23 24	50 66 148 264	50 66 211 327	75 275 148 498	75 275 205 555
	Note The source of grant and fee income, included in notes 1 to 4 is as follows:					
	Grant income from the OfS Grant income from other bodies Fee income for taught awards (exclusive of VAT) Fee income for research awards (exclusive of VAT) Fee income from non-qualifying courses (exclusive of VAT) Total grant and fee income		14,041 23,319 333,368 4,745 5,274 380,747	14,041 23,265 333,327 4,745 442 375,820	15,291 23,667 311,732 2,980 5,474 359,144	15,291 23,254 311,736 2,980 961 354,222
	- · · · U · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,		,

for the year ended 31 July 2022

		Year Ended 3 Consolidated	1 July 2022 University	Year Ended 3: Consolidated	1 July 2021 Universit
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'00
Staff costs					
Employee costs:					
Wages and salaries		174,258	162,449	160,179	149,98
Social security costs		18,067	17,303	16,051	15,43
Other pension costs		29,423	29,134	29,287	29,03
Pension operating costs	21	33,184	33,184	22,926	22,92
Total		254,932	242,070	228,443	217,37
				2022	202
Emoluments of the Vice-Chancellor:				£'000	£'00
Salary				277	27
Payment in lieu of pension contributions				44	4
Bonus			†		
				321	31
Pension contributions including contributions to USS				15	
				336	32
† Bonus is the bonus paid in year. No bonus was paid in the years e	nded 31 July	2022 and 31 July	2021.		
Remuneration of other higher paid staff, excluding employer's pens	ion contribut	ions:		No.	N
£100,000 to £104,999				8	
£105,000 to £109,999				6	
£110,000 to £114,999				3	
£115,000 to £119,999				6	
£120,000 to £124,999				1	
£125,000 to £129,999				-	
£130,000 to £134,999				2	
£135,000 to £139,999				2	
£140,000 to £144,999				1	
£145,000 to £149,999				2	
£150,000 to £154,999				1	
£155,000 to £159,999				2	
£160,000 to £165,999				1	
£175,000 to £179,999				-	
£180,000 to £185,999				-	
£185,000 to £189,999				-	
£190,000 to £194,999				1	
£200,000 to £204,999				-	
No remuneration was paid to the Chair of the Board of Governo undertakings.	rs nor to otl	ner non-executiv	e members of	f the Board and	its subsid
Average weekly staff numbers (including senior post-holders) emplo	oved durina t	he period:		2022	202
	,	,		FTE	FT
Acadomic donortments				1,856	1,70
Academic departments Academic support services				689	1,70
Other support services				210	13
Administration and central services				1,023	1,01
Estates				417	40
Other				20	5
other				4,215	
Compensation for loss of office - all staff				4,215	3,97
Compensation for loss of office - all staff				2022	202
Compensation paid/payable recorded within staff costs				£'000 547	£'00 47
Compensation paid/payable recorded within Staff Costs					
				2022	202
				Marianhari	Nimaha
Number of people to whom this was payable				Number 25	Numbe 3

for the year ended 31 July 2022

7 Staff costs (continued)

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those members of the University Executive Team, having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the University. Staff costs include compensation (salaries and benefits, including any employer's pension contributions) paid to key management personnel as follows:

Key management personnel compensation	2,026	1,842
	£'000	£'000
	2022	2021

Trustees

No trustee has received any remuneration/waived payments from the group during the year (2021: None).

The total expenses paid to or on behalf of the 22 trustees was £5,605 (2021: £330 to 21 trustees). This represents travel and subsistence expenses incurred personally by the trustees in attending Board of Governors and Committee meetings and Charity events in their official capacity.

Head of provider pay

The Vice-Chancellor does not receive any taxable benefits. He receives a non taxable benefit in the form of an annual health care assessment with a value of £1,533 (2021: £1,334).

The Vice-Chancellor's remuneration is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee, one of the sub-committees of the Board of Governors. The Remuneration Committee was established by the Board of Governors on 1 May 2018, taking over relevant duties from the former Remuneration and Employment Policy Committee.

The Vice-Chancellor is not a member of the Remuneration Committee. The Vice-Chancellor will normally attend the Committee's meetings but will withdraw from any discussions with regard to his own salary or other potential benefits. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by a senior independent member of the Board of Governors, and includes both a staff and student voice within its membership. In addition to five independent members of the Board of Governors, the Academic Board member on the Board of Governors (staff voice) and a recent NTU student (student voice) appointed by the Chair of the Board with the advice of the Nottingham Trent Student Union are both full members. The Remuneration Committee can draw on the expertise of an independent adviser.

When considering reward proposals for the Vice-Chancellor the Remuneration Committee considered the following indicators:

- performance in support of the University's strategic objectives and KPIs in the areas of teaching, research, management and administration, leadership of staff, partnerships and external relations internationally, nationally and locally and major initiatives and projects;
- the size and complexity of the University;
- the breadth, degree of complexity and level of challenge of the Vice-Chancellor's role;
- the nature of the HE markets and general issues of pay restraint, recruitment and retention challenges within the HE sector;
- the need to remain market competitive and reward exceptional, evidenced performance as well as retain and motivate for the future success of the University; and
- Benchmarking data in respect of comparator institutions, geographical location and specialism.

The data that supported these indicators were drawn from the following areas:

- University and Colleges Employer Associations Senior Staff Remuneration Survey;
- Committee of University Chairs' Vice-Chancellor Salary Survey;
- In addition nationally determined job evaluation schemes, nationally negotiated pay awards and nationally recognised higher education pension schemes were all considered by the Committee.

The head of the provider's basic salary is 8.1 (2021: 8.1) times the median pay of staff, where the median pay is calculated on a full-time equivalent basis for the salaries paid by the provider to its staff. The head of the provider's total remuneration is 9.1 (2021: 9.4) times the median total remuneration of staff, where the median total remuneration is calculated on a full-time equivalent basis for the total remuneration by the provider of its staff. The provisions of paragraph 12d of OfS accounts direction 19/20 have been adopted.

Further details on the pay, expenses and payments in lieu of pension contributions for the Vice-Chancellor are available on the NTU website at https://www.ntu.ac.uk/about-us/governance/vice-chancellor/vice-chancellors-salary

for the year ended 31 July 2022

			Year Ended 31 July 2022		Year Ended 3	1 July 2021
			Consolidated	University	Consolidated	, University
		Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
8	Analysis of other operating expenses by activity					
	Academic departments		27,839	37,269	19,640	27,352
	Academic services		24,076	23,272	18,292	17,751
	Administration and central services		34,923	34,571	28,697	32,936
	Premises		12,656	11,321	10,030	8,865
	Residences, catering and conferences		491	127	6,569	6,542
	Research grants and contracts		4,303	4,142	4,567	4,307
	Other expenses		1,596	-	928	-
			105,884	110,702	88,723	97,753
	Other operating expenses include:			_		_
	External auditors remuneration in respect of audit services		95	68	83	59
	External auditors remuneration in respect of non-audit services		25	2	18	2
	Operating lease rentals - land and buildings		1,319	867	693	207
	- other		507	507	469	469
9	Interest and other finance costs					
	Bank interest on loans		3,754	3,754	3,929	3,929
	Net charge on pension scheme	21	6,320	6,320	5,077	5,077
			10,074	10,074	9,006	9,006
10	Taxation					
	Recognised in the statement of comprehensive income					
	Current tax expense					
	Adjustment in respect of previous years		_	_	_	_
	Current tax expense					
	current tax expense		_	_		
	Deferred tax					
	Origination and reversal of timing differences		18	-	1,033	-
	Reduction in tax rate		-	-	-	-
	Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses		65		65	-
	Deferred tax credit		83	-	1,098	-
	Total tax credit		83		1,098	

The tax charge is represented in the consolidated balance sheet through the net financial impact of the creation of corporation tax payable (Note 19) and a deferred tax asset (Note 16) and the increase in the provision for deferred tax (Note 22).

11 Intangible assets

Opening Balance	2,243	-	2,797	-
Additions	-	-	-	-
Amortisation charge for the year	(554)	-	(554)	-
At 31 July 2022	1,689	-	2,243	_

The amortisation period is 10 years.

12 Fixed Assets						
	Investment Land & Buildings	Freehold Land and Buildings	Fixtures and fittings	Furniture and equipment	Assets under course of construction	Total fixed assets
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Consolidated	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000
Cost or valuation						
At 1 August 2021	5,830	407,834	72,151	80,920	14,943	581,678
Additions	-	8,315	4,572	13,264	8,534	34,685
Transfers	-	8,163	914	410	(9,487)	-
Disposals	-	(2,650)	(2,193)	(2,979)	-	(7,822)
At 31 July 2022	5,830	421,662	75,444	91,615	13,990	608,541
Consisting of valuation as at:						
1 August 2014	-	271,159	-	-	-	271,159
31 July 2020	5,830	-	-	-	-	5,830
Cost	-	150,503	75,444	91,615	13,990	331,552
	5,830	421,662	75,444	91,615	13,990	608,541
Depreciation						
At 1 August 2021	-	44,196	34,719	40,506	-	119,421
Charge for the year	-	8,218	4,746	11,204	=	24,168
Disposals			(2,193)	(2,979)		(5,172)
At 31 July 2022	-	52,414	37,272	48,731		138,417
Net book value						
At 31 July 2022	5,830	369,248	38,172	42,884	13,990	470,124
At 31 July 2021	5,830	363,638	37,432	40,414	14,943	462,257
University						
Cost or valuation						
At 1 August 2021	5,830	376,190	69,682	73,183	14,943	539,828
Additions	-,	9,012	4,588	12,011	6,769	32,380
Transfers	-	8,163	914	410	(9,487)	-
Disposals	-	(2,650)	(2,193)	(2,979)	-	(7,822)
At 31 July 2022	5,830	390,715	72,991	82,625	12,225	564,386
Consisting of valuation as at:						
1 August 2014	-	271,159	-	-	-	271,159
31 July 2020	5,830	-	-	-	-	5,830
Cost	-	119,556	72,991	82,625	12,225	287,397
	5,830	390,715	72,991	82,625	12,225	564,386
Depreciation						
At 1 August 2021	-	40,230	32,263	35,958	-	108,451
Charge for the year	-	7,274	4,786	10,582	-	22,642
Disposals	-	-	(2,193)	(2,979)	-	(5,172)
At 31 July 2022		47,504	34,856	43,561		125,921
Net book value						
At 31 July 2022	5,830	343,211	38,135	39,064	12,225	438,465
At 31 July 2021	5,830	335,960	37,419	37,225	14,943	431,377

A full valuation as at 1 August 2014 of the University's land and buildings (including those of its subsidiaries, where applicable) was carried out by an independent and professionally qualified Valuer. In addition, building assets transferred at cost from Assets under the course of construction during the period 1st August 2014 to 31st July 2015 were also subject to full valuation.

The investment land and buildings were revalued as at 31 July 2020 following a professional revaluation. At 31 July 2022, investment land and buildings included £490,000 (2021 - £490,000) in respect of freehold land which is not depreciated.

for the year ended 31 July 2022

12. Fixed Assets (continued)

At 31 July 2022, freehold land and buildings included £41,972,976 (2021 - £43,243,180) in respect of freehold land which is not depreciated. There are no amounts held under finance lease.

On 2 August 1999 the University signed a deed preserving the 'further education asset base' inherited following its merger with Brackenhurst College on 1 April 1999. In the event of a total failure to preserve the asset base, the Education and Skills Funding Agency shall have the right to call for the repayment of the 'further education asset base', being the greater of the value of indexed-based 'chattels' less 'liabilities' or the total cost of replacing the land asset with accommodation and facilities of comparable quality, size and location.

In 1999/2000 the University entered into a lease with a developer for the provision of a hotel/gym complex on its Goldsmith Square car park. The lease is for 50 years with breaks at 15 and 25 years. At the conclusion of the lease, the whole of the property will revert to the University.

During 2007/08 the University entered into an amended lease agreement with UPP Group Limited and UPP (Nottingham) Limited for the majority of its student residences. The University received consideration totalling £11,032,000 in 2007/08 in respect of this transaction, including a 20% shareholding in UPP (Nottingham) Limited and an entitlement to loan notes to be issued by UPP (Nottingham) Limited. In 2009/10 the University received consideration totalling £652,000 in respect of an additional entitlement to loan notes. The leases are for 40 years maturing in 2048 and at the conclusion of the leases the properties will revert to the University.

In 2009/10 the University entered into a lease agreement with UPP (Clifton) Limited for the provision of a new student residence on the Clifton campus. The University received a gross consideration totalling £7,333,000, which net of costs totalled £6,880,000. The transaction included a 20% shareholding in UPP (Clifton) Limited and an entitlement to loan notes to be issued by UPP (Clifton) Limited. The lease is co-terminus with the existing UPP agreements and at the conclusion of the lease the properties will revert to the University.

In 2011/12 the University entered into a new lease agreement with UPP (Byron) Limited for the provision of a new student residence and new Students Union building on the City campus. The University received a premium of £1,833,000 in respect of the agreement. The transaction includes a 20% shareholding in UPP (Byron) Limited and an entitlement to loan notes to be issued by UPP (Byron) Limited. On completion of the building in 2013/14 the University received a further lease premium of £11,813,000 as a fixed asset rather than cash.

13 Non-current Investments

	Subsidiary companies	Investment in joint ventures and associates	Other Investments	Total
Consolidated	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 August 2021	-	365	1,022	1,387
Fair value adjustments	-	-	(98)	(98)
Impairments	-	(95)	-	(95)
At 31 July 2022		270	924	1,194
University				
At 1 August 2021	4,948	241	1,022	6,211
Fair value adjustments			(98)	(98)
At 31 July 2022	4,948	241	924	6,113

Other Investments

The Group holds 32,258 ordinary shares in Experian Plc (2021: 32,258) which were valued at £28.6 per share (2021: £31.7) as per the closing Sell position on the London Stock Exchange as at 31 July 2022.

	Shareholding %	Cost £	Value £
Intelligent OMICS Limited	50	550	-
SiActive Limited	27	25	-

for the year ended 31 July 2022

13 Non-current Investments (continued)

Other Investments (cont'd)

The Group also holds shares in a number of companies which have been set up through The HIVE Initiative. Details of these investments have not been disclosed due to their insignificant nature.

Subsidiary Companies

The University owns 100% of the issued share capital of the following companies which are registered in England and Wales and operating in the UK.

Company Name	No. of Ord Shares	Cost of Investment	Value of Investment
company name	Silares	£'000	£'000
Nottingham Law School Limited	1,667,000	1,667	-
Nottingham Consultants Limited	555,000	555	-
Nottingham Trent Residences 1 plc	5,000,004	2,500	-
Nottingham Trent International College Limited	1	-	-
Nottingham Conference Centre Limited	1	-	-
Confetti Constellations Limited	100	3,976	3,976
Notts TV Limited *	700	160	-

In addition, the University is the sole subscriber to the following companies limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales and operating in the UK

Company Name

NLS Legal Limited (formerly Nottingham Law School Legal Advice Centre Limited) *

Nova Centric Limited

NTU Temporary Staff Limited *

MTIF (BEZ) Limited

The registered office for all subsidiaries is 50 Shakespeare Street, Nottingham, NG1 4FQ.

14 Investment in joint ventures and associates		Consolidated	University	Consolidated	University
		2022	2022	2021	2021
	Shareholding	Value of	Value of	Value of	Value of
Company Name	percentage	Investment	Investment	Investment	Investment
Associate	%	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
UPP Clifton Limited	20	78	78	78	78
UPP Byron Limited	20	113	113	113	113
NET	n/a	50	50	50	50
Loreus Limited	10	-	-	-	-
Halo X-Ray Technologies Limited	37	-	-	24	-
ESITU Solutions Limited	49	29	-	100	-
Joint venture					
BioCity Group Ltd (sold in year ended 31 July 2021)	50	-	-	-	-
		270	241	365	241

The Group's holdings in UPP Clifton Limited and UPP Byron Limited were a result of property lease financing arrangement considerations (see Note 12).

The University sold its interest in Biocity Group Limited on 29 March 2021 for £9.6m. The Group's participating interest in BioCity Group Limited related to the net assets in the joint venture arrangement entered into by the University to form BioCity Nottingham Limited with the University of Nottingham and the East Midlands Development Agency (EMDA). Following the abolition of EMDA in March 2012 the University had continued the joint venture arrangement with the University of Nottingham.

BioCity Group Limited owned 75% of BioCity Scotland Limited formed with a minority interest partner. BioCity Scotland Limited was gifted land, plant, equipment and stock by Merck to the value of £11.3m in 2012. BioCity Group Limited was treated as a joint venture as the University was party to a contractual agreement with a party outside the group to undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control. The last year end of the joint venture before 31 July 2021 is 31 December 2020.

Associated companies are accounted for using the cost method. The value of investment in Loreus Limited is £10 (Ten pounds).

^{*} exempt from audit under the requirements of s479A of the Companies Act 2006

for the year ended 31 July 2022

	Year Ended 3:	L July 2022	Year Ended 3	1 July 2021
	Consolidated	University	Consolidated	University
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
15 Stock and stores in hand				
Finished goods	387	242	312	232
Goods for resale	110	69	103	51
	497	311	415	283
16 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year				
Trade debtors	13,454	11,557	7,214	5,470
Amounts due by group undertaking companies	-	1,456	-	1,495
Deferred tax asset	192	-	109	-
Accrued Income	6,135	5,803	6,430	6,189
Prepayments	1,678	1,408	2,431	2,087
Other debtors	240	-	205	-
	21,699	20,224	16,389	15,241
17 Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year				
Loan notes	3,174	3,174	3,174	3,174
Amounts due by group undertaking companies	-	22,952	-	23,064
	3,174	26,126	3,174	26,238

are operative over the life of the concession.

18 Current Investments

Short term deposits	30,000	30,000	20,000	20,000
	30,000	30,000	20,000	20,000

Deposits are held with banks and building societies operating in the London market and licensed by the Financial Services Authority with more than three months but less than twelve months maturity at the balance sheet date. The interest rates for these deposits are fixed for the duration of the deposit at time of placement.

At 31 July 2022 the weighted average interest rate of these fixed rate deposits was 0.98% per annum and the remaining weighted average period for which the interest rate is fixed on these deposits was 34 days.

19	Creditors : amounts falling due within one year		Year Ended 3	1 July 2022	Year Ended 3:	1 July 2021
			Consolidated	University	Consolidated	University
		Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Unsecured loans		-	-	-	-
	Salix Finance Loan	20	198	198	223	223
	Amounts due to group undertaking companies		-	867	-	388
	Trade creditors		5,851	4,678	5,320	3,676
	Social security and other taxation payable		9,061	8,740	9,234	8,903
	Corporation tax payable		-	-	-	-
	Other creditors		2,866	2,696	1,477	1,270
	General accruals		22,752	21,166	22,150	20,954
	Deferred income		24,669	24,208	18,984	18,675
			65,397	62,553	57,388	54,089
	Deferred income					
	The following items of income which have been deferred until spec	ific perform	ance related co	nditions have	been met.	
	Tuition fee income		15,580	15,481	9,384	9,298
	Government non-recurrent grant income	30	2,208	2,208	1,999	1,999
	Research grant income		3,401	3,401	4,071	4,071
	Other grant income		1,199	1,180	1,467	1,455
	Other income		2,281	1,938	2,063	1,852
			24,669	24,208	18,984	18,675
			24,669	24,208	18,984	18,675

for the year ended 31 July 2022

		Year Ended 3	1 July 2022	Year Ended 31	L July 2021
		Consolidated	University	Consolidated	University
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
20 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year					
Other creditors		9	9	24	24
Government non-recurrent grant deferred income	30	70,537	70,537	69,593	69,593
		70,546	70,546	69,617	69,617
Salix Finance Loans		81	81	279	279
Bank loans		40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Other loans		44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000
Total bank and other loans		84,081	84,081	84,279	84,279
		154,627	154,627	153,896	153,896

Salix have been working with Universities since 2006, currently offering finance on behalf of the Department of Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) and previously through the joint-funded Revolving Green Fund Scheme 1 and 4 and with the Office for Students (OfS).

Analysis of	bank and	other loans

Due within one year	198	198	223	223
Due between one and two years	78	78	199	199
Due between two and five years	3	3	80	80
Due in five years or more	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000
Due after more than one year	84,081	84,081	84,279	84,279
Total debt	84,279	84,279	84,502	84,502
Analysis of debt by repayable date: Loan repayable by 2021 Loan repayable by 2023 Loan repayable by 2025 Loan repayable by 2038 Loan repayable by 2043	- 110 169 40,000 44,000	- 110 169 40,000 44,000	- 219 283 40,000 44,000	- 219 283 40,000 44,000
	84,279	84,279	84,502	84,502

Lender	Original Ioan	Rate of Interest
	£'000	
Salix Finance Limited	2,036	0.00%
Royal Bank of Scotland	40,000	5.53%
3.01% loan notes	44,000	3.01%
Total	86,036	

The £40m and the £44m are repayable in a single amount at the end of the loan period. The Salix loans are repayable in instalments over the loan period. All loans are unsecured.

The £40m loan was repaid on 11 October 2022.

The 3.01% loan notes were issued on 4 June 2018 to The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company. The loan notes are due for repayment on 4 June 2043.

for the year ended 31 July 2022

21 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Consolidated & University

Other rovisions £'000
4,016
-
(2,670)
-
-
-
1,346
,

USS pension fund

The obligation to fund the past deficit on the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) arises from the contractual obligation with the USS to fund deficit payments in accordance with the deficit recovery plan. In calculating this provision, management have estimated future staff levels within the USS scheme for the duration of the contractual obligation and salary inflation. Key assumptions are set out below and further information is provided in note 33.

Enhanced pensions on termination

The enhanced pensions on termination scheme is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme.

This relates to unfunded pension payments to which the university is committed.

The assumptions for calculating the provision for enhanced pensions on termination under FRS 102, are as follows:

Discount Rate 3.3% Inflation Rate 2.9%

Other provision

The other provision relates to potential repayment of income.

22 Deferred taxation asset

Consolidated only	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Accelerated capital allowances	54	39
Short term timing differences	4	4
Tax losses carried forward and other deductions	134	66
	192	109
Movement in asset	£'000	
At 1 August 2021	109	
Deferred tax charged in the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure	83	
At 31 July 2022	192	

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2022

23 Endowment Reserves			
	Consolida	ted and Univers	ity
	Restricted	2022	2021
	Expendable	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balances at 1 August			
Capital	4,839	4,839	4,960
Accumulated income	-	-	-
	4,839	4,839	4,960
New endowments	50	50	75
Investment income	22	22	17
Expenditure	(237)	(237)	(213)
Total endowment comprehensive income for the year	(165)	(165)	(121)
At 31 July	4,674	4,674	4,839
Represented by:			
Capital	4,674	4,674	4,839
Accumulated income	-	-	-
	4,674	4,674	4,839
Analysis by type of purpose:			
Research support	4,674	4,674	4,839
	4,674	4,674	4,839
Analysis by asset			
Current and non-current asset investments		-	-
Cash & cash equivalents		4,674	4,839
	_	4,674	4,839
	=		

Restricted expendable endowments represents £4.67m relating to connected institutions under paragraph 28 Schedule 2 of the Charities Act 2011, for funds received from the Van Geest Foundation Cancer Research Fund, a charitable trust established to administer funds donated by John and Lucille van Geest Foundation. The objects of the fund are to advance education at the University into all aspects of cancer biology and contribute towards and meet the costs of cancer research undertaken at the University and the publication of useful results of such research.

24 Restricted Reserves

Reserves with restrictions are as follows: Con	Consolidated and University	
	2022	2021
Donation	s Total	Total
£'000	0 £'000	£'000
Balances at 1 August 288	288	148
New grants -	-	-
New donations 66	66	275
Capital grants utilised -	-	-
Expenditure (195	(195)	(135)
Total restricted comprehensive income for the year (129	(129)	140
At 31 July 159	159	288
Analysis of other restricted funds /donations by type of purpose:		
Lectureships	-	-
Scholarships and bursaries	53	26
Research support	-	-
Prize funds	7	7
General	99	255
	159	288

for the year ended 31 July 2022

Cash and cash equivalents Flows f:000 f:0000 f:000	25 Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents £ '000	Consolidated	At 1st August	Cash	At 31st July
Cash and cash equivalents 26 Reconciliation of net debt Net debt 1 August 2021 Movement in cash and cash equivalents Repayment of unsecured loans and finance leases Net debt 31 July 2022 Change in net debt Cash and cash equivalents		2021	Flows	2022
26 Reconciliation of net debt Net debt 1 August 2021 Movement in cash and cash equivalents Repayment of unsecured loans and finance leases Net debt 31 July 2022 Change in net debt Cash and cash equivalents Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year Unsecured loans Obligations under finance leases 198 Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans Obligations amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans Obligations amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans Net debt 1 August 2021 (78,0 (7		£'000	£'000	£'000
Net debt 1 August 2021 Movement in cash and cash equivalents Repayment of unsecured loans and finance leases Net debt 31 July 2022 Change in net debt Analysis of net debt: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cosh and	Cash and cash equivalents	124,200	38,140	162,340
Net debt 1 August 2021(39,6)Movement in cash and cash equivalents(38,6)Repayment of unsecured loans and finance leases(38,6)Net debt 31 July 202238,7Change in net debt(78,6)Analysis of net debt:2022Cash and cash equivalents£'000Cash and cash equivalents(162,340)Borrowings: amounts falling due within one yearUnsecured loans198Obligations under finance leases-198Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one yearUnsecured loans84,081	26 Reconciliation of net debt			
Movement in cash and cash equivalents Repayment of unsecured loans and finance leases Net debt 31 July 2022 Change in net debt Analysis of net debt: Cash and cash equivalents Cash				£'000
Repayment of unsecured loans and finance leases Net debt 31 July 2022 Change in net debt Analysis of net debt: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash	Net debt 1 August 2021			(39,698)
Net debt 31 July 2022 Change in net debt Analysis of net debt: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year Unsecured loans Obligations under finance leases Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,081	Movement in cash and cash equivalents			(38,140)
Change in net debt Analysis of net debt: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year Unsecured loans Obligations under finance leases	Repayment of unsecured loans and finance leases			(222)
Analysis of net debt: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents (162,340) (124,7) Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year Unsecured loans Obligations under finance leases - 198 Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,081	Net debt 31 July 2022			38,362
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year Unsecured loans Obligations under finance leases - 198 Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,	Change in net debt			(78,060)
Cash and cash equivalents (162,340) (124,340) Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year Unsecured loans 198 Obligations under finance leases - 198 Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,	Analysis of net debt:		2022	2021
Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year Unsecured loans Obligations under finance leases - 198 Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,			£'000	£'000
Unsecured loans Obligations under finance leases - 198 Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,	Cash and cash equivalents		(162,340)	(124,200)
Obligations under finance leases 198 Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,	Borrowings: amounts falling due within one year			
Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,	Unsecured loans		198	223
Borrowings: amounts falling due after more than one year Unsecured loans 84,081 84,	Obligations under finance leases	_		
Unsecured loans 84,081 84,			198	223
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
84,081 84,	Unsecured loans	_		84,279
			84,081	84,279
Net debt (78,061) (39,6	Net debt	-	(78,061)	(39,698)

for the year ended 31 July 2022

27 Capital and other commitments

Provision has not been made for the following capital commitments at 31 July 2022:

	Year Ended 3 Consolidated £'000	1 July 2022 University £'000	Year Ended 3 Consolidated £'000	31 July 2021 University £'000
Commitments contracted for	13,804	13,401	11,452	11,368
28 Contingent liabilities				
There are no contingent liabilities at the year end.				
29 Operating lease obligations				
Total rentals payable under operating leases:				
	Plant and	Land and	Total 2022	
	Machinery £'000	buildings £'000	£'000	Total 2021 £'000
Payable during the year	516	1,319		1,163
rayable during the year	210	1,519	1,835	1,105
Future minimum lease payments due:				
Not later than 1 year	189	1,197	1,386	1,060
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	120	4,464	4,584	2,550
Later than 5 years Total lease payments due	309	17,252 22,913	17,252 23,222	7,184 10,794
, otal lease payments and				20,731
30 Government non-recurrent grant deferred income				
		Consolidated	and University	
	Funding		2022	2021
	£'000	Other Grants £'000	Total £'000	Total £'000
Balances at 1 August - Buildings only	56,302	15,290	71,592	63,964
New grants	2,302	950	3,252	9,412
Release to income statement	(1,559)	(540)	(2,099)	(1,784)
At 31 July - Buildings only	57,045	15,700	72,745	71,592
Analysed by:				
Creditors : amounts falling due within one year			2,208	1,999
Creditors : amounts falling due after more than one year			70,537	69,593

71,592

72,745

for the year ended 31 July 2022

31 Subsidiary undertakings

The subsidiary companies (all of which are registered in England & Wales), wholly-owned or effectively controlled by the University, are as follows:

Company	Principal Activity	Status
Nottingham Law School Limited	Dormant	100% owned
Nottingham Consultants Limited	Provision of courses, consultancy services and commercial research and the commercial letting of accommodation	100% owned
Nottingham Trent Residences 1 plc	Dormant	100% owned
Nottingham International College Limited	Dormant	100% owned
Nottingham Conference Centre Limited	Provision of conference and catering facilities	100% owned
Confetti Constellations Limited	Provision of education facilities and services for music, multi-media and communications courses, including the design, consultancy, supply and installation services for the provision of music, moving image, IT equipment and furniture	100% owned
NLS Legal Limited (formerly Nottingham Law School Legal Advice Centre Limited)	I Provision of legal advice and information services to the local community and individuals in need, whilst providing practical experience to law students undertaking their professional law training under the supervision and guidance of qualified solicitors	Limited by Guarantee
Nova Centric Limited	Provision of further and higher education courses in music, multi-media and communication courses	Limited by Guarantee
NTU Temporary Staff Limited	Provision of temporary staff	Limited by Guarantee
MTIF (BEZ) Limited	Provision of goods, services and equipment to and for the University's medical technologies innovation facility.	Limited by Guarantee
Notts TV Limited	Provision of a local broadcast service to the Nottingham area	100% owned
Nottingham Business School Limited	Dormant	100% owned
Nottingham Language Centre Limited	Dormant	100% owned
Confetti Media Limited	Dormant	100% owned

32 Connected charitable Institutions

A number of charitable institutions are administered by or on behalf of the University and have been established for its general or special purposes. As a result, under paragraph 28 of Schedule 3 to the Charities Act 2011, these connected institutions are exempt from registration with the Charity Commission.

The movements in the year on the total funds of all connected institutions were as follows:

	Opening balance £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Closing Balance £'000
within Consolidated Financial Statements				
Van Geest Cancer Research Fund	4,960	72	(237)	4,795
Nottingham Trent University Trust Fund	180	-	-	180

33 Pension Schemes

The University participates, principally, in two pension schemes, the Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). It also participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS), although there is only a small number of participants and a low level of contributions.

Total Pension Cost for the year:

	Year Ended 31 July 2022		Year Ended 31	July 2021
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
TPS: Contributions Paid		16,717		15,575
USS: Contributions Paid	1,578		1,572	
Pension operating costs	3,466		18	
		5,044		1,590
LGPS Contributions Paid	10,894		10,126	
Pension operating costs - administration charge	179		178	
Pension operating costs	29,539		22,730	
		40,612		33,034
Enhanced pension contributions		198		203
Past Service liability contributions		1,612		1,557
Pension Cost for year - University		64,183		51,959
Other pension contributions		289		253
Pension Cost for year - Consolidated	_	64,472	_	52,212

Other pension contributions relate to payments made by Confetti Constellations Limited and Nova Centric Limited to several pensions funds, including employees' personal pensions. No further disclosure is made on the grounds of materiality.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer defined benefit scheme. Contributions on a pay as you go basis are credited to the Exchequer under arrangements governed by the Superannuation Act 1972.

Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the scheme cannot allocate assets to individual contributing institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. As such, the University is exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme and, therefore, as required by FRS 102(28), accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

The pension cost is normally assessed every four years in accordance with the advice of the Government Actuary. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS is as at 31 March 2016 and contains assumptions and other relevant data that have the most significant effect on the determination of the contribution levels as follows:

TPS Fund position at last valuation

Valuation Method	Prospective benefits
Market value of assets at date of last valuation	£ 196,100 m
Proportion of members' accrued benefits covered by the actuarial value of assets	90%
Salary scale increases per annum	4.00%

Following the publication of the latest interim actuarial valuation in April 2019 the employer contribution was set at 23.68% with effect from September 2019.

Universities' Superannuation Scheme

Deficit recover contributions due within one year are £98,000 (2021:£ 94,000)

The latest available complete actuarial valuation of the USS Retirement Income Builder is as at 31 March 2020 ("the valuation date"), and was carried out using the projected unit method.

Since the institution cannot identify its share of Retirement Income Builder (defined benefit) assets and liabilities, the following disclosures reflect those relevant for those assets and liabilities as a whole.

The 2020 valuation was the sixth valuation for USS under the scheme-specific funding regime introduced by the Pensions Act 2004, which requires schemes to adopt a statutory funding objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. At the valuation date, the value of the assets of the scheme was £66.5 billion and the value of the scheme's technical provisions was £80.6 billion indicating a shortfall of £14.1 billion and a funding ratio of 83%.

The key financial assumptions used in the 2020 valuation are described below. More detail is set out in the Statement of Funding Principles.

	Term dependent rates in line with the difference between the Fixed Interest and Index Linked yield curves less: 1.1% p.a.		
CPI assumption	to 2030, reducing linearly by 0.1% p.a. to a long term difference of 0.1% p.a. from 2040		
Pension increases (subject to a floor of			
0%)	CPI assumption plus 0.05%		
Discount rate (forward rates)	Fixed interest gilt yield curve plus: Pre-retirement: 2.75% p.a. Post retirement: 1.00% p.a.		

The main demographic assumption used relates to the mortality assumptions. These assumptions are based on analysis of the scheme's experience carried out as part of the 2020 actuarial valuation. The mortality assumptions used in these figures are as follows:

for the year ended 31 July 2020

33 Pension Schemes (cont'd)

Universities' Superannuation Scheme (cont'd)

omitoriales superannuation seneme (sene a)				
	2020 valuation			
Mortality base table	101% of S2PMA "light" for males and 95% of S3PFA for females.			
	CMI_2019 with a smoothing parameter of 7.5, an initial addition of 0.5% pa and a long term improvement rate of 1.8%			
Future improvements to mortality	pa for males and 1.6% pa for females.			

The current life expectancies on retirement at age 65 are:

	2022	2021
Males currently aged 65 years	23.9	24.7
Females currently aged 65 years	25.5	26.1
Males currently aged 45 years	25.9	26.7
Females currently aged 45 years	27.3	27.9

A new deficit recovery plan was put in place as part of the 2020 valuation, which requires payment of 6.2% of salaries over the period 1 April 2022 until 31 March 2024 at which point the rate will increase to 6.3%. The 2022 deficit recovery liability reflects this plan. The liability figures have been produced using the following assumptions:

	2022	2021
Discount rate	3.31%	0.87%
Pensionable salary growth	3.50%	3.50%

The employers' contribution rates are as follows:

Effective date	Rate
1 October 2019 to 30 September 2021	21.10%
1 October 2021 to 31 March 2022	21.40%
1 April 2022 to 31 March 2024	21.60%
1 Apirl 2024 to 30 April 2038	21.40%

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a defined benefit statutory scheme administered in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 and currently provides benefit on career average revalued earnings.

The administering authority for the fund is Nottinghamshire County Council. The Pension Fund Committee oversees the management of the Fund whilst day to day administration is undertaken by a team within the administering authority. Where appropriate some functions are delegated to the Fund's professional advisers.

As administering authority to the Fund, Nottingham County Council, after consultation with the Fund Actuary and other relevant parties, is responsible for the preparation and maintenance of the Funding Strategy Statement and the Statement of Investing Principles. These should be amended when appropriate based on the Fund's performance and funding.

The Fund is valued every three years by a professionally qualified independent actuary, as required by regulations, using the projected unit method. Contributions are set as a result of the actuarial valuation. The last valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2019 and set contributions for the period April 2020 to March 2023. During this accounting period the University's minimum employer contributions were 15.3%, whilst a separate lump sum payment of £4.78m is payable over the three year valuation period to fund past service liabilities. The fund position as at 31 March 2019 is detailed below:

Value of Assets	£5,433m
Funding level for accrued benefit	93%
Investment return per annum to meet future service liabilities	
- equities	6.7%
- gilts	1.7%
- property	6.1%
- cash	0.8%
- inflation linked fund	5.6%
Long term pay scale increases per annum	3.6%
Consumer price inflation	2.6%
Pension increase per annum	2.6%

There are no minimum funding requirements in the LGPS but contributions are generally set to target a funding level of 100% using the actuarial valuation assumptions.

To assess the value of the University's liabilities at 31 July 2022, the Actuary rolled forward the value of the University's liabilities calculated for the funding valuation as at 31 March 2019, using the financial assumptions that comply with FRS102.

To calculate the asset share the actuary has rolled forward the assets allocated to the University at 31 March 2019 allowing for investment returns, contributions paid into, and estimated benefits paid from, the Fund by and in respect of the University and its employees.

33 Pension Schemes (cont'd)

Local Government Pension Scheme (cont'd)

The full actuarial valuation involved projecting future cashflows to be paid from the Fund and placing value on them. These cashflows include pensions currently being paid to members of the Fund as well as pensions (and lump sums) that may be payable in future to members of the Fund and their dependents. These pensions are linked to inflation and will normally be payable on retirement of the life of the member or a dependent following a member's death.

It is not possible to accurately assess the estimated liabilities as at 31 July 2022 without completing a full valuation. However, the Actuary and the University are satisfied that the approach of rolling forward previous valuation data to 31 July 2022 should not introduce any material distortions to the results provided that the actual experience of the University and the Fund has been broadly in line with underlying assumptions, and that the structure of the liabilities is substantially the same as at the latest formal valuation.

In addition, the actuary adopted a set of demographic assumptions consistent with those used for the most recent Fund valuation (31 March 2019). The post retirement mortality tables adopted are S3PA tables with a multiplier of 110% for males and 105% for females. These base tables are then projected using the CMI 2018 Model, allowing for a long-term rate of improvement of 0.5% pa.

The material assumptions used by the Actuary as at 31 July 2022 were:

,,,,,,	2022	2021
Financial assumptions (referenced to market conditions at 31 July 2022)	% p.a	% p.a
Discount Rate	3.40%	1.60%
Pension increases	2.75%	2.80%
Salary increases	3.75%	3.80%

The discount rate is the annualised Merrill Lynch AA-rated corporate bond yield curve.

The Consumer Prices Index assumption, on which future pension increases are expected to be based, will be 2.75% p.a.

Salaries are assumed to increase at 1.0% p.a above CPI . This is consistent with the approach at the previous year end.

Mortality assumptions (life expectati	on from age 65)	2022	2021
Retiring today	Males	21.6	21.6
	Females	24.4	24.3
Retiring in 20 years	Males	23.0	22.9
	Females	25.8	25.7

Fund members' behaviour

- Members will exchange half their commutable pension for cash at retirement;
- Members will retire at one retirement age for all tranches of benefit; and
- 10% of active members will take up option under the new LGPS to pay 50% of contributions for 50% of benefits.

The University's share of net assets of the Fund is approximately 5% and the estimated asset allocation as at 31 July 2022 attributable to the University is as follows:

	31 July 2022		31 July	2021
	£'000	%	£'000	%
Equities	218,513	59%	231,155	65%
Gilts	8,772	2%	11,649	3%
Other bonds	25,751	7%	22,479	6%
Property	54,031	14%	36,491	10%
Cash	21,305	6%	14,542	4%
Inflation-linked pool funds	19,443	5%	17,054	5%
Infrastructure	24,982	7%	19,297	5%
Unit trust	-	0%	3,403	1%
	372,797		356,070	
The University's financial position in the LGPS Scheme as at 31	July 2022 is:			
,	•		2022	2021
			£'000	£'000
Fair value of Fund assets			372,797	356,070
Present value of defined benefit obligation			(492,028)	(739,606)
Surplus / (Deficit)			(119,231)	(383,536)
Present value of unfunded obligation			(2,795)	(3,411)
Net defined benefit asset / (liability)			(122,026)	(386,947)

The 2023 PI Order is used to set the level of pension increases, deferred revaluation and CARE revaluation with effect from 1 April 2023. This is expected to be significantly higher than the CPI assumption as at 31 July 2022. The PI Order is typically set with reference to the change in CPI inflation over the 12 months to the previous September (announced in October), so the 2023 PI Order is expected to be set with reference to the September 2022 CPI. The change in CPI over the 12 months to September 2022 was 10.1%.

The actual 2023 PI Order is not automatically set with reference to the September CPI. This is only known with certainty in March, once this has been approved by Parliament. It is possible that the actual PI Order will be lower than the change in CPI over the 12 months to September 2022. It is due to this uncertainty that the standard assumptions and approach as at 31 July 2022 make no allowance for a 2023 PI Order of the order of 10.1%. It is common practice for pensions disclosures to recognise experience as and when this

The effect of recognising the 2023 PI order in the balance sheet as at 31 July 2022 would increase the value of the obligations by £25.7m to £147.7m.

for the year ended 31 July 2022
33 Pension Schemes (cont'd)

Local Government Pension Scheme (cont'd)

Reconciliation of opening & closing balances of the present value of defined benefit and unfunded obligations

				2022	2021
				£'000	£'000
Opening defined benefit and unfunded obligation				743,017	657,133
Current service cost				42,126	34,537
Interest cost				11,847	9,172
Past service costs, including curtailment				-	-
Contributions				4,808	4,497
Benefits paid net of transfers in				(9,909)	(8,600
Change in financial and demographic assumptions and experience	ce loss/(gain)		_	(297,066)	46,278
Closing defined benefit and unfunded obligation			=	494,823	743,017
Reconciliation of opening & closing balances of the fair value of F	und assets			2022	2021
Outside fair value of Freed Assets				£'000	£'000
Opening fair value of Fund Assets				356,070	302,905
Interest on assets				5,757	4,294
Return on assets less interest				3,663	41,345
Administration expenses				(179)	(178
Other actuarial gains/(losses)				12 507	11 007
Contributions by University including unfunded				12,587	11,807
Contributions by Scheme participants				4,808	4,497
Benefits paid net of transfers in			-	(9,909) 372,797	(8,600)
Closing fair value of Fund Assets			=		
Actuarial gain/(loss) in other comprehensive income				2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Return on Fund assets in excess of interest Other actuarial losses on assets				3,663	41,345
Change in financial assumptions				277,747	(65,597)
Change in demographic assumptions				8,202	8,202
Experience gain/(loss) on defined benefit obligation				11,117	11,117
Actuarial gain/(loss) of the net assets/defined liability			-	300,729	(4,933)
Sensitivity analysis			=		
, ,	£'000	£'000	£'000		
Adjustment to discount rate	+0.1%	+0.0%	-0.1%		
Present value of total obligation	483,052	494,823	506,892		
Projected service cost	18,154	18,974	19,823		
Adjustment to long term salary increase	+0.1%	+0.0%	-0.1%		
Present value of total obligation	496,053	494,823	493,604		
Projected service cost	18,985	18,973	18,962		
Adjustment to pension increases and deferred revaluation	+0.1%	+0.0%	-0.1%		
Present value of total obligation	505,727	494,823	484,185		
Projected service cost	19,826	18,974	18,152		
Adjustment to life expectancy assumptions	+ 1 Year	None	- 1 Year		
Present value of total obligation	511,743	494,823	478,499		
Projected service cost	19,672	18,974	18,295		
Projected pension expense for the year to 31 July 2023				2022	2021
				£'000	£'000
Service Cost				18,974	39,380
Net interest on defined liability / (asset)				3,936	6,097
Administration expenses				184	182
Total loss / (profit)			_	23,094	45,659
Employer contributions			=	12,481	11,678
•			=	,	,

34 Related Party Transactions

The University controls 100% of the voting rights of all subsidiary undertakings. Therefore the University has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 (33.1A) and has not disclosed transactions or balances with entities that form part of the group and are included within these financial statements.

Due to the nature of the University's operations and the composition of the Board of Governors (being drawn from public and private sector organisations) it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the Board of Governors may have an interest. All transactions involving organisations in which a member of the Board of Governors may have an interest are conducted at arms' length and in accordance with the University's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

Mr C Naughton and Mr B Wills, in addition to being University Governors/Trustees, were also members of the Board of Trustees of the Nottingham Trent University Students Union. Transactions with a total value of £1.8m relating to block grant and other activities took place between the University and the Students Union.

Organisations and companies in which members of Council or senior management have an interest

	Income from related party £'000	Expenditure to related party £'000	Balance due from related party £'000	Balance due to related party £'000
Creative Quarter Nottingham Limited	-	69	-	-
Digital Catapult Services Limited	-	305	-	-
Nottingham Festival of Science and Curiosity Limited	-	10	-	5
Shakespeare Martineau LLP	-	19	-	-
Universities UK	-	41	-	39

A member of the Board of Governors is a director of each of the above companies.

The Director of Finance is a director of U.M.Association Limited, a company which provides insurance brokerage services to the university.

35 Transactions whereby University acts only as paying agent on behalf of a funding body

Funding body grants are available solely for students; the University acts only as the paying agent. The grants and disbursements are therefore excluded from income and expenditure statement.

	2022	2021
	£'000	£'000
Learner support funds		
Education and Skills Funding Agency grants	76	81
Interest earned	-	-
	76	81
Disbursement to students	(76)	(57)
Balance unspent as at 31 July		24
Healthcare education and training staff		
Healthcare education and training staff	40	14
Interest earned	-	-
	40	14
Disbursement to students	(20)	(14)
Balance unspent as at 31 July	20	76
Department for Education bursaries		
Department for Education bursaries	1,298	2,581
Interest earned	-	-
	1,298	2,581
Disbursement to students	(1,217)	(2,505)
Balance unspent as at 31 July	81	76

for the year ended 31 July 2022

36 Access and participation	Year Ended 31	1 July 2022 Year Ended 31 July 2021		
	Consolidated	University	Consolidated	University
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Access investment	2,610	2,553	2,096	2,038
Financial support	9,093	9,093	10,131	10,131
Support for disabled students	1,537	1,390	852	818
Research and evaluation	726	726	210	210
	13,966	13,762	13,289	13,197

Access and participation expenditure includes £3,916,000 (2021: £2,468,000) of staff costs. These costs are also included in the overall staff costs figures for financial statements note 7.

Investment in the Access and Participation for 2021/22 is 23% higher than the original plan.

An additional £1.2m has been spent on financial support as a result of the University having more low-income/bursary eligible students and increasing the amount of hardship payments being made available. Financial support has reduced relative to prior year due to the one off £1.6m of financial support given following the funding received from the OfS in 2020/21 to provide support for students facing challenges because of the pandemic.

Access spend has increased from prior year as activities such as Outreach that were restrict due to the pandemic in 2020/21 have been able to substantively increase.

Investment in support for Disabled Students has also increased in 2021/22 in recognition of the student demand for these services and support.

Success and Progression activities are no longer formally reported on but spend on these activities across the university amounted to £4.3m in 2021/22.

The university access and participation plan can be found at

 $https://apis.office for students.org.uk/access plans downloads/2024/Notting ham Trent University_APP_2020-21_V1_10004797.pdf$

37 Post balance sheet event

On 17 October 2022, the University repaid its £40m bank loan with Royal Bank of Scotland.

37 US loans supplementary schedule - Sterling £
Basis of preparation

Nottingham Trent University has an obligation as part of its participation in the US Federal Loans program to include Supplemental Information which complies with Federal Register/Vol. 84, No. 184 / Monday, September 23, 2019 / Rules and Regulations. This data is prepared using UK GAAP and does not include any adjustments that would be required to comply with US GAAP.

Reference	Expendable Net Assets		Year Ended 31 July 2022		Year Ended 31 July 2021 £'000 £'000	
Statement of Financial Position and Changes in Reserves	Statement of Financial Position - Net assets without donor restrictions	Net assets without donor restrictions		325,406		6,854
Statement of Financial Position and Changes in Reserves	Statement of Financial Position - Net assets with donor restrictions	Net assets with donor restrictions		4,833		5,127
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note	Secured and Unsecured related party receivable	_		-	
n/a	disclosure Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note	Unsecured related party receivable				
Statement of Financial Position	disclosure Statement of Financial Position - Property, Plant and equipment, net	Property, plant and equipment, net (includes Construction in	470,124		462,257	
Notes 12 and 19	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Property,	Property, plant and equipment - pre-implementation	470,124	378.197	402,237	391,071
Notes 12 and 19	plant and equipment - pre-implementation Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Property,					
	plant and equipment - post-implementation with outstanding debt for original purchase	Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation with outstanding debt for original purchase		-		
Notes 12 and 19	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation without outstanding debt for original purchase	Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation without outstanding debt for original purchase		77,937		63,884
Notes 12 and 19	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Construction in progress	Construction in progress		13,990		7,302
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use assets, net	Lease right-of-use asset, net	-		-	
n/a	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of- use asset pre-implementation	Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation		-		-
n/a	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of- use asset post-implementation	Lease right-of-use asset post-implementation		-		-
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Goodwill	Intangible assets		1,689		2,243
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Post-employment and pension liabilities	Post-employment and pension liabilities		139,108		402,784
Notes 19 and 20	Statement of Financial Position - Note Payable and Line of Credit for long-term purposes (both current and long term) and Line of Credit for Construction in process	Long-term debt - for long term purposes	84,000		84,000	
Note 20	Statement of Financial Position - Note Payable and Line of Credit for long-term purposes (both current and long term) and Line of Credit for Construction in process	Long-term debt - for long term purposes pre-implementation		84,000		84,000
Notes 19 and 20	Statement of Financial Position - Note Payable and Line of Credit for long-term purposes (both current and long term) and Line of Credit for Construction in process	Long-term debt - for long term purposes post-implementation		-		
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Note Payable and Line of Credit for long-term purposes (both current and long term) and Line of Credit for Construction in process	Line of Credit for Construction in process		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset liability	Lease right-of-use asset liability	-		-	
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset liability pre- implementation	Pre-implementation right-of-use leases		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset liability post- implementation	Post-implementation right-of-use leases		-		
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Annuities	Annuities with donor restrictions		-		-
n/a Statement of Financial Position and Changes in Reserves	Statement of Financial Position - Term endowments Statement of Financial Position - Life Income Funds	Term endowments with donor restrictions Life income funds with donor restrictions		-		5,127
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Perpetual Funds	Net assets with donor restrictions: restricted in perpetuity		4,833		-
Statement of Comprehensive	Total Expenses and Losses Statement of Activites - Total Operating Expenses (Total from Statement of	Total expenses without donor restrictions - taken directly from		395,612		349,822
Income and Expenditure Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	Activities prior to adjustments). Statement of Activities non-Operating (Investment return appropriated for spending), Investments, net of annual spending gain (loss), Other components of the periodic periodic costs, Persion-challed Changes other than net periodic pension, changes other than net periodic pension, Change in value of split interest agreements and other gains (loss) - (Total from Statement of Activities prior to agreements and of the gains (loss) - (Total from Statement of Activities prior to agreements and other gains (loss) - (Total from Statement of Activities prior to agreements and other gains (loss) - (Total from Statement).	Statement of Activities Non-Operating and Net Investment (loss)		(302,750)		(3,778)
Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	adjustments) Statement of Activites - (Investment return appropriated for spending) and Investments, net of annual spending, gain (loss)	Net investment losses		(361)		(8,819)
n/a	Statement of Activities - Pension related changes other than periodic pension	Pension-related changes other than net periodic costs		-		-
Statement of Financial Position	Modified Net Assets Statement of Financial Position - Net assets without donor restrictions	Net assets without donor restrictions		325,406		6,854
and Changes in Reserves Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - total Net assets with donor restrictions	Net assets with donor restrictions		4,833		5,127
and Changes in Reserves Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Goodwill	Intangible assets		1,689		2,243
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note	Secured and Unsecured related party receivable	-			
n/a	disclosure Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note	Unsecured related party receivable		-		
	disclosure Modified Assets					
Stement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Total Assets	Total Assets		690,717		630,065
n/a	Note of the Financial Statements - Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of- use asset pre-implementation	Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation		-		-
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Lease right-of-use asset liability pre- implementation	Pre-implementation right-of-use leases		-		
Statement of Financial Position	Statement of Financial Position - Goodwill	Intangible assets		1,689		2,243
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note disclosure Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note.	Secured and Unsecured related party receivable	-		-	
n/a	Statement of Financial Position - Related party receivable and Related party note disclosure Net Income Ratio	Unsecured related party receivable		-		
Statement of Changes in	Statement of Activities - Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions		318,553		24,288
Reserves Statement of Comprehensive	Statement of Activities - (Net assets released from restriction), Total Operating	Total Revenue and Gains		411,037		369,253
Income and Expenditure	Revenue and Other Additions and Sale of Fixed Assets, gains (losses)					